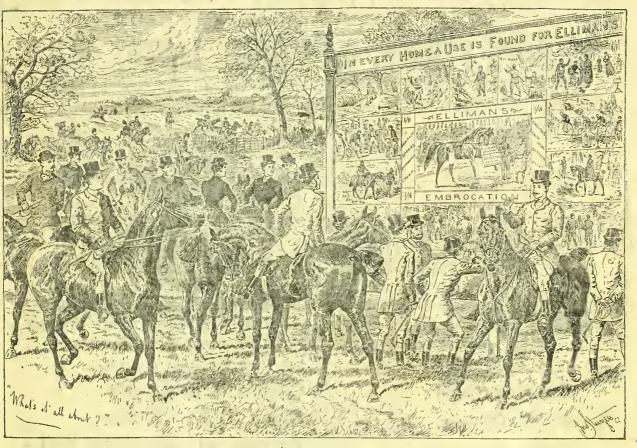
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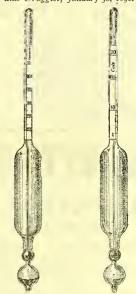
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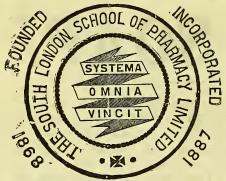
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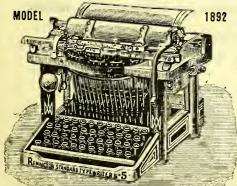
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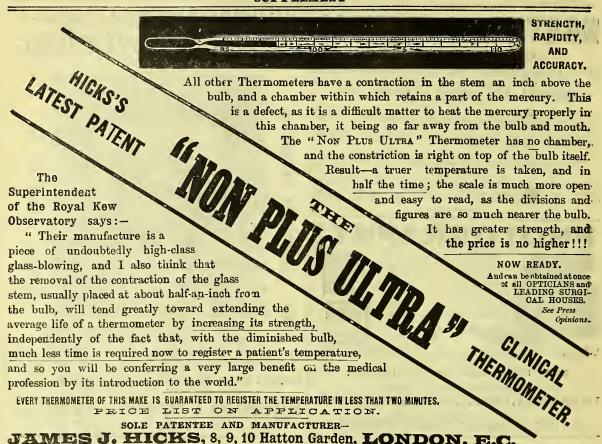
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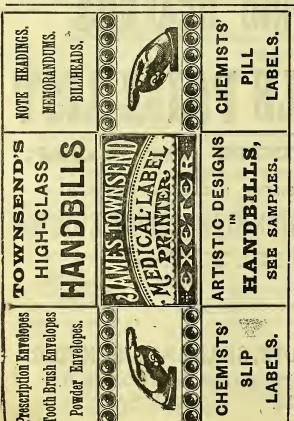
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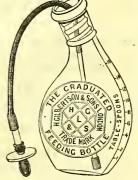
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SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1892.

Partnerships.
Situations Vacant.
Situations Wanted.
Miscellaneous.

A Copy of this Supplement is inserted in every number issued of "The Chemist & Druggist."

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CHEMIST'S Business for dieposal, in Berkshure market town; old-established, genuine concern; Prescribing, Dispensing, and usual Retail, and Horse and Cattle Medicines returns about £700. price £350, part could remain; great scope for increase. J. P., Office of The CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

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A N old-established Business in leading thoroughfare, North London; one of a very few capable of great extension; convenient house, large garden; long lease; low reut; in the hands of an energetic man returns, £450, could be doubled; price £375, or by arrangement. For particulars, letters, N. Costyn, 39 Burnington Road, W.

£350 Good-class, select Retail, Dispensing, and Prescribing Business, country; returns about £600, net pront £240; a bangain; shop well stocked and splendfully fitted; good house, on long lease; price to an immediate cash purchaser £500. "Mag. Cit," little of The Chemist and Dbuggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.O.

WEST OF ENGLAND.—An old-tstablished Business, conducted by present owner for nearly 40 years; retiring; good class family trade; market town; returns £1,40; no goodwill asked; valuation of stock and fixtures will secure it; estimated at £1,00; to £,200. "Carbon," Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Canbon Street, E.C.

SOUTH COAST.—For immediate disposal, the oncleus of a business; good opportunity for energetic Chemist; o, enung for Dentistry; premises also for disposal, purchase optional, hat purchase money for which can remain on nortgage; come and see; owner wishing to quit the trade. "Senior," 4 Lower Clarence Terrace, Silverhill, Sr. Leonards.

### BUSINESSES FOR DISPOSAL-Continued.

Retail, Prescribing Business, with Wines and Spirits; returns have averaged £1,900 for last 3 years; handsomely fitted; good stock; large house. Address, N. M., 62 Ore-cent Road, Reading.

CLD-ESTABLISHED Business, with valuable Proprietaries: corner shop, in main thoroughfare; returns £600; capable of great extension; fulled investigation invited; rent low; good house; long lease could be had. Price, with full particulars, on application to H. Lavender, 11 Cuvcudish Road, Rotton Cars, Birmingham.

London, W., in select residential locality.—First-class Retail and Dispensing Business; returns last year almost £1,000 rapidly increasing; very handsome pharmacy; first-class position; price £800; rent £100, the whole of which can be cleared by letting, if desired. West, Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street. E.O.

CLD-ESTABLISHED ready money Light Retail, Dispensing, and Pre-cribing Business in small busy market town; offered on account of illness; last year's returns nearly £600; very little opposition; price £350; good house and premises; moderate rental; an offer would be considered. "Spero," Office of The Ohemist and Druggist, 42 Cannou Street, E.O.

Business; increasing; main road, near sea; established 4 years; well-stocked, nicely-fitted shop; comfortable house, long lease, rental low; capital required about £400; satisfactory reasons for disposal; no agents. Apply, A. J., care of Messrs Wright, Layman & Umney, 50 Southwark Street London, S.E.

£2,500 returns; Yorks; population 15,000; almost unopposed; general Retail and Prescribing; well suited for two pushing men, who could much increase returns; it is seldom that such an opportunity presents itself, as this is thoroughly genuine, and will bear close investigation. Apply, F. J. Brett, Valuer, 60 St. Stephen's Road, Leicester.

WO Businesses for immediate disposal, both under management, One in London; returns £759, with good prices; £600 required, half of which could remain. The other in Sussex, country town on main line; good residence; large garden; price £400. Each capable of considerable increase under principals. "Ambo," Office of The Ohemist and Dhuggist, 42 Canner Street, £0

ENUINE Retail Drng Business for sale; established 20 years ago by present proprietor, who is retiring from retail; long lease, as lock-up shop, or with honse; 10 mlnutes from London Bridge, Surrey side; thickly populated; very brick ready-money drug trade, with two or three good proprietary lines. Address, "Practical Chemiat," Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Carron Street, E.C.

Genuine small Business in vicinity of London (30 minutes from City by roll); good residential neighbourhood; no opposition; Dispensing Preveribing, and own specialities; full prices throughout, including patents; would suit a gentleman accustomed to a good class of customers. Full particulars from S.W., Office of The Obernst and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

For immediate disposal, a genuine Concern (catablished over 20 years); Retail, Prescribing, Dispensing, and profitable Proprietaries; long lease; returns over £600; good house; low rent; populous neighbourhood, and well situated on the G. W. Railway (main line). For particulars, address "Medico," e/o Messrs. Battley & Watta, 2 Whitecross Street, Oripplegate, London.

OTTINGHAMSHIRE.—For disposal a small Retail and Prescribing Business, situated a few miles from Nottingham; the shop is splendidly fitted up and fairly well stocked; no opposition whatever; valuation low; capital business being done; this business would tuit one just commencing with a small capital; will be sold at a pacrifice to effect a speedy sale. Address "Menthor," Office of The Chemist and Daugelsh, 42 Cannon Street, E.O.

### BUSINESSES WANTED.

3s 6d. for fifty words; 6d. for every 10 words beyond.

ENTAL practice or partnership wanted, in town or country, by a Su-geon (30) with experience in Dentistry; no objection to drag business in connection. Give full particulars to "Surgeon," Office of The Onemist and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street EC.

ANTED, immediately, in or near London, a reliable Retail and Dispensing Business, returning about £1,000 a year, advertiser is prepared to pay cash up to £1,150, and can find good security for more if required; references exchanged. "Major," c/o Chemist, 94 St. Mary's Road, Walthamstow, Essex.

#### FOR SALE.

3s. 6d. for fifty words; 6d for every 10 words beyond.

o young men connecting business and Chemists refitting.—To be sold, by private treaty, those handsome Spanish mallogany fixtures at the shep. 225 Oxford Street, lately occupied by John Wild and formerly by Mr. Louis Sielo'd. For particulars apply to John Wild, 307 Oxford Street, Manchester.

### TO LET.

3s. 6d. for fifty words; 6d. for every 10 words beyond,

SHOP and Basement to be Let in the Oity, in Cornhill and the Ponltry; rents £250 and £282; suitable for a chemist optician, &c. Apply to Mr. I. Stopher, Estate Agent, 5 Birebin Lane, Oornhill,

Lambeth, in which a Chemist's Business has been earried on for the last 50 years; no premium. Apply to Mr. R. W. Seobell, 25 Bucklershury.

DISPENSARY Premises, completely fittel, newly decorated and repaired, in commanding corner position at Notting Hill, to be Let or Sold; excellent opening for medical man. Full particulars of the Sole Agents, Messrs. S. & H. Grant & Co., 6 Lower Notting Hill Terrace, W.

be let or sold, with steam-boilers equal to driving steam-engine 500-h.p., to which can ho added 1,000-h.p. more of boilers if required; there is a plant capable of working from 10 to 15 tops of tartar per week, and 30 pipes of lemon-juice, with room for exteusion, with the advantage of steam for ovaporation and driving power free of cost; if plant is not wanted, premises with steam power can be taken separately. Apply, by letter, to B., Mcsmrs J. Beal & Son, East Street, Brighton.

### SITUATIONS OPEN.

38. 6d. for fifty words; 6d. for every 10 words beyond.

UALIFIED Assistant as Dispenser, at once. Apply, Judd & Co., Learnington.

T once, Junior Assistant, accustomed to good-class country trade. E. H. Dyer, Pharmacist, Honiton.

SSISTANT, from 21 to 25, for Light Retail and Dispensing business.
Bushby & Son, 41 Stockport Road, Manchester.

ANTED, qualified Assistant; indoors. Apply, stating usual particulars, to Gaulter, 6 West Street, Fleetwood, Lancs.

SSISTANT wanted immediately for Dispensing and Light Retail business; qualified; incoors. P. H. Llewellyn, 4 Victoria Terraec, West Brighton.

N Assistant; about 23; ontdoors; Light Family, Retail, and Dispensing. Apply, with full particulars and photo, to C. R. Sharman, Chomist, Gravesend.

ANTED immediately, an Assistant for first-class Dispensing Business; qualified; indoors. Address, "Ryle," o/o Messrs. Evans, Sons & Co., Liverpool.

SSISTANT, with experience of Laboratory and Buying departments in Wholesale Drug trade; 25 to 30. By letter to A. C., 66 Dresden Road, Hornsey Lane, N.

ANTED, a competent Assistant (outdoors) for a good-class Retail and Dispensing business. Apply, with full particulars, to George Gange, Enfield Town, N.

N Assistant, of good experience, about 25. Apply, with usual partioulars, to W. R. O., c/o Messrs. Hearon, Squire & Francis, 38 Southwark Street, London, S.E.

QUALIFIED Assistant, for good country husiness, aged not under 25. Full particulars to G. W, c/o Meggeson & Co., Miles Lane, Upper Thames Street, London.

QUALIFIED Assistant (indoors). Apply, with full particulars, enclosing carte (to be returned), to W. Coleman, Chemist, Worcester Street, Wolverhampton.

CILES, SCHACHT & CO. require a Junior, chiefly for Laboratory work; must have served in a good Dispensing husiness; salary 430. Ser d full particulars to Oliston, Bristol.

ULY 20.- Wanted, Junior Assistant; one just out of his time, with exterience in Country Mixed Business. Send photo, and state salary and reference to Johnson Cripps, Reepham, Norfolk.

## SITUATIONS OPEN—Continued.

MPROVER.—Wanted, a stendy young man in Light Retail and Dispensing Susiness. State age, height, experience, and full particulars to A. Hili, Ohemist, Winchcomb Street, Cheltenbam.

Sim; must be thoroughly up to analytical Laboratory in large Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

C. POTTAGE, Homosopathic Chemist, 117 Princes Street, Edinhurgh, is in want of an active and obliging Assistant (outdoors); state salary, with references; a knowledge of Homosopathy is not

COMPETENT Assistant, well able to Dispense; about 23 years of age; also an Improver or Junior; capital opportunities for experience. Send full particulars, with carte, to J. Jewell, 151 London Road, Liverpool.

ANTED, for a Oity Branch, beginning of September, a qualified Manager (ontdoors); must have City experience. Apply by letter, with full particulars, to "Beta," e/o Messrs. Horner & Sons, Mitre Square, Aldgate, E.

THOROUGHLY qualified experienced man wanted as Manager or Partner in a country business in the West of England; good terms to a suitable man. Apply, "Fides," Office of The Chemist and Druggier, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

RUG AND DRYSALTERY.—Wanted immediately, an experienced and steady man to travel 3 or 4 days a week; remaineer of time indoors. Apply, giving full particulars of salary and references in first letter, to Hy. S. Hogg, Ulverston.

ATAL.—Competent Assistant; qualified preferred, but not essential; from 20 to 25 years of age; 3 years' agreement; passage paid. For full particulars apply, Export Department, S. Maw, Son & Thompson, Ablersgate Street, London, E.C.

QUALIFIED Assistant; aged 25; a pushing, energetic, gentlemany business man; able to take charge of new Branch when required; business mixed; exceptionally good references essential. State salary (ontdoors), Gibson, Burton on-Trent.

ART-TIME.—Assistance wanted evenings, in return for lodging, a part board, and small salary; suit a medical student who has passed the Minor; comfortable home; good references necessary. "Chemist," 511 Fulhum Road, S.W., past Walham Green.

OUALIFIED Assistant, aged 25 to 30, able to take charge of New Branch when required. Apply, stating salary (outdoors), references, and the usual particulars, to John Taylor, Chennet, Rochdale. Applications not answered in 3 days declined.

penser, used to a high-class trade, qualified, and having had good experience; good solary and a comfortable home to a suitable gentleman. Applicants please forward photos (returnable).

THE ESSES. BAKER & WRIGHT. Cheimsford, have vacancy for AND good Minor; 3 and apprentica kept. Please furnish tuli particulars of salary required (indoors), details of experience, age, height, when disagged, and if possible C.D.V., to be returned.

ANTED, qualified Assistant as Maniager for chemist's widow in light Retail business; must be first-class Dispenser and Prescricer.

Apply with full particulars, enclosing photo and references with salary required (indoors), to Mrs. Dolman, Cheltenham.

SSISTAN'T (nudoors) for good Country Retail and Dispensing; salary £40 per annum; good counterman, and obliging. Apply, stating age, experience, height, and enclosing carte (to be returned), to John Gilling, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Saffrer Walden.

R. STAMP, Hampstead, N.W., will have a vacancy early in Joly for a quantiled man as Assistant; 3 kept; must have been accustomed to good-class trade; comfortaine home, good salvry, and short hours; if possible, enclose photo, which will be duly returned.

MMEDIATELY (for Ostend).—II. A. do Cock, Pharmacie Centrale, 16 Bue des Sœurs Blanches, Ostend, is in immediate want of an Assistant, with a knowledge of English and Garman, and (preferably) with some acquaintance with French; send photo. Address as above.

QUALIFIED Assistant wanted, for Dispensing business in firstclass London cuburb; two kept; obstainer preferred. Please state full particulars and salary required (indoors), and read photo (to be returned), to Ph.G.," c/o Messre Hearon & Co., 38 Southwark street, S.E.

ANTED, in good growing Wildlesale Drug and Essence trade to the country, an active Partner with at least £1,000, with view to altimate purchase; must be a connecent Traveller; principals only. Apply, "Opal," Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

A N Assistant (indoors), about 21 years of age, accustomed to a Country husiness. State full particulars as to age, salary, experience, with reference, to H. Barton, Pharmaccutical Chemist, St. Ives, Hunts.

OUTDOORS.—Wanted, a Qualified Assistant as Third Dispenser; also a Junior (one from the country preferred). Apply, with full particulars, to J. K. Matterson, 108 New Oxford Street, W.C.

ULY 8, Junior Assistant, with Country experience; about 21; one used to small Wholesale and Agricultural business preferred. Salary required, photo, age, height, and references, to Fred J. Oliver, Obemist, Maldstone.

N active Assistant (indoors) where others are kept, in a first-class Dispensing and Mixed Country business; easy hours; healthy locality: state ago, height, salary required, and when disengaged; enclose photo. Dixon, Chemist, East Grinstead.

RANCE, BIARRITZ.—At once, a good English Assistant, well up in his hushness; in application please state age, salary required, where last employed, experience, whother qualified, and length of engagement desired. Apply by letter to London Disponsary, Place St. Eugénie 19, Biarritz.

ARRIED Assistant wanted, not necessarily qualified, to reside at pharmacy; young and good Dispenser; character must hear strictest investigation; no encumbrances. Apply by lettor first, staring age, salary, experience, and references, to "Camera," 27 London Rond, Croydon.

B. PARE, Chemist Bolton, requires 3 qualified Managers sulted to Lancashire business (married); 3 good Prescriber and Tooth Extractors. Torms: salary £84 free house with gas, rates, and water, and 5 per cent. on net profit. Permanent and improving to good men.

N Assistant for good Country Retall business; hours 8 to 8; Thursdays 8 to 4; Saturdays 8 to 10.30; no Sunday duties; comfortable home; time for study if required; state ago, height, salary required, references. &c.; enclose photo (to be returned). W. Wilkerson, Victoria House, Rushden, North Hants.

GENTLEMAN of good address and business babits (must be a neat and reliable Dispensor) for a Light Retail and Dispensing business. W. Write, enclosing carte (which will be returned), and full particulars, length of time in last attention, enlary expected, W. T. M., c/o blesses. Meggeson, Upper Thames Street.

ANTED immediately, active Junior Assistant, who can be well recommended for a quick light good class Retail and Dispensing Business; Senior kept; good hours, with weekly half-heliday; 2 hours, duty alternate Sunday evenings. Apply, with full particulars, to Messrs Jno. Cross & Co., Ploncer Drug Store, Reading.

Touce, smart Counterman (indoors); Branch, N.W.; liberal terms to anyone seeking permanency, and having experience of brisk Cash business; must be able to take charge in absence of manager: Apply, stating full particulars, to H., Mosers. Hodgkinson & Co., 101 Whitecross Street, E.C. Also vacancy for competent Disponsor.

RANCH MANAGER. - An energetic qualified man wanted early:
must have been used to pushing business; store trade; one
desiring permanency; able to extract teach and prescribe. Apply, with
reforences (photo if convenient), stating age, whether matrice, when at
liberty, and salary expected (outdoore), Secretary, Central Drug Oompaoy (Limited), Nowcastle, Staffordshire.

JUNIOR Assistant, outdoors, of good address and appear wee, for AA a select Branch Pharmacy under manager, required the beginning of August for the season; must be a next and accurate Dispenser. Apply, giving references, stating weekly salary required, and enclosing photo (to be returned), to R. Hayton Davis, Pharmacust, High Harrogate.

DVERTISER requires a steady, honest, qualified married man to manage Branch business on South Coast, for permanency; reliable testimonlate required; onfurnished how e of 6 roots; salary 30s to commence; if able to add Photography or Dentistry mutual terms arranged, Hants, care of Barclay & Sons. 95 Farringdon St., London, E.C.

ERMAN E OSPITAL, Dalston.—The appointment of Second Dispenser becoming vacant on July 23, candidates are requested to send in their applications and testimoniats as to qualification and character to the undersigned on or before Wednesday, the 13th of July: the salary, besides board and lodging, commences at £36 per annum, and will be increased if the candidate appointed gives satisfaction. H. Gülich, Hon. Secretary.

COTS, who do a large, quick Cash Chemists' business, and have over 20 branches in Manchester, Sheffield, Nottingham, Lincoln Derhy, trimsby, Burton on Trent, &c., have from time to time vacancies for first-class quantied Assistants in either sharp town trade (no heavy oils, &c.) in good class Dispensing, or in Agricultural trade, and will be glad to receive names of suitable men who are open to treat for permanent situations, affording every prospect to men of capacity of eventually having the management of large and important branches; must be energotic, trustworthy, and have several years' good re erercos; young men preferred capable of taking management of a branch if required; no Sunday or night duty; full half-holiday weekly. State aga and experience, references, and salary required (outdoors) to Boots (Limited), Nottingham,

72

### SITUATIONS OPEN-Continued.

ST, PANCRAS.—Dispenser required, for the Infirmary at Dartmouth Park Hill, Highgate, N.W.; salary £100 per annum, rising by £10 annually to £12), with dinner daily; candid stes must be Licentlates of the Apothecarles' Company of London, or must have passed a Major or Minor examination of the Pharm centrical Society of Great Britain. Applications (to be made on forms to be obtained at this office), accompanied by not more than 4 testimonials of recent date, to be forwarded to me by Wednesday, the 6th July, and candidates should attend a meeting of the Guardians to be held on Friday, the 8th July, at 4 30 P.M., at the Infirmary, Dartmouth Park Hill, but no travelling or other expenses will be allowed.

Vestry Hall, Panoras Road, N.W., ALFRED A. MILLWARD, Olerk.

#### SITUATIONS WANTED.

1s, for twelve words; 6d. for every six words beyond.

UNIOR; agod 20; 4 years' experience. "Fides," 1 Oxford Placo,

IMPROVER (20); country preferred. A. D., Fern Cottage, Penn, Amersham, Bucks.

TEMPORARY; disengaged July 12th to 23rd. Harold, Mr. Cole, Chemist, Leatherhead.

A SSISTANT; Wholesale or Retall; ; ? to years' experience. Clap-; ham, Oranswick, Huth,

JUNIOR (19), 5 ft.  $6\frac{1}{2}$  im, in good basiness; abstainer. Davis, c/o Tudor, Chemist, Brecon.

OCUM-TENENS: disengaged July 8; qualified; ighest references. 20 The Brittox, Devizes.

A SSISTANT; aged 25; good Counterman and Dispenser. J. Horne, 4 Swau Hill, Shrewsbury.

AS Dispenser to Surgeon, or as Junior. Warrick, 50 Tillingham Street, Sparkbrook, Birmingham.

DISPENSER; whole or part time; good references. Richards, 36 Dalherg Road, Brixton.

A SSISTANT; qualified; aged 23; West or N.W. preferred. 15 Trinity Street, Borough.

LOCUM or Manager; temporary or permanent; qualided; disengaged. East Lynne, Llandudno.

UNIOR Dispenser; London; aged 20; height 5 ft. 6 in.; good references. A. P., The Limes, Mertnyr.

TEMPORARY; qualified; highest references. Frank Hoad, 27 Grosvenor Road, Thubridge Wells.

MANAGEMENT or Temporary; disengaged July 18; married, no chindren. 297 High Street, Poplar.

CUM TENENS; disengaged; good Extractor; aged 25. "Roger, Z Horton Street, Lewisnam.

INOR; married; agod 26; 10 years' Loudan and country experiouce. Skelton, Tillinguam, Essex.

OCUM Assistant; qualified; disengaged; low terms. B. U., 55 Adolphus Street, Deptford, London.

A SSISTANT; 23; indoors; experienced; disengaged. W. H. Wilcook, 76 Oaldwell's Road, Penzance.

OCUM Assistant; experienced Dispenser; day, week, or month. "Minor," 65 Battersea Park Road, S.W.

B. P., 42 Trinity Square, Borough, London.

OCUM; experienced; 30; abstainer; highest references; disengaged. X,64 Kebie Road, Bootie, Liverpool.

OCUM, Dispenser to Surgeon, or otherwise; uzed 27; experienced, G. Michell, c/o W. Steeples, Chemist, Towey, Cornwall.

DISPENSING Assistant, aged 25, with Store experience. 90/3, Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.O.

A.S Junior; accustomed to good-class Retail and Dispensing business; good reference. "Bonus," 11 Childebert Road, Balham, S.W.

ANAGER; qualified; Tooth Extractor; married; London preferred. "Lapis," 3 Westgrove Terrace, The Point, Greenwich.

A SSISTANT (24); good references and experience; outdoors. Tovey, c/o Mr. Jones, 8 St. John's Road, Waterloo, Liverpool.

JUNIOR, aged 201. 5 ft. 10 ln., with good character, requires situation in high-class business. Maurice Smith, Len Farm, Kidderminster.

A SSISTANT, Senior (26); Major qualification; highest references. 90/1, Omet of The Ohemet and Deugens, 42 Cannon Street, E.O.

A SSISTANT; 7 years' good Dispensing experience and select Retail; 23, 5 feet 7½ inches. "Kino," 15 Paimerston Street, Stoke, Devon.

RAVELLER.—Young man seeks re-ongagement; good address; connection. J. M. A, care of Mr. Hind, Chemist, Clerendon Park, Leigester.

A SSISTANT or Locum: at liherty July 8; West-end preferred; abstainer; 6 ft. 2 in.; 24; qualified; references. Retidlack, 45 Wignore Street.

SSISTANT or Manager; 12 years' experience; aged 23; married; outdoors. "Lex," Office of The Ohemist and Dauggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

ANAGER or Senior; qualified; married; good Prescriber, Dispenser; 19 years' experience; good references. Dawson, 23 High Street, Leamington.

ANAGER or otherwise; outdoors; married; permanency; qualified; over 20 years' good experience. M. S. G., 63 Wolseley Road, Lowfields, Sheffield.

ISPENSER; Surgeon or Chemist; part-time or otherwise; Halt qualification; outdoors; City experience. "Antipyrin," 42 Trinity Square, London, S.E.

UNDRIES.—Gentleman wishes to enter Sundry house; young; good references. 61/11. Office of Time Chemist and Dauggist, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

TISPENSER; experienced; Major; outdoors; 9 years' experience; excellent references. 90/34, Onice of The Chemist and Druggist, 42 Cannon Street, B.C.

S Assistant, in good-class Retail and Dispensing ousiness (outdoors); married. Address stating salary, hours, do., "Ohemist," 41 Lower Cathedral Road, Cardiff.

IGHT PORTER.—G. Obeetham, Obemist, Louth, wishes to recemmend young man (age i 21) as above; has been in advertiser's service six years; wages moderate.

A SSISTANT; Prescribes, Extracts; married; aged 35; 3 years' last situation; permanency; unqualified. 4 Woodland View, Arboretum Avenue, Lincoln.

SITUATION wanted in Drug Trado; Wholosale preferred; experienced; aged 29; permanency. "Opopouax," Young Mewis Christian Association, Leicester.

Ohemist or Surgeon —A quick and accurate Dispenser; disengaged till 2.30 r.m. and after 5 r.m.; 14 years' experience; highest references. O., 98 Sandmerc Road, Clapham, S.W.

ISENGAGED July 16th; first-class Store and Dispensing experience in England and America; good counterman; highest references. Colson, 6 St. John's Road, Upper Holloway, N.

S Locum-Tenens during next two or three weeks: Minor; aged 34; references. Please state all particulars, to save time. "Extractor," Office of The Chemist and Dadogist, 42 Umnou Street, E.C.

ANTED, by a Chemist, who has been Manager of Drug department in a large store in London, a similar position, or to manage a business, on store lines. "Chemicus," 68 Paulet Road, Camberwell, S.E.

ANAGEMENT of cash business wanted by qualified man, at a thoroughly experienced in such; aged 34; first-class references; disengaged. Roberts, Office of The Chemist and Druggist, 42; Cannon Street, E.O.

SITUATION wanted as Bookkeeper, Foreign Correspondent, or to travel abroad; French, Spanish, German, Italian, and some knowledge of English; 3 years' experience; excellent references. E. Haenni, 172 Hampstead Road, Loadon, N.W.

Goluble Essence Manufacturers and Essential Oil Importers.—A gentleman, calling on Mineral Water Makers, Confectioners, and Chemists, is open to commission; ground, South Coast and Scotland, "Caramel," Office of THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, 42 Cannon Street, E.C.

N experienced Merchant, many years Commercial Manager of one of the largost Chemical Works in Germany, starting for his own account at Hamburg, wants to act as Buying and Selling Agent for a large English house; is thoroughly acquainted with all Gorman sources and outlets, and at disposal a well-conducted Chemical Laboratory; sufficient moral and pecuniary security. None but first-rate houses need apply, by letter, to H. C. 05511, c/o Haasenstein & Vogler, A.G., Hamburg.

### SITUATIONS WANTED-Continued.

UNIOR; aged 29; disengaged; 3 years West end. F., 6 Bristol La Gardens, W.

UNIOR, aged 21; time for reading; outdoors proforred. Hughes, 165 Gray's Inn Road.

OCUM-TENENS; 35; qualided; reliable; disengaged. "Minor," 8 Castlo Street, East, W.

S Bottler and Finisher; aged 20; Loudon; outdoors. "Pulv.," 162 Waterloo Road, S.W.

OCUM-TENENS: disengaged for few weeks prior to going into business: 17 years' first-class experience. 'Qualified," 532 King sland Road, N.E.

DVERTISER is desirons of travelling for Wholesale Druggist; 6 years' experience in America; passed two examinations; uged 22. years; salary moderate to start; good references. Address, W. C. G., 124 Mercers Road, Holloway, London.

### APPRENTICESHIPS.

3s. 8d. for fifty words; 6d. for every 10 words beyond.

Theree, Apprentice in a good-class light business (indoors), or an improver who will take board in lien of salary; enclose photograph. Apply, S. O. M'Kee, The New Pharmacy, 105A High Street, Tunstall, Staffs.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

Special charges are made for Advertisements under this heading which can be obtained on application.

PRITISTRY. — Mechanical Dentistry. — All kinds executed with promptitude and despatch; repairs same day; moderate charges; price list free. Wheeler & Oc., Manufacturing Dentists, 20 Compton Street, Brunswick Square, W.C.

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SYNDICATE desire to negotiate with proprietors of wollestablished Patents or Proprietary Articles (only those fulfilling this description will be considered) for arranging a plan of developing the sale and improving the properties. Address, "Obemieus," c/o O. E. Mould, Esq., 86 and 87 Strand, W.C.

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STUDENTS! Write to-day for a "Guide to Examination," gratis and post free, giving the best advice how to prepare. Knotty Points in Latin Grammar, 1s. 6d.; Caear Simplified, 1s.; Metric System Simplified, 1s.; How to write an Essay, 3d.; Equations Simplified, 1s.; Student's Herbarium, 100 specimens, 7s. 6d., post free. Mr. J. Pully (Hill's Prizeman), Chemiet, Hastings.

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# THE "CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST" SUMMER ISSUE, 1892.

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Full particulars on application to

THE PUBLISHER, 42 Cannon Street, LONDON, E.C.

Printed by Spottiswoons & Co., New-street Square and Published at the Office, 42 Cannon Street, in the City of London, -July 2, 1892.

of Appointment

to Her Majesty

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The PUREST and the BEST.

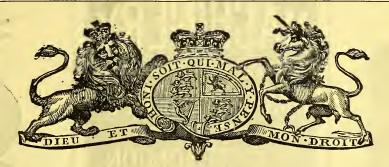
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IDRIS SODA WATER. Brilliant, Pungent, and Sparkling.

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5 8 pint. 9/11 15/6 each. 3 7/ 6/2 5/6 8/ Including two funnels and stopper for charging.

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Metallic contamination of the waters utterly impossible. V scientific opinions. Vide The Lancet, 30 April, 1890, and other

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1881 1882	540 615	None 3#
1883	708	5

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CHEMISTS & HOSPITALS

# STRENGTHENED AND SUPPORTED BY THE APPROBATION OF THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

Year 1884 1885 1886	No. of Members 908 1,193 1,463	Dividend 6 8
1887	1,612	71
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1890 <b>1891</b>	2,088 <b>2163</b>	10%

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This Company manufactures the various descriptions of Mineral Waters of the highest class and of specified formula, and supplies ONLY Chemists and Hospitals.

PRICES.													
					7	In Corke						In Corke	d In Syphone.
Carbenate	d Water					Bots.	Syphons.	Lime Juice		_		1/-	2/6
Boda	39		Frains to	Half-Pint	**	1/-	1/6	Ginger Ale		=		- 1/-	2/6
Soda	31	B.P. 15	))	,,,	••	1/-	1/6	Ginger Beer, Glass	••			<b>→</b> 1/-	2/6 2/6
Petash	99		***	**	0-0	1/-	1/6	Lithia, B.P., 5 grains to		•••	••	- 1/8	<b>E/O</b>
Petash Seltzer	**	B.P. 15	99	33		1/-	1/6 1/6	Iron and Quinine Water		••	-	1/6	
Lemonade			=		••	1/-	2/6	Mineral Acid	•• ••	••	••	<b>⊶</b> 1/0	
Syphons, 24s. per dezen. Cases—3 dozen 3s. 6d.; 4 dozen 4s. 6d.; 6 dozen 5s. 6d. each. Empties allowed for at same prices.													
3d. per dozen charged extra for the delivery of Syphons in London.													

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SAMPLE CASE OF WATERS SENT FREE.

Handbills with Name and Prices supplied gratis to Shareholders.

The Chemists' Aerated and Mineral Waters Association, Limited,

118

# DENAEYER'S

AND EXTRACT OF

BISHOPSGATE ST.



# PEPTONOIDS

MEAT COMPANY, LIM., WITHIN, LONDON, E.C.

"DENAEYER LONDON."

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See THE LANCET, May 2nd; HOSPITAL GAZETTE, June 5th; CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, April 16th; ANALYST, May 1st. upon Mr. Denaeyer's new method for the Analysis of Peptones, whereby the gelatine is capable of determination, whereas this body has hitherto been unavoidably included with peptone albumose by analysts.

Description will best be appreciated with the articles before you, therefore you are invited to send for a free sample of

DENAEYER'S STERILIZED PEPTONE OF MEAT (2/- per bottle, ready for use).

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MOST SUITABLE BASIS FOR QUININE AND OTHER MEDICATED WINES.

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Delicious and Nutritious Jelly. In 1-pint, 1-pint and Quart Boxes, 3d., 6d., and 1s. each.

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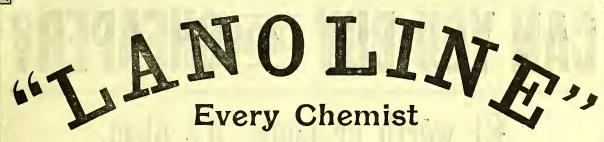
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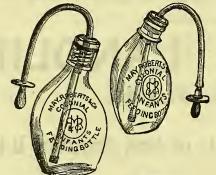
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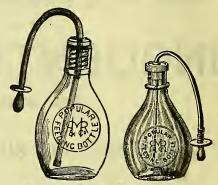
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Barrett, E. H.
Bratby & Hinchliffe (Lim.)
Busb, H. W., & Co.
Evans, Sons & Co.
Gibbertson, H., & Bons
Hearn, E. A., & Co.
Isaace & Co.
Johnsen & Jørgensen
Kilner Bros.
Lynoh, T., & Co. (Toilet)
Maw, S., Son & Thompson
Poths, H., & Co.
Shirley, A. W.
Tromgoon, Walters, Hole &
Co. (Lim.)
Toosgood, W. Brand Bottlee"
Vouldon. E.

BOXES Anetin & Co. (Cardboard) Evans, Sons & Co. Parmenter, I. W., & Co (Lim.) Robinson & Sons

BUNSEN BURNERS

BRUSHES Evans, Sons & Co. Kent, G. B. & Son BUTTER COLR, &c.
Boulton, J. & Co. (Lim.)
Hatrick & co. (Llm.)
Oldfield, Pattinson & Co.

CALENDARS Hildseheimer & rau CAMPHOR

Horst Bros.
Howards & Sone
Keene & Ashwell (Homeopathic)
May & Baker (Llm.)
Morrison, J., & Co.

Marrison, J., & Co.

CAPSULES

Denoual, J. (Modelmal)
Dunnan, Plockhart & Oo.

Evane, Sone & Co.

Hatrick & Co. (Lim.)
Hooper, B., & Co.
Maeon, C. E., & Co.
Richardson, John, & Co. (Leicester), Lim.

Roberteon, J., & Co.

CSCRA SAGRADA
Duncan, Flookharta Co.
Evans, Sons & Co.
Ferris & Co. | Moes, J., & Co CASTOR OIL
Allen & Hanbury [Fuerst Bros
Christy & Co. (Aromai: cum)
Greeff, B. W., & Co.
CATALOGUE

Maw, S., Son & Thompson Newbery, F., & Son Sanger & Sons' CHECK TILLS Patent Voucher Check Till Co. (Lim.)

CHEMICALS

CHEMICALS

Boehm, F.

Boehringer, C. F., & Sohns

Boulton, J., & Co. (Lim.)

Brumwell, E., & Sun.

Brumwell, E., & Sun.

Brunner, Mond & Co. (Lim.)

Fletcher Fletcher & Stevensos

Fnerst Bros.

Goodall, Backhouse & Co.

Greefi, E. W., & Co.

Hill, A. S., & Son

(Clarke

Howards & Sons (Pharm.)

Levermore, Ang., & Co.

Lothouse & Salumer

Lorenz, H.

May & Baker (Lim.)

Morris & Callard Moss & Co.

Tyrer, T., & Co.

Tyrer, T., & Co.

Washington Chemical Co.

Washington Chemical Co.

Washington Chemical Co.

Washington Chemical Co.

Withe, A., & Sone

Zimmermann, A. M.

CHEST PROTCTES Hockin, Wilson & Co. Liverpool Patent Lint Co. Lynch & Co. Maw, S., Son & Thompson Newbery, F., & Sons Pattleon, G. | Solport Broz. Thompson, Waiters, Hole & Ce.

CHLORODYNE Davenport (Browne's Towle, A. P. & Son

CHLRIDE OF LIME Government Sanitary Co. National Chemical Co.

FITRIO ACID Hassall & Co. (Phospho)

27

OHLOROFORM, &c.
Dunean, Flockhart & Co.
Dunean, Flockhart & Co.
Street, & W., & Co.
Street, & W., & Co.
Street, & W., & Co.
Street, & Co.
Wright, Layman & Umney
Simmermann, A. & H

COCAINE-HYDRO.
'Howards & Sons OCA WINB
Armbrecht, Nelson & Co.
Frensh Hygienle Soc.
Stephen Smith & Co. (Hall's)

GOCOA & CHOCLTE

COD-LIVER OIL Allen & Hanburys
Burronghs, Wellooms & Co.
Brean, Sons & Co.
Greaf, E. W., So Co.
Hockin, Wilson & Co.
Lothouse & Saltmer
Smith, T. J.
Woolley, Sons & Co. SOPPEE

Symington, T., & Oo. (Coffee)
Essence)
COLPSIELE TUBES

Batta & Co.

GOMP. MEDICINBS
Allen & Hanburys
Blyton, Astley & Co.
Burroughs, Wellsome & Co.
Fuerat Bros.
Hooper, B., & Co. | Lso & Co.
filoyd, T. ti., & Co.
Kishardson, J., & Co.
Wylsys (Lim.)

SONCENT. LIQS. Evans, Sons & Co.
Flatcher, Fletcher & Stevenson
Lloyd, T. H., & Co.
OMPECTIONERY

Byton, Astley & Co.
Gibson, R., & Sons
Guest, T., & Co.
Kerfoot, T. | Pascall, J
Lynch, T., & Co.
Sonthwell, C., & Co.
Warrisk Brothers CORN CURES

Pattison, G. Solport Bros. Solpor: Bros.

OTTON WOOL

Haynes, G., & Co. (Absorbent)
Robinson & Sons (Absorbent)
Sangar, J., & Sons
Seabury & Johnson [septics
Sedox, Absorbents, and Anti-

Graham, W., & Oo. Mumford, S. G.

Mumford, S. G.

DENTIPRICES

Barclay & Sons (Lim.)
(Kalodont)

Beecham, T.

Bronnley, H., & Cs,
Jewsbury & Brown

Lakeman, J. J.
Quelch, H., C.

Stevens, P. A.
Sintton, O., & Co.
Thompson & Capper
Warrick Brown

Wilsen, A.

Woods, W. (Areca Nut)

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Calvart, F. C., and Co.
Ellison, H.
Pletcher Bros. & Co.
Government Sanitary Co.
Grindley, M.

Mason, C. E., & Co.
National Chemical Co.
Sanitas Co.
Sanitas Co.
Sanitas Co.
Sanitas P.
Sanit DENTIPRICES

DOG MEDICINES Spratts Patent (Lim.)
DRUGGISTS' SUN.

Spratts Patent (Lim.)
DRUGGISTS' SUN.
Ayr'on & Saunders
Bailey, M., & Co.
Barciay & Sons (Limitsd)
Beanlette Co.
Bush, H. W., & Co.
Bush, B. Co.
Bush, Sons (Lim)
Growth H. & Sons (Lim)
H. & Sons (Lim)
H. & Co.
Kay Bros. (Lim.)
Lynch & Co.
Maw, S., Son & Thompson
May, B. Co.
Maw, S., Son & Thompson
May, B. Co.
Taylor, A. & Sons
Quelch, H. C.
Sanger & Sons
Spintzs & Co.
Taylor, A. & Co.
Thompson, Walters, Hole &
Triman & Son
Toogood W.
Wood, Vinsent Young, J.
DRUG CRIND BES
Jordan & Co.
DRUGG MILLS

DEUG MILLS

Barrongha, Wellcome & Co.

Berger, F.

AU DE COLOGNE
Farine, J. M.
Hockin, Wilson & Co. (Farina)
Martin, Maria (Nun)
Oscar, Mocnich & Co.

Darton, F., & Co.
Gent & Co.

Barton, S. Darton, F., & Co. Gent & Co. Orme & Co.

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Evans, Sons & Co.
Sanger & Son
Scriven, G.
BNGRAVERS
Barker, W., & Son
Corsan, J. R.

Barker, W., & Son Corsan, J. E.

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Boeket, W. | Berger, F.
Boehom, F.
Boulton, J., & Co.
Bratby & Hinchliffe (Lim.)
Burgoyne, Burbidges & Co.
Bratby & Hinchliffe (Lim.)
Burgoyne, Burbidges & Co.
Hay, W.
Idris & Co.
May & Baker (Lim.)
Newball & Mason
Oldfield, Pattlinson & Co.
Stevenson & Howell
Tyrer, F. (Anchovice)
Tyrer, F., (Anchovice)
Woolley, Sons & Co.

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BESENTIAL OILS
Berger, F.
Bush, W. J., & Co.
Clay, Dod & Co.
Cooking & Co. (Japan PsppsrOummock, M. J.
Dodge & Olcott
Evans, Sons & Co.
Haller, G., & Co.
Haller, G., & Co.
May & Baker (Llm.)
Poppelreuter, W.
Robert Frees
Sozio & Andrioli
Schlesinger, L.
Stevenson & Howell
Symes & Co.
Tombarel Freess
Treatt, R. C. ESSENTIAL OILS

Tombarel Freess
Treatt R. C
Vogt, C., & Co.
Warrick Bros.
Wright, Layman & Umasy
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Duncan, Flockhart & Co.
Howards & Sons
May & Baker (Lim.)
Robbins, J., & Co.
Tyrer, T., & Co.
White, A., & Sons
Woolley, Sons & Co.
Wright, Layman & Umnsy

Wright, Layman & Umnsy
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Downie B. I. P. Co.
Drysdale, J. W. & Co.
Evans, Lescher, & Webb
Victcher. Flatcher & StevenTasmanian Eucalyptus Oil
Co.

Co.
Son
Vogt G., & Co.

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Allen & Hanburys
Barber, G., & Co.
Burgoyne, Burbliges & Co.
Evans, Sons & Co.
Fletcher, Fletcher & Stevenson
Hearon, Squire & Francis
Hooper, B., & Co.
Lloyd, T., Howard & Co.
Moss & Co.
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Bush's Liquid Beef
Demacyer's Peptons and Extractof Meat Oo. (Lim.)
Idris & Co. | Liebig Co.
Liquor Carnis Co. (Lim.)
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Wyeth, J., & Brother

Mason, G., & Co. (Lim.)
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(Thermo Safe O.,
Harth, & Co.,
Harth, & Co.,
Harth, & Co.,
Harth, & Co.,
Korne, & Co.,
May Roherts & Co.,

Fortham, W. B., & Sons (Ld.)
Mayson, Swan & Weddell
Silleated Carbon Filtar Co.
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Pattison, G.

FLESH GLOVES
Pattison, G.
Pattison, G.
Pattison, G.
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Allen & Hanburys
Benger's Food
Brand & Oo.
Evans, Sons & Co.
Goodali, Backhouss & Oo.
Hearon, Squire & Fransis
Idra & Oo.
Liobig Coarnis Co. (Lim.)
Nosbig, H.
Purs Base Co.
Spiking & Co.

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Fnerst Bros.
Greeff, E. W., & Oo.
Lynch & Co.
Frice's Candle Co.
Taylor, A. J., & Co.

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CHILD

GUM

Fink & Co. (Arabis, &s.)
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Levermore, Aug., & Co.
Taylor, A.J., & Co.

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Anglo-American Drug Co.
(Lim.)
Chesebrough Mnfg. Co.
Edwards & Co.
Truefitt, H. P. (Lim.)
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Adams. B.

Adams, B.
Newbail & Mason
Oldfield, Pattinson & Co.
Payne & Co.
Potter & Clarke

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IIIK [SEE MARKING INKS] Bewley & Draper

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INSURANCE London and Lancashirs Firs Insurance Co.

KETCHUP Tyrer, P.

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Burroughs, Wellcome & Co LARD

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Liverpool Lint Co.
Maw, S., Son & Thompson
Newsome, C.
Robinson & Sons
Seabury & Johnson

Ewen, J., & Sons

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Ralmes & Co.
Warrick Bros.

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Leete, Edwards & Norman, Ld.
Melin, C. | Ohlson, A.
Pontifex & Wood (Lim.)
Werner & Pfeldarsr (Kneading and Sifting)

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Evans, Sons & Co.
Greeff, R. W., & Co.
Henry, T. & W. (Calsinsd)
Hill & Sons, A. S.
Karfoot, T. (Citrats)
Washington Chemical Co.

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Allen & Hanburys
Burroughs, Wellsoms & Co.
(Kepler's)
Drysdale & Co.
Hearon, Squire & Fransis
Raimes & Co.
Reade Bros. & Co. (Biscuits)
Bichardson. John, & Co. (Leicester), Lim.
Wyleys & Co.

MANICURE PREP. Dr. Paul's

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Barber, G., & Oo. (Orimeon)
Bond, Jobn (Crystal Palace)
(Ink and Pencils)
Perry & Oo. (Pencil)

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Day, Son & Hewitt (Veterinary)
Day & Sons (Veterinary)

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Shriev, Proprietor.
Cocking & Co.
Hockin, Wilson & Co.
Hockin, Wilson & Co.
Bong, Walters, Hols &
Co. (Lim)
Tyrer, P.

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Nestlé, H. (Condensad)

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Burrougha, We sllooms & Co.
Burrougha, W., & Co.
Newbery, E. & Sons(Ingluv'n)
Richards, J. M.
Stern, G. & Warmar & Co. (Ingluvin)
Wigra (Lilm)

MALTEXTRCT, 4c. | PEPPERMINT OIL Bush, W. J., & Co. | Cocking & Cocking

Sush, w. J., & Uo.

Cocking & Co.

Stevenson & Howell

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Barelay & Sons, Lim.

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Bondeau & Cle.

Bondeau & Cle.

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Fush, W., & Co.

Cavaliter Frères

Chosebrough Mnufstring Co.

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Evans, Co.

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Fuerst Bros. Jelly
Grindley & Co. (Jelly)
Haller, G., & Co.
Hatrick & Co. (Ld.) (Lncilling)
Snowdon, Sons & Co. (Jeny,

Snowdon, Sons & Co. (Jelly)

PHARM. PRBPS.
Allen & Hanburys
Barron, Harveys & Oo.
Battley & Watts
Berger, F. | Boehm, F.
Boenringer, C. F., & sonne
Boulton, J., & Co. (Lim.)
Bourton, W. & Woome & Co.
Duncan, E. & Woome & Co.
Duncan, Flockhart & Oo.
Ferris & Co.
Fletcher, Fletoher & Co.
Glies Schacht & Co.
Greeff, R. W., & Co.
Hearon, Squire & Fransis
Hewlett & Son
Howards & Sons
Jeyes Samitary Compounds Oo.
Keith & Co. (Conc. Tinctures
Kingsford & Co. (Conc. PHARM. PRBPS.

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Blackfriars Photographis Oc.
Blowlight & Grey
Datton, F., & Co.
Fallowfield, J.
Greef, R. W., & Co. (Lim.)
Houghton, G., & Sons
Howards & Son (Lim.)
Howards & Son (Lim.)
Howards & Son (Lim.)
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Tring, J., & Son
Vince, J., & Son
Vince, J., & Son
Vince, J., & Co.
White, Alfred & Sons
Zimmerman & Co.

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Niplett, G. W. Pindar, J. W. Toogood, W. (Coatsr) Werner and Pfieldsrsr

PILLS (Coated, &c.)
Allen & Hanburys
Anderston Apothecariss' Hall
Beecham, Thomas
Eade's Gout Pills Eade's Gout Pills byans, Sons & Co. Hearon, Squire & Francis Hill, A. S., & Son | Holloway's Lloyd, T., Howard & U., McKesson & Robbins Morison's Sons Nov Berson, J., & Co. Wand, S. (Pearl Costed) Warner, W., L. & Co. (Coated) Wyleys & Co. PLASTERS Evans, Sons and Co. Johnson and Johnson St. Dalmas, A. Seabury and Johnson

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Fast and Co.
Flesher, Raybould & Co,
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Silverlock, H. | Townsend, PUMILINE

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Boehringer, C. F., & Sohne
Greeff, R. W., and Co.
Howards and Sons
Zimmermann A. & M.

Stern, G. and G.

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Pharmacy (Lim.)
Liverpool School of Pharmacy
Loudon Homososthic and
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Manchester Col. of Pharmacy
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The School of Pharmacy
Westminster College

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SALT Stern, G. and G. (Pepsalia) SAUCES, PICKLES Goodaii, Backhouse and Co. Mason, G., and Co. (Lim.) Tyrer, P.

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Fordham, W. B., & Sons
(Lim.)
Geraut, E., & Co.
Lynch and Co.
May, Roberts and Co.
Thessier, E.

SHAVING Hovenden & Sons (Euxesis) Lloyd, Mrs. A. S. (Euxesis)

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Ayron and Saunders
Barciay and Sone (Lim.)
Bayley and Co.
Bayley and Co.
Biondeau and Co. (Vincila)
Bronnley, H., and Co.
Burroughs, Wellcome & Co.
Calvert, F. O., and Co.
Cook, E., and Co.
Fordham, W. B., & Sons (Ld.)
Jeyes' Sanitary C (mpounds Co.
Mulhens, F.
Fenra' Conp.
Frice, Napoleon, & Oo.
Wright, Layman & Umney SOAP

SPECTACLES Botwright and Grey Darton, F. and Co. Perken, Son and Rayment

SPONGES Cressweii Bros. & Schmits Evans, Sons and Co. Lawson, M. L. Peterson, M., and Co.

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STOPPERS Anstin and Co. (Sprinklers)
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Stiperdum Stopper Co,

STOVES Clark, S., and Co. Lim.) SUGAR Fietcher, Fletcher and Stevenson

Gibson, R., and Sons SUGAR OF MILE

Burroughs Bros. SULFONAL

Burroughs, Weilcome and Co. Greeff, R. W., and Co. May and Baker (Limited)

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Bailey, W. H., and Son
Barcley and Sons (Limited)
Cocking, J. T.
Harrison, T. H.
Haseltine
Haywood, J. H.
Krohne and Sesemann
Livernool, Petern. Krohne and Sesemann Liverpool Patent win. Co. Lindsey & Sons Maw, Son, & Thompson, 8. Powell & Barstow Quelch, H. C. Ricbardson, John, & Co. (Leicester), Lim.
Robinson and Sons Schutze, F. and Co. Schntze, F. and Co. Sedox, Absorbents, and Antiseptics

septics
Thompson, Walters, Hole and
Co. (Limited)
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Wood, Vincent SYPHONS

Barnett and Foster Bratby and Hinchliffe (Ld.) British Syphon Co. Fordham, W. B., & Sons (Lm.) Idris and Oo. Kilner Bros. Melin, C. Sohweppe, J., & Co. Thessier, E.

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Allens Hannurys (Chrisma)
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Burroughs, Welicome & Co.
(Lonside)
Des Oil Co. (Lim.)
Hovenden & Sons
Quelch, H. C.
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TRUSSES Bailey, W. H., and Son Evans, Sons & Co. Haywood, J. H. Lindsey & Sons Thompson, Walters Hole and Wood, V. [Co. (Lim.

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VASELINE Chesebrough Mannfetring Co. VETERINARY

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VINOLIA(Superf'tt'd) Blondeau and Co.

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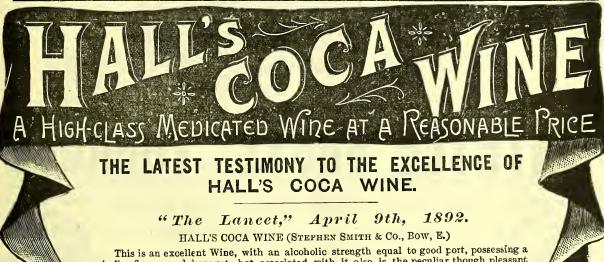
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WHOLESALE AND
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Evans, Leacher and Webb
Ferris and Co.
Fox, W., and Sons
Goodall, Backhouse and Co.
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Hill, A. S., and Son
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Lloyd, T., Howard and Co.
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Oldfield, Pattison and Co.
Potter and Clarke
Richardson, J., and Co.
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Thompson and Capper
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Co. (Limited)
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Willows, Francis and Butler
Woolley Jas., Sons and Co.
Wright, Layman and Umney
Wyleys, Lim.

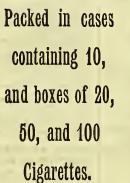
WINES, SPIRITS Armbrecht, Nelson and Co. (Occa) Goodall, Backhouw and Co. French Hygiezic Socy(Coca) Idris & Co. Millar, A., & Co. (Grange) Robinson, B.



similar flavour and bouquet, but associated with it also is the peculiar though pleasant aroma of the fresh Coca leaf. Ether when shaken with the Alkalised Wine yielded a residue on evaporation which with hydrochloric acid gave characteristic Crystals of Cocaine hydrochlorate; they were further identified by the numbing effect produced by the Crystals when rubbed on the tip of the tongue. Analysis gave the following data: Alcohol, 15 per cent. by weight, 18:50 per cent. by volume; total solid matter, 18:73 per cent. (sugar and coca principles); mineral matter, 0:33 per cent. The restorative and invigorating properties of the Coca leaf are now well known, and it may be very conveniently and palatably administered in the form of an agreeable Wine such as that under examination, a wineglassful of which is stated to contain one drachm of he soluble active ingredients of the leaves.

EPHEN SMITH & CO, BOW, L

# SMOKE





Manufactured
from our
Celebrated
'Myrtle Grove'
Tobacco.

# 'MYRTLE GROVE' TOBACCO

COLD MEDAL,



In 1-oz. and 2-oz. Packets, and  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  and 1-lb. Tins.

SPECIALLY PACKED FOR EXPORT.

TADDY & CO., 45 Minories, LONDON.



Established 150 Years.



Snuff, Tobacco, and Segar Manufacturers.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

# "We are bound to admit their great excellence and elegance."—Lancet.

This statement as to the merits of "Palatinoids" and "Bi-palatinoids" has been endorsed by the medical profession throughout the kingdom. The most perfect methods of medicinal administration ever invented.

#### THINK OVER THESE POINTS-

They bear the usual dispensing margin of profit. They can be swallowed where pills cannot possibly be taken. They are elegant in appearance, accurately dosed and thoroughly reliable. They are much appreciated by patients.

#### THEY ARE PROFITABLE.

The "Bi-palatinoid" forms the ferrous salts absolutely pure. Unoxidised ferrous carbonate phosphate, and arseniate. "A perfect Blaud's pill" (Chemist and Druggist).

'PALATINOID' & 'BI-PALATINOID'

"PALATINOID"

"BI-PALATINOID" (FERROUS CARBONATE)

"BI-PALATINOID"

(FERROUS PHOSPHATE)







Before immersion in water.

After three minutes' immersion in water at normal temperature of stomach.

OPPENHEIMER, SON & CO., LTD., 14 WORSHIP STREET, E.C.

# THE PROPRIETOR OF WOODWARD'S

# GRIPE WATER,

In consequence of the recent proceedings in the Chlorodyne case, desires to assure all CHEMISTS, STORES, GROCERS, and all Shopkeepers generally, that his medicine contains

NO POISON,

and may be sold by anyone holding a Patent Medicine Licence without let or hindrance.

# WYETH'S BEEF JUICE.

A Liquid Preparation of the CHOICEST BEEF, containing the Nutritious Albuminous Principles in an unaltered and soluble form.

A Two-ounce Bottle
of Pure
Juice of Meat.

Actual test will show
3 per cent. by
weight of
ANHYDROUS
ALBUMINOIDS.

Contains the Hæmoglobin of the Meat unaltered.

Mix only with Iced or
Lukewarm Water;
Never with Boiling
Water, as
extreme heat renders
the valuable
Albuminous Elements
insoluble.

#### READ THE FOLLOWING

From

#### THE LANCET.

LONDON: SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1892.

Inalytical Records.

WYETH'S BEEF JUICE.

(JOHN WYETH AND BROTHER, PHILADELPHIA.)

"The following analytical notes and results testify unmistakably to the excellence of this preparation. It is a dark reddish-brown liquid of pleasant beef-like flavour, and free from objectionable preservatives. It contains not only the albuminous principles of beef in an active and soluble form, but in the condition in which they occur in the freshly expressed juice of beef itself. Viewed with the spectroscope a dilute solution is seen to give two absorption bands, characteristic of fresh blood or hæmoglobin. The liquid loses this property, however, as soon as it is boiled; while the coagulated albuminous principles assume a blood-red tint. According to our experiments no less than fourteen grains of solid albuminous principles in every fluid ounce are thus precipitated. The following figures gained in analysis will convey some idea of the eminent degree of concentration through which this preparation has been carried. Notwithstanding this, the vital elements of beef juice it contains have been preserved unchanged. Moisture, 44.87 per cent.; organic matter, 38 01 per cent.; mineral matter, 17:12 per cent. The organic materials contain 4.57 parts of nitrogen, and the mineral matter consists largely of common salt and, of course, soluble phosphate. Results like these make it safe to assert that as an example of preparations of this class Wyeth's beef juice is little short of perfection."

MANUFACTURED BY

### JOHN WYETH & BROTHER

PHILADELPHIA, U.S. LONDON — 30 SNOW HILL, E.C.

Contains Albuminoids
in a higher degree
than any
other Preparation of a
similar nature.

Proportion of Nutrient
to Stimulating
Properties such that
it can be
retained by the
stomach in EXTREME
cases of Debility.

Being largely
Prescribed by the
Medical Faculty of
Great Britain,
every Chemist should
have some in Stock.

THE SALE
IS GUARANTEED.

Can be obtained from any Wholesale Druggists, or direct from any of the following Firms:—

Agents for Great Britain and France—ROBERTS & CO., London and Paris.

Distributing Agents for Lancashire—JAMES WOOLLEY, SONS & CO., Manchester.

Distributing Agents for Yorkshire—GOODALL, BACKHOUSE & CO., Leeds.

Distributing Agents for Scotland—RAIMES, CLARK & CO., Edinburgh.

# PEPTONISED MILK

### IS SWEET AND PALATABLE

When prepared as directed with

# ZYMINE (EXTRACTUM PANCREATIS)

ITS PREPARATION

#### COSTS LESS THAN A PENNY A PINT.

Zymine (Extractum Pancreatis), Fairchild, is a dry powder, containing in the most active and concentrated form all the Enzymes of the Pancreas, viz.: Trypsin, Amylopsin, Steapsin, and the Rennet Ferment.

IT WILL DIGEST ALL KINDS OF FOOD: 5 grains, with a little soda, will sufficiently peptonise a pint of milk in a few minutes; 30 grains, with a little soda, will peptonise 4 oz. of beef, producing a concentrated, nutritious, and delicious beef tea.

ZYMINE PEPTONISING POWDER (FAIRCHILD), in glass tubes, is the most convenient form for preparing peptonised milk, gruels, jellies, custards, blanc-manges, etc., etc.

THE INSTRUCTIONS given in one of our direction slips enable even *inexperienced domestics* to quickly prepare any peptonised food.

This Powder is admirably adapted for use with the Thermo-Safeguard Feeding Bottle, which has been described by the EDIN. MED. JOURNAL "as the best of all feeding bottles."

FOR NUTRITIVE ENEMATA, any food can be thoroughly predigested with Zymine (Extractum Pancreatis); it is then readily absorbed by the rectum.

THE TABLOIDS OF ZYMINE (EXTRACTUM PANCREATIS) afford the most convenient form for direct internal administration. They are pleasing, and can easily be carried about in the pocket. Now extensively used as a food aid in intestinal derangements.

While the Zymine Peptonising Powders are the most *elegant* and *convenient* form for peptonising milk, they are somewhat more expensive than the simple Zymine; where cheapness is of first importance the latter may therefore be used.

Zymine (Extractum Pancreatis) supplied to the Trade in \(\frac{1}{2}\)-oz. and 1-oz. bottles at 20\(\frac{1}{2}\)- and 60\(\frac{1}{2}\)- per dozen.

Zymine Peptonising Powders supplied to the Trade in boxes of 12 tubes, at 14\(\frac{1}{2}\)- per dozen boxes. One tube peptonises at the finite of mile.

Zymine Tabloids, 3 grs. each, supplied to the Trade in bottles of 25 and 100, at 18 - and 48 - per dozen.

BURROUGHS, WELLCOME & CO., SNOW HILL BUILDINGS, LONDON, E.C.

B., W. & Co. Wafer Medicine.

## WAFER MEDICINE CACHETS (B., W. & CO.)

An ingenious yet simple method of taking disagreeable medicines in the form of liquid, powder, or "Tabloids." To charge a Cachet, which is composed of pure rice starch, it is spread out in the folder, as shown in the accompanying illustration, and the contents placed in the cap. The lid of the Cachet is then wetted and brought over by means of the lid of the folder. When pressed on the top of the cap it is completely sealed, and

prevents any egress of the contents into the mouth. Just prior to taking the Cachet, it should be dipped in water, and then placed on the tongue, and may be easily swallowed with a little water.

The British Medical Journal says they are "well adapted for the administration of unpalatable powders or liquids," The London Medical Recorder reports: "They will be welcome to medical men and to their patients, and also to pharmacists, whose labours they will lighten."

Supplied to the Trade in boxes of 100 at 14s. per dozen.

BURROUGHS. WELLCOME & CO., Snow Hill Buildings, LONDON, E.C.

Telegraphic Address—"Francis London."



TRADE MARK

### Analytical and -Manufacturing Chemists.

# IKE & CHEMICALS.

ESTABLISHED AT 95 BISHOPSGATE ST., 1714.

MAKERS OF

### CONCENTRATED LIQUORS FOR SYRUPS.

CONCENTRATED WATERS, 1 TO 40.

### GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT SALTS

Pill Consistence, and in Powder.

TRACTS. Liquid, B.P., B.P.C.,

AND OF

EVERY CLASS OF PHARMACEUTICAL GALENICALS.

#### INFANTS' MALTED FOOD

In Bulk, or in Tins with plain labels.

NEUTRAL AND NEUTRAL AND SYR. HYPOPHOS. BRIGHT. CLOUDY.

NOTE.—Evaporation of Pharmaceutical Preparations conducted in Vacuo.

SOUTHWARK STREET, LONDON.



ESTABLISHED 1859 AS A MONTHLY. SINCE MARCH, 1886, A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 42 CANNON STREET, LONDON, E.C. BRANCH OFFICE, FINK'S BUILDINGS, MELBOURNE, AUSTRALASIA.

Subscription 10s. per year, payable in advance, including a copy of THE CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' DIARY next to be published, post free to every country in the world. New subscriptions should date from the commencement of any month.

Supplied only to persons connected with the Trade. Single copies 4d. each.

Cheques and Postal Orders should be payable to EDWARD HALSE, and crossed MARTIN'S BANK (LIMITED).

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#### Summary.

A DAIRYMAN has been fined at Greenwich for adding bone acid to milk.

WE give another useful collection of formulæ from a retired druggist's recipe-book,

A NEW edition of the Japanese Pharmacopæia has been published in the vernacu'ar and in Latin.

Dr. Carl Schorlemmer, the well-krown chemistry professor of Owens College, Manchester, died this week.

WE give particulars in an Editorial note of the new Italian Pharmacopæia which is the first authoritative Pharmacopæia for that country.

MR. BEVAN, of Cross & Bevan, has been appointed analyst for Middlesex, the emoluments of which office amount to about 1,000*l*. a year.

THE number of festivities in connection with the drugtrade which we report in our News section seems to indicate a healthy state of trade at present.

THE Association of Owners of Proprietary Medicines write us intimating their intention to contest the action of the Pharmaceutical Society against vendors wherever practicable.

THE executive of the North British Branch met on Wednes day, re-electing Mr. Ewing as chairman, and discussing the arrangements for the Pharmaceutical Conference meeting next month.

OUR Irish News contains the report of the melancholy suicide of Mr. Harry Napier Draper, one of the best known and most respected of Irish pharmacists. Mr. Draper's mind had evidently given way.

In view of the present high prices of henbane and its extract the account of a visit to a Hitchin drug-farm, which we publish, will be real with interest. The crop of henbane this year is below half the average.

In response to many complaints we have had the debentures and other documents issued by the Half Price Closed Letter Company (Limited) carefully examined, and we publish au opinion in an Editorial note.

QUIETNESS reigns in commercial circles, and business is somewhat dull. Higher prices were obtained at the cincbona sales on Tuesday, and owing to the shortness of the present season's crop otto of rose has advanced.

On Wednesday morning last a disastrous fire broke out at the premises of Sir James Haslett, chemist and drysalter, Belfast, and before it could be extinguished damage was done to the extent of 50,000%. All the property destroyed was insured, however.

THE chemist's assistant at Northampton indicted for having obtained money by false pretences by selling as Beecham's other pills in Beecham's boxes which he had obtained from chemists, has been sentenced to ten months' imprisonment with hard labour.

THE Judge of the Selby County Court, while giving juogment for two penalties of 5! each against an unregistered person proved to have sold poison, has refused to order a further penalty of 5! sued for by the Pharmaceutical Society from the same defendant for keeping open shop for the sale of poison. A case for a superior Court has been granted.

#### PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

FIRMS who wish to produce a good effect in our Summer Number (July 30) should, without delay, set about preparing a handsome circular for insertion therein. We give the best distribution of druggists' circulars which can possibly be obtained, and we do it at a fraction of the cost of postage. This is the way to advertise profitably. Particulars will be supplied by the Publisher.

#### Multiply this by Elevan Thousand.

A South American firm (recent subscribers) writing to us on May 9, remark incidentally that last year (before they subscribed) we sent them our Summer and Winter issues, from the advertisements in which they spent 2,000*l*.

#### They Know its Value There.

The head of a large firm in Barbadoes writes: "Some time since I was glad to have the pleasure of seeing your representative, who told me he was having a pleasant and profitable trip, and finding everyone well pleased with your paper. I myself have reason to esteem THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST very highly indeed, as, living so far from head-quarters, I am indebted to it for an incalculable fund of information of a very valuable nature."

#### Gazette.

#### PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

Martin, C. J., and Martin, S. W., under the style of J. Martin & Sons, Chesterfield, veterinary surgeons.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACTS, 1888 AND 1890.

#### RECEIVING ORDER.

Hyatt, William Herbert, Harlington, chemical and scientific engineer.

#### ADJUDICATIONS.

Burgess, Edwin, late High Holborn, W.C., present residence unknown, patent-medicine vender.

Pew, Edward, and Roberts, Frederick Charles, trading as Pew, Roberts & Co., Egham, vin gar-brewers.

b

#### English Rews.

#### Sporting News.

The employés of Mr. Wand, chemist, Leicester, had a footrace on the evening of June 21, on the Belgrave Grounds. A one-mile handicap was contested, and there were thirteen entries. Smith and Taylor were the leaders at the end of the first lap, but retired before the post was reached a second time. Turner was by this time taking the lead, and he retained that position to the end, winning by 30 yards. Time, 5 minntes 10 seconds. Knight took second place. Some amusement was occasioned by the third and fourth men, who, when within 100 yards from home, having evidently forgotten that there was a third prize, were sauntering along conversing, when an on-looker reminded them of their chances, and a desperate struggle for the remaining distance ensued, Jones coming in before Spreckley by a foot.

distance ensued, Jones coming in before Spreckley by a foot.

A match was played at Masterman's cricket-grounds,
Harringay Park, on June 18, between Barron, Harveys &
Co.'s C.C. and Smiths' C.C. (Borough). The Giltspur Street
men scored 82 for 7 wickets, and then declared their innings
closed. Stuchbury made 54 not out. Smiths' C.C. could

only reach 60, of which Gunster made 26.

The Midland Counties Chemists' Association C.C. played a match on Wednesday with the Langley C.C. The chemists made a total of 108, thanks to the smart play of Baynton, Holmes, and Bryan, who made 29, 35, and 27 respectively. The Langley men had forty-five minutes to play, during which time 5 wickets fell for 49 runs.

#### The Analyst for Middlesex.

At last week's meeting of the Middlesex County Council, held in the theatre of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Great George Street, Westminster—Mr. R. D. M. Littler, Q.C., C.B., the chairman, presiding—the question of appointing an analyst for the county at fees amounting in the aggregate to about 1,000l. per annum, came up for consideration. The General Purposes Committee, who had dealt with the subject, brought up a report in which they stated that the following twenty gentlemen had applied for the post:—E. J. Bevan, C. E. Cassall, E. G. Clayton, F. H. P. Coste, C. H. Cribb, R. A. Cripps, A. Dupré, B. Dyer, G. H. Gemmell, A. I. de Halles, H. W. Hake, R. H. Harland, J. P. Laws, W. F. Lowe, J. R. Paterson, A. E. Pike, T. A. Pooley, A. G. Salamon, A. D. Sutherland, and F. L. Teed. They further reported that, after having examined the qualifications and testimonials of the candidates, they were of the opinion that Alfred Gordon Salamon, A.R.S.M., F.I.C., F.C.S., A. D. Sutherland, F.I.C., F.C.S., Cecil H. Cribb, B.Sc. (Lond.), F.C.S., F.I.C., M.S.P.A., and Edward John Bevan, F.C.S., were, in the order given, the best men.

The Chairman said he had taken a great deal of interest in this matter as a practical chemist. He had taken care to be present at the meetings of the committee, and was certainly of the opinion that the first-named gentleman was the best man, although he did not mean to say anything whatever against the others. As a member of the Council, and not as chairman, he moved that Mr. Salamon be ap-

pointed.

Each of the other three gentlemen was nominated, and upon the first voting the figures were—

Sutherland		••	• •	••	• • •	17
Bevan		• •	••	••	••	15
Salamon	••		••	••	••	14
Cribb					• •	9

Upon a second vote Mr. Cribb's name was omitted, and the figures were—

Bevan		• •	• •	••		**	19
Sutherlan	ıd		• •	0-0	•••	0-0	18
Salamon	٠.	••	••	••	••	••	17

Mr. Salamon's name was then omitted, and the voting was-

Bevan	• •	 	 • •		24
Sutherlan	d	 	 	••	23

The Chairman declared Mr. Bevan, of 1 Fenchurch Avenue, E.C., to be the successful candidate, and he was subsequently lected by a unanimous vote.

#### The Election.-The Food and Drugs Act.

Captain Penton, the Unionist candidate for Central Finsbury, speaking to a crowded meeting of electors at the Amwell Street schools on Saturday, said a gentleman had addressed a letter to him, saying that hundreds of prosecutions daily took place under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, and yet scarcely two decisions were in unison, and the writer wished to know whether he (the speaker) would snpport a measure in the new Parliament for the consolidation, interpretation, and amendment of the law, with the object of securing good and wholesome food and drugs for the people, and also for the protection and fair treatment of the traders; also, for the purpose of defining what mixtures are legal and what are not. (Hear, hear.) He (the candidate) replied that, if there was any doubt about the interpretation of the law-if the traders were uncertain with regard to what was lawful and what otherwise—he would do his very best to get it simplified and rectified. (Applause.) He considered the Food and Drugs Act a very important one, and there should be full justice between the seller and the consumer. (Applause.)

#### Dalston Doctors Disputing.

At the North London Police Court on Saturday, before Mr. Haden Corser, Dr. J. M. Gleeson, of Lansdowne Road. Dalston, was summoned by Dr. O'Regan. of 43 Broadway, London Fields, for wilfully and wantonly disturbing him by ringing his street-door bell without lawful excuse. The defendant was also summoned for using threats towards Dr. J. E. Slanghter, at the same time and place. The defendant was at one time assistant to Dr. O'Regan, and a previous dispute between them had to be settled in this court, when defendant was bound over to keep the peace. He had left Dr. O'Regan's employ. Dr. Slaughter said he was awakened at 1 A.M. on the morning of the 18th by somebody ringing the bell, and speaking np the tube that he was wanted for a Witness went down and saw the defendant, who patient. forced his way into the passage, saying that if he (witness) was not a friend to him he (defendant) would ruin him. A solicitor, who represented the defendant, said it was a most frivolous accusation. His client had not threatened Dr. The fact was Dr. Gleeson had been enjoying him-Slaughter. self, and had brought some fish and potatoes to Dr. Slaughter's house for the two to take supper together. (Laughter.) The defendant said nothing about a patient; but said, "Come down and have some supper, old man." (Laughter.) Dr. Slaughter would admit that he had previously been on good terms with the defendant. Mr. Haden Corser said he did not think there was anything in the threats, and would dismiss the snmmons on that account; but defendant had no right to go to Dr. O'Regan's house, and ring the bell as described. For this he would have to pay a fine of 20s., and 23s. costs. The money was paid.

#### Sudden Death.

Mr. Joseph Wallis Goddard, manufacturing chemist, Leicester, was staying at Ramsey with his wife and family. A brother-in-law, named Richard Burton, who was a book-keeper in his office at Leicester, had come to spend a short time with him, and after having been out for a row with Mr. Goddard and his daughter, the two gentlemen were walking on the pier. Mr. Burton had been hurrying somewhat so as to get in time for the Douglas boat, on which they were about to make a trip, when, the whistle being blown, Mr. Burton started to run again, but immediately fell and, as was believed, died instantaneously from heart-disease.

#### Surrey v. Middlesex.

The South of London is jealous for its reputation as the champion price-cutter. Some North London men gave specimens of the prowess of their neighbours in this respect last week, so a Peckham chemist now writes:—"Talk about cutting in the North of London, what do yon think of this, in Rye Lane? Loofabs at 1d. each, receipted bill included, which I enclose." It is a regular invoice with a picture on the top, a price-list at the back, and a cashier's red stamp at the foot marked, "Paid, with thanks." This reminds us of one of Leech's pictures representing the polite grocer: "A 'a'p'ny candle, and be quick, 'cos mother wants her tea," says a small client, whose pattens enable her to see over the

counter. "Yes, miss, certainly," replies the shopkeeper. "Can we send it anywhere for you?"

#### Mr. Sargent's Letters.

Mr. Sargent's experience before the Dover magistrates and at the Maidstone Assizes does not seem to have checked his determination to straighten up all his fellow-pharmacists. Nor has his legal education made him more explicit in his statements than formerly. The following is a letter he sent the other day to Mr. J. H. Wilson, of Harrogate. His address label was attached to the top corner.

Violations of the Pharmary Act, 1863, in the Plurality of Shops by one Person.

June 24, '92.

J. H. Wilson, Harrogate, and 45 Gifford Street, N.

DEAR SIR,—This subject has passed from my Committee to the Public Prosecutor, Trassury, Whitehall, S.W., with ample powers of procedure against the Society, and public bodies in any delay, protection, or convivance with especial reference to Harrogate and yourself.

Yours truly,

Mr. J. H. Wilson.

G. W. SARGENT.

#### The Assistant and the Boy.

At the Horncastle Petty Sessions, on July 18, Frederick Gutteridge, chemist's assistant, in the employ of Mr. H. Carlton, chemist and druggist, Horncastle, was summoned for assaulting John Crowson, an apprentice in Mr. Carlton's employ. The evidence given showed that Gutteridge had turned Crowson out of the shop after a scuille for creating a noise. The Magistrates dismissed the case, each side to pay their own costs.

#### Festivities.

The celebration wayzgoose of the employés of Mr. James Townsend, medical-label printer, Exeter, took place on June 18 at Bournemouth. On April 5 last the employés presented Mr. W. Townsend with a gold watch and an illuminated scroll on the attainment of his majority, on which occasion he invited them to spend a day at Bournemouth on June 18, and this was the outcome. The whole of the expenses were borne by Mr. J. Townsend. The party travelled to Bournemouth by special train, arriving at 9 45. The morning was spent in various ways, but all assembled at the Hotel Mont Dore for dioner at 1 o'clock, where they were welcomed by Mr. and Mrs. Townsend and a number of friends. Tables were laid for 225. The party was photographed before dinner, though it might have been easier to "look pleasant" when that function had been concluded. A few appropriate toasts and songs followed, and the sea and the fine woods were again resorted to. The party left Bournemouth at 8 30, and reached Exeter at 11.35.

The employés of Henry Marks & Sons (Limited), spongedealers, 45 Houndsditch, E., held their annual cinner on Saturday, June 25, at the Beehive Hotel, Lambourne End,

Essex, where a most enjoyable day was spent.

The employes of E. Steiner & Co., vermin-paste and insect powder works at Henry Street, Limehouse, had their annual outing on Saturday last, June 25, to Bush Hall, Buttsbury, near Billericay, Essex, where they spent a most enjoyable day at the principal's residence, where they were entertained, and a drive through the country for three hours

was well appreciated before dining.

Agoodly number of past and present assistants of the firm of Corbyn, Stacey & Co. assembled from various places of business in London and the conntry to dinner at the Guildhall Tavern, King Street, Cheapside, on Thursday. June 23. The chair was taken by the head of the firm, Mr. S. L. Stacey, J.P., and a most enjoyable evening, enlivened with songs and a recitation, was spent. Mr. A. W. Waring proposed "Success to the Firm," which was received with mnch enthusiasm, and the Chairman and Messrs. G. and W. Stacey sultably responded. The toast of "The Past and Present Assistants," given from the Chair, was acknowledged by Mr. Jewell (London), Mr. Marlar (Halstead), and Mr. Rogers (of 86 New Bond Street, London).

The annual outing of the employes of Messrs. C. J. Hewlett & Son took place last Saturday, when a large party proceeded to Brighton by the 830 train. The morning was spent in visiting some of the principal places in the town, and dinner was served at the Gloucester Hotel. The toast.

of "Success and Prosperity to the Firm" was proposed by Mr. F. B. Symons, one of the travellers, and responded to by the manager, Mr. E. J. Tucker. Special reference was made to the liberality of the firm in covering the expenses of these annual excursions, and to the progress of the new premises adjoining the establishment in Charlotte Street, E.C. In the afternoon carriage-drives were arranged to Shcreham, &c., and, in spite of somewhat unsettled weather, a most enjoyable day was spent, London being reached again about 10.30 P.M.

We are asked to mention that the N. and N.W. Chemists' Association of London have arranged a river excursion on July 14. The party will proceed by train in specially reserved carriages from Paddington about 10 A M. to Taplow, and thence by steam launch to Henley and back, returning from Taplow to Paddington, Luncheon and tea will be provided on board—wines, &c., excepted, which can be obtained on the boat. Tickets (inclusive of all expenses), 14s. 6d. each, will be snpplied by Mr. W. J. Pinchen, 229 High Road, Kilburn; b7 Mr. Hick, 2 Queen's Terrace, St. John's Wood; or by Mr. J. Holding, 169 Hemington Road, Barnsbury. The Committee will be glad to be joined by chemists not members of the Association, with ladies.

On June 23 the chemists and druggists of Swansea met at the Royal Hotel for the purpose of entertaining at a complimentary banquet Mr. N. M. Grose, on the occasion of his being elected on the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain as the only representative from Wales. The chair was occupied by Mr. George, of Oxford Street. It is expected that, as an outcome of the proceedings, meetings will be regularly held, at which business questions will be discussed. Speeches and songs occupied

the evening.

The employés of Messrs. Boot's Pure Drng Company, Island Street, Nottingham, held their fifth annual outing on Saturday, June 25. The place selected was Hazelford Ferry, a lovely spot on the banks of the Trent. The party numbered more than on any previons occasion, and included besides the chemists, clerks, and draymen, artists, printers, joiners, painters, plnmbers, and polishers, all employed at the firm's factory. The Midland Railway Company provided carriages through to Bleasby. From there the Ferry was reached by a walk, and a substantial dinner was served at the Star and Garter. During the afternoon sports were arranged and dancing in the evening.

#### Tendering for Disinfectants.

The Bermondsey Vestry have accepted the tender of Messrs. Adams, Webster & Co. for the supply of disinfectants. The only other firm tendering was that of Messrs. Adcock, Easton & Co.

#### Robbing a Chemist.

At the Greenwich Police Conrt, on Friday, before Mr. Marsham, Godfrey Craythorne Hall, 39, of 26 Foxberry Road, Brockley, was charged, on remand, with stealing three coats and two pairs of trousers, value 101., the property of Mr. George Hagemann, chemist, of the same address. The prisoner, who admitted that he had taken the things, begged for forgiveness, and promised to sign the pledge, it being stated that he had of late given way to drink. He said he had served in the army and had a sunstroke in India. Marsham sentenced the prisoner to three months' hard labour, and told the prosecutor that the pawnbroker, with whom the articles were pledged for 30s., had rendered every assistance, and he thought Hagemann should pay half of that amount, the pawnbroker to lose the remainder. Prosecutor agreed to adopt this conrse.

#### Boric Acid in Milk-A Test Case.

At the Greenwich Police Conrt on Tuesday, Isaac Thorne, dairyman, of 6 Beadnell Road, Forest Hill, was summoned by the Lewisham District Board of Works for selling milk not of the nature, substance and quality demanded. Mr. Laidman, solicitor, prosecuted for the Board, and said this was a test case. The Board's inspector asked for milk, and received milk and boric acid. There was no doubt this admixture was injurious to health, and he could call medical evidence to that effect if necessary. The practice of adding boric acid was increasing largely in the district, and the Board

desired to put a stop to it. The defendant said he never adulterated his milk with anything, and had never done so. Mr. Shaw, inspector, said he bought from the defendant's wife a pint of milk for 2d., telling her it was for analysis. He took a third of the sample to the analyst, who certified that it contained "a considerable amount of boric acid, but in other respects is gennine milk." In reply to the Magistrate witness said he had heard that boric acid was used for preserving milk and butter. Defendant said he knew nothing of boric acid. Dr. Samuel Rideal, analyst to the Board, said he analysed the sample, and the certificate produced was his. Boric acid was put into milk to preserve it and to keep it for some time from getting sour. There was no necessity for the addition of boric acid, which would preserve milk for a week or fortnight if sufficient acid was put in. The milk would undergo a change, but the acid, would conceal the change. Of course the milk was not of the nature and quality of pure milk. Boric acid was a drug, and was not food, and was used by medical men as a drug in special cases. It had an injurious effect upon the kidneys, and created albumen in the urine, and brought on diarrhoea in dogs. There was abundant medical evidence to show that it was very injurious to infants. The smallest quantity was injurious. There was a large quantity in this milk, but he could not swear to the exact quantity. Mr. Kennedy fined the defendant 31. and 2s. costs.

#### The Islington Medical Office ship.

On Friday night, when the Islington Vestry met specially to consider whether they would rescind their by law (50) which debars any vestryman from seeking paid office under the Vestry within six months of his being a vestryman, a motion was made to suspend this by law to enable Dr. Wynn Westcott to become a candidate for the office rendered vacant by the death of Dr. Tidy. After a good deal of acrimonious discussion, the motion was adopted by 50 to 28. Toere were cries of "Jobhery!" from the defeated side, to which the victors replied, "Expediency!" and there is no doubt that, unless an exceptionally good man comes along, Dr. Wynn Westcott will be medical officer of Islington.

#### Death from an Overdose of Chloral.

George Maitin, a druggist's traveller, 40 years of age, was found dead in bed at 15 Catherine Street, Strand, a few days ago. At the inquest on Wednesday Dr. George Hamilton said that when he was called to deceased life was extinct. In a glass which stood on the dressing-table there were about two tablespoonfuls of a clear fluid, which on analysis proved to be chloral. There were also two empty bottles which had contained a similar fluid. The stomach contained chloral. Amongst the deceased's papers were several prescriptions for sleeping-draughts. There were indications that the deceased drank heavily. His heart was affected, and he would be likely to be easily affected by the chloral. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death from an overdose of chloral.

#### Fires.

On Sinday night the business premises of Mr. J. Keeble, chemist and druggist, Thame (late manager to Mr. W. G. Gordelier, Sittingbourne), were partially destroyed by fire, caused by a candle which had been accidentally left alight.

Early on Monday morning a fire was discovered at a chemist's shop in King Henry Street, Stoke Newington. A standpipe was quickly put in requisition, and two steamers were also at work, but the building, which consisted of seven rooms, was nearly burnt out before the fire was extinguished.

#### Carbolic Poisoring.

On Saturday, June 25, an inquest was held at Liverpool on the body of Samuel Fletcher, 27 iyears old, life-insurance agent, who had been lodging at 53 Rosalind Street. It was stated that since May last year deceased had been engaged to be married to a young lady, who, however, in August jilted him, and suddenly married another lover. Ever since he had been in very depressed spirits and brooded over the affair. On June 23 deceased went out before breakfast, and it was afterwards found that he purchased a pennyworth of carbolic acid and swallowed part of it. Medical aid was summoned, but deceased soon expired in agony. The jury found that deceased committed suicide by drinking carbolic a: d during temporary mental derargement.

#### Frish Rews.

#### Great Fire at Haslett's.

One of the most disastrous fires which have occurred in-Belfast broke out on Wednesday on the premises of Messrs. J. & J. Meath Haslett's drug warehouse, North Street, Belfast. Flames were first perceived about 1 o'clock, and they spread so rapidly, notwithstanding the exertions of the brigade, that in a very short time eight houses were completely gutted, and damage to the extent of over 50,000? was done. The origin of the fire is nnknown, but it appears to have occurred in the rear of Messrs. Haslett's premises. The fire spread to several large stores at the rear filled with inflammable materials, and then extended at right angles to Rosemary Street, burning an auction mart, in which a sale of 20,000? worth of pictures and valuable articles was being conducted, a music warehouse, a large stationery establishment, and two other houses. There were several narrow escapes of employés at Messrs. Haslett's establishment. Fortunately, no one was seriously hurt, although a few cases of contusions and slight burns were treated at the Royal Hospital. The property was insured.

#### Suicide of Mr. H. N. Draper.

We deeply regret to record the death, under very sad circumstances, of Mr. Harry Napier Draper, managing partner in the firm of Bewley & Draper (Limited), wholesale druggists and mineral-water mannfacturers, Mary Street, Dublin. Mr. Draper was well known to a great many pharmacists on this side of the Channel, and he was a frequent traveller on the Continent and in America His cheerfulness was characteristic, and his ability as a pharmacist and as a business man was widely recognised. He was registered as a pharmaceutical chemist under the Irish Act in March, 1876, and acted as examiner in chemistry at the examination for licence for many years. He was also a member of the Conncil, and filled the position of Vice-President at the time of the withdrawal of the President, Mr. Brunker, whom he accompanied in resigning. Mr. Draper was 54 years of age. The following report of the inquest, held on Tuesday, at Dundrum, before Mr. Harty, County Coroner, will give the details of the event:—

Mr. Frederick Wm. Egan, brother-in-law of the deceased, stated that Mr. Draper came to his house at Dundrum on Monday evening. Shortly before 10 o'clock witness left the house with Mr. Draper to accompany him to the railway station, as he was leaving for his own house at Milltown. Witness walked on a few steps in front, but not finding Mr. Draper following, he looked back to see what detained him. He saw him then looking at the spirea-plant in the garden as if admiring it. When Mr. Draper saw witness returning for him, he turned his back suddenly, and put np to his mouth something he held in his hard, and then threw it away. Witness suspected what he had done, and said, "Harry, what have you done?" Mr. Draper staggered and fell, at the same time putting a written paper into witness's hand. While he handed the paper he said, "Give that to Charlotte, dear fellow." He tried to make him speak, but it was no nse, and he died in two or three minntes without saying another word. Charlotte was the name of Mr. Draper's second wife, witness's sister. On the paper which Mr. Draper gave him was written:-

My Beloved,—My pen and my mind refuse their dread duty. My hrainpower has utterly failed, and without hope of recall. Do you—could you—think hardly of me when I tell you that the case is utterly hopeless—
that the only alternative is a life of torture to myself and misery to you
all? If you ask "Fer" [witness explained that this was a name by which
his family called him] or Mr. Brunker, you will hear what they think.
If Dr. Hadden came now, he would rightly put me under restraint, and
even with you, my heloved, and my darlings my life would be one which
you would not contemplate calmly. I do not leave an enemy, and no
human being is to hame. It is, then, all for the hest. The cause of my
illness was simply shock, acting on a nervous constitution. Nobody is to
be blamed. I got the hydrocyanic acid in Mary Street this morning.
Had I gone away I could not come hack alive. My love to all who have
ever l.ved me. My poor wife, he comforted, as this is as much a disease
as if it had been a liver-complaint—

The Coroner here intimated that this was quite enough of the letter for the jnry.

The witness, continuing his evidence, said that on that morning he found a small tottle, labelled "Hydrocyanic acid," under a tree in the garden.

The Coroner: Did you notice anything strange about

Mr. Draper?

Witness: Yes, in a few small things. He told me he dreaded being sent to a lunatic asylum, that if one doctor was called another doctor would be called and a certificate would be signed, and he would he sent to a lunatic asylum. I noticed a few times that when I spoke to him he seemed not to hear me. There had been no idea of putting him into a lunatic asylum.

The Coroner: His father, I helieve, died in the same

way ?-I heard so.

By "Mary Street" mentioned in the letter, you understood

Mr. Draper meant his own premises ?-Yes.

Henry Draper, son of the deceased, stated that no financial matters could have preyed on his father's mind, as he was in very good circumstances. He was sorry to say he noticed something strange about his father lately. They wished to get him away, but there was no idea of putting him into a lunatic asylum. They kept large quantities of hydrocyanic acid in stock on their premises in Mary Street.

To the Coroner: His father's life was insured.

Dr. Usher, Dundrum, deposed that he made a post mortem examination of the hody of Mr. Draper, and found that he died from the effects of poisoning. The hiue bottle (pro-duced) found by Mr. Egan was an ounce bottle. Half a drachm of the poison which it contained would cause death in a few minutes. He was summoned when the occurrence took place, and arrived about four minutes after the deceased

had drunk the poison. He was then dead.

The jury found that the deceased committed suicide by

taking poison while of unsound mind.

#### Methylated Tinctures.

Another Inland Revenue prosecution is reported from Sligo. Mr. P. N. Whyte was the defendant. For the prosetion, Mr. George Taylor Stoker said he was one of the analysts of Somerset House, London. He and a colleague, Mr. Woodhurn, had heen on a tour of inspection, and at the shop of Mr. Whyte they found two tot les—one labelled "Tincture of opium, methylated," and the other "Tincture of arnica." The arnica was not labelled "methylated." Whyte stated that he did not know anything about them, and after going and making inquiry in the front shop, he stated that an assistant had prepared them without his knowledge. In defence, Mr. Whyte said an assistant had prepared these articles in error. He had told him to do away with them, but that had not heen done. The defendant was fined in the mitigated penalty of 25l., with the recommendation that the penalty should he further reduced to 17.

#### Rodelph A. C. Burnes, M.D., T.C.D.

Dr. Burnes, member of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland, and honorary treasurer of the School Committee, was on Thursday last one of the ten graduates of Trinity College, Duhlin, on whom the degree of doctor of medicine was conferred.

#### Re Charles Johnston, Druggist.

Mr. William Hayes, President of the Pharmaceutical Society, has been appointed trade assignee in the matter of the estate of Mr. Charles Johnston, druggist, Upper Sackville Street, Dublin.

#### Pharmacy Act Prosecutions.

The defendant in the case reported last week at Lurgan was William Henston, not Hewetson as printed, and four penalties of 5l. each were imposed, with costs 2l. 10s.

#### Lead in Soda-water.

The adjourned summons against Archibald Smith, under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, for having sold soda water said to contain lead, came on for hearing at the Londonderry Petty Sessions last week. Professor Leebody had analysed one of the samples seized, and had found lead. The other

specimen had, at the request of the defendant, heen for warded to Somerset House for examination. The Somerset House certificate stated that the 10-oz. sample of soda-water contained 100 th part of a grain of tin and lead, the latter being present to the extent of only a trace. Professor Leehody, examined by Mr. Cay, the prosecuting solicitor, said that water containing  $\frac{1}{6}$ th of a grain of lead to the gallon would be injuricus to health. An eminent chemist had stated that  $\frac{1}{15}$ th would be the smallest quantity that could he taken without danger. He had known very serious results from drinking water containing  $\frac{1}{10}$ th grain. If mineral-water makers took proper care and had proper machinery, the lead would not he there. Witness, in reply to a question, said that the word "trace" had a technical It meant that the analyst had trouble meaning. finding out the exact amount - that there was difficulty in estimating it. Dr. O'Kane, examined by defendant's solicitor, said that in his opinion the quantity of lead disclosed by the analysis would not be injurious to health. For the defendant it was contended that the Bench was bound to accept the analysis of Somerset House, and that as the offence charged in the summons was not in agreement with it, the prosecution should fail. If the waters of Cantrell & Cochrane and other makers were analysed they would be found to contain lead. Prosecutors denied the latter statement, stating that they had analysed the waters of Cantrell & Cochrane and had found them quite pure. The defendant was fined 1l. with 1l. costs, and ordered to pay the fee to Somerset House for analysis.

#### Scotch Rews.

#### Dundee Pharmaceutical Bailies.

The People's Journal of last Saturday includes two chemists in its gallery of notable local men. These are Mr. D. J. McKinnon and Mr. D. H. Ferrier, both of whom are on the magisterial bench, and have served Dundee well in other public capacities. Bailie McKinnon is a Montrose man, but has been in husiness in Dundee more than a quarter of a century. Bailie Ferrier is a pure Dundonian.

#### Edinburgh Medical School.

The appointment of Drs. Leith and Muir to he heads of the pathological department is signalised by a strange incident. A freshman wandered into the Royal Infirmary the other day, says a correspondent of the Evening Dispatch, and in the course of his travels landed about 1 P.M. in the P.M. theatre. Spotting a benign-looking third year's man, the fresher tackled him, and the following conversation was overheard:-

"I say, what place do you call this?" "Oh, this is the post-mortem room."

"How can you tell that it is the post-morten room?"

"You know it by the specimens and by the smells." Here the improved ventilation of the P.M. room hroke down, and the freshman subsided for a few minutes. Presently, however-" What does that gentleman say?"

"He says he has made a post-mortem. All the gentlemen make post-mortems; they would rather make post-mortems than go to a dinner-party."

"What's that on the plate?" "That's a tumour. It is a very large tumour. It weighs 112 lbs. The patient weighed 88 lbs.

"Was the tumour removed from the patient?"

"No; the patient was removed from the tumour." "Did they save the patient?"

"No; they saved the tumour, so the operation was fectly successful."

"What is this in the hottle?"

"It is a tapeworm. It is a long tapeworm; it is three-quarters of a mile long."

"But isn't that rather a lot for a tapeworm?"

"Well, it is rather big for a tapeworm, but it's not much for the REI. The respected uncle of one of our professors -

Here semebody murmured, "That is all to day, gentle-

men," and in the confusion the remainder of the conversation was unheard.

#### British Pharmaceutical Conference.

The pink circular of the Edinburgh Committee is now almost ready, and members will probably receive copies in the course of next week,

#### Pharmaceutical Golf at Edinburgh.

The first competition for the "Dick" monthly challenge medal was played over the Braids last Friday. The winner of the medal—which was played for scratch—turned out to be Mr. Sutherland, with the score of 90; with Mr. P. Wilson, 105, second. Owing to the inclement weather, Messrs. Traill and Blake did not play on Saturday.

# french Pharmaceutical Rews. (From our Paris Correspondent.)

DR. PRAVAZ.—The death is announced of Dr. Pravaz, the inventor of the syringe bearing his name which is employed in medicine for subcutaneous injections. Dr. Pravaz died at Lyons, where he directed an Orthorædic Institute.

THE PHOTOGRAPHY OF COLOUR—Another attempt to solve the difficult problem of the photography of colour has been made by two French savants, Messrs. George Fournier and Emile Guitton. The former is a chemist and the latter an engineer. They opened a private exhibition here last week, a number of very excellent specimens heing shown. The outlines of the photographs are reproduced as clearly as in average good proofs, while the light, shade, and colour of the original are well preserved.

A Poisoner Arrested.—André, the laboratory assistant, who was suspected of an attempt to poison the family of the marager of Boué's pharmacy in the Rue Grenier, St. Lazare, was arrested by the police last Sunday night. The details of this case were given in our issue of June 11. It has been definitely proved that André (who is also known as Wurstborn) poisoned the wine drunk by the marager, M. Verdier, and his family with hydrochlorate of morphine. André had recently entered the St. John's Hospital as laboratory assistant, and on heing arrested there he made a clean breast of his attempted crime.

THE PHARMACIST AND THE DOCTOR—It may be remembered that in 1891 Dr. Manilevé was charged by his old school-chum and friend M. Biard, pharmacist, with receiving goods stolen by the latter's wife. He was sentenced to two months' imprisonment. After this affair the liaison which existed between Dr. Manilevé and Madame Biard having the appearance of heing at an end, the pharmacist consented to pardon his wayward spouse, but some time after he met Dr. Manilevé and Madame Biard, arm in arm, quietly sauntering down the Avenue de l'Opéra. The pharmacist, drawing his sword-cane, which, by the way, had originally been a present from the doctor, rushed on his wife's lover and wounded him, though not severely. M. Biard has just appeared before the Tenth Correctional Chamber on the charge of having administered "blows and wounds." The magistrate, appreciating the cause of the bellicose pharmacist's ire, gently admonished him and decreed a fine of 12. The judgment also contained an order that the pharmacist's sword-cane should he confiscated.

THE PHARMACISTS' SWINDLER.—A very well dressed individual presented himself a few days ago at M. Delage's pharmacy, Rue de la Roquette, and handed to that gentleman a card bearing the name of Mermoz, doctor, St. Mandé, and pressed, politely enough, for the loan of a louis. "My wife," said he, "is still at the Vincennes railway-station, where I am going to join her. We were unable to take a cab, because I have unfortunately left my purse at home, and we bave not sufficient money with us to pay for dinner and our seats at the theatre." M. Delage lent the 20f., and his visitor left the pharmacy and proceeded towards the Vincennes station, which he entered, hut only to leave again immediately. M. Delage had in his shop a keen

witted assistant, who, suspecting his employer had been the victim of a swindler, had the curiosity to follow the smartlyattired quasi-doctor. The latter walked past several chemists' shops, which he examined attentively, and finally entered that of M. Deleytre, Boulevard Richard Lenoir. The amateur detective kept watch, and saw the individual leave the pharmacy after a few minutes. Entering in tuin, the assistant said to M. Deleytre, "The man who has just left here pro-hably tried to borrow money?" "Yes," replied the phar-macist, "he is Dr. Mermoz, of St. Mandé, and has forgotten-his purse. I lent him 10f." The suspicions of M. Delage's assistant were thus confirmed. Chase was given to the swindler, and he was arrested by a couple of policemen, who took him to the nearest commissary of police. On being interrogated by that functionary, the would-be man of medicine declared himself to be Hippolyte Hebran, 36 years of age, residing at St. Mandé. He now hoth lunches and dines at the expense of the city of Paris. His visit to the theatre is indefinitely postponed.

#### Foreign und Colonial News.

THE FLÜCKIGER TESTIMONIAL will be presented to the Professor on July 9. It consists of an address, a medal, an album containing photographs of the subscribers, and a Flückiger Scholarship.

MEDICAL TRAINING IN TURKEY.—The Imperial Civil School of Medicine at Constantinople is too small for the increasing number of students, and in consequence a move is to be made to a larger institution at Kadirga, Stamboul.

MR. BORRON'S DEATH.—Latest reports from Ceylon indicate that the death of Mr. Borron, the well-known planter, was not due to his falling over a cliff. It seems that foul play is suspected, or that the hody was thrown over the cliff after death.

AUSTRIAN MALT.—The export of malt from Austria is increasing very rapidly. Fifteen years ago the annual production was 491.135 metre-centners, last year 1,188.869 metre-centners, and the highest point touched was 1,324.768 metre-centners in 1889.

PETROLEUM IN CEYLON.—There is a proposal to raise the Ceylon import duty on petroleum to ahout 50 per cent. of its spot value. It is stated that this will be very detrimental to the use of petroleum in the island, as of late it has been increasingly used as a fuel.

THE NESTOR OF AUSTRIAN PHARMACY.—Austrian pharmacists have heen paying a compliment to Johann Paulini, a Vienna pharmacist, who is just entering upon his 67th year in pharmacy, having commerced his apprenticeship on July 20, 1826. Herr Paulini is in his 80th year, and is a hale heatty man, highly respected hy his confrères.

THE CHOLERA MICROBE.—Surgeon Captain Patrick Hehir, of the Bsrgal Medical Service, Hyderabad, is reported to have discovered "polymorphic infusoria" in the blood and excreta of cholera patients, and to have confirmed and extended Laveran's researches in relation to similar organisms in the blood of persons suffering from malarial diseases.

COTTON-SEED OIL IN PORTUGAL.—According to the regulations which were adopted in May, the handling of cotton-seed oil will in future be restricted rather firmly in Portugal. It will only be admitted for exporting or denaturising, and every means will be taken to prevent the sophistication of olive oil by it, or passing it off as a food-oil of the same value as olive oil.

UNITED STATES TRADE MARKS.—Registered at Washington, July 14: "Abraham's Pills" over figure of a dandelion-plant, for pills, by J. S. Abraham, Sydney, N.S.W.; "Electro-Mythique," for rheumatism-remedy, by the Cable Speciality Company, Pittsburg, Pa.; "Chlorohrom," for hypnotic compounds, by Burgoyne, Burhidges, Cyriax & Farries, London, England; "P" in white on a square red ground, for pills, by Hattie & Mylius, Halifax, Canada; "Dipsocura" for medicine for drunkenness, morphomania, &c., hy the Chicago Dipsocura Company, Chicago; "Pildoritas" for pills, by H. C. Wilkinson, Chicago, Ill.

PHARMACOGRAPHIA INDICA. — Before his death, Dr. Dymock was busy with a supplementary volume to "Pharmacographia Indica" which is to contain the additional information obtained since the earlier parts of the work were published. Dr. Dymock's valuable library has been sold by auction.

THE WATERS OF YALOVA.—At the Imperial Society of Medicine, Constantinople, on June 17, Dr. Stekoulis communicated a report of a special commission which has been investigating the medicinal value of the springs at Yalova, which are of ancient repute. An attempt is being made to revive the interest in the springs, which are about five miles distant from the village of Yalova, and are nearly 250 feet above the sealevel. A chemical analysis of the waters was made by Fayk Pasha and M. Friedmann, who report that they contain sulphuretted hydrogen and iodine. The waters are found to be of value in the treatment of rheumatism, diabetes, and chronic catarrh.

DRUG-STORES IN U.S.A.—According to the *Pharmacceutical Record* there are over 34,000 drug-stores in the United States. In the Eastern States there are 10,649, in the Southern 6,239, in the Central 13,073, and in the Western States 4,575. Our contemporary complains that the American Pharmaceutical Association gets poor support from the 60,000 druggists in these stores. The Eastern States furnish £93 members, the Southern 206, the Central 413, and the Western 132. Only twenty pharmacists in Canada support the Association. This shows an average representation of 3.5 per cent. of the number of stores in the States. We may add that the British Pharmaceutical Conference shows up much better than that—viz, about 1,000 of a total membership, or 10 per cent. of the number of pharmacies in Great Britain, but the membership goes outside that area. The American Association meets at the Profile House, White Mountains, New Hampshire, on July 17.

A BENZINE EXPLOSION.—An accident, which is in some respects extraordinary, recently occurred in Philadelphia. Some men were repairing a leak in the boiler of a locomotive of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company. The top of the dome had been removed, and at the moment of the explosion the men were still working about the dome. The foreman, whose name was Hoster, was inside the boiler, and two other men were on the top of it outside. A can of benzine had previously been taken into the boiler, and Hoster, apparently forgetting this fact, asked one of the men to hand him a light through the dome. As the lamp was passed to him, the vapour from the benzine ignited. The flame spread instantly to the body of the fluid, and a terrific explosion followed. Hoster, being in the dome, blocked up the only vent, and he was blown violently into the air like a shot from a cannon. He was still living when he was got down from the top of the workshop, and was removed to the hospital, where he soon died.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—We gather from the report of Mr. H. N. Ridley, Director of the Botanic Gardens and Forest Department, Straits Settlements, that Pará rubber may yet be produced in quantities at Singapore. During last year seeds were obtained from Kew and from the trees in the experimental garden, and a large number of plants were raised. Eight acres of this valuable indiarubber-tree were planted at sumbawarg, and the trees are thriving remarkably well. Rubber collected from the trees in the experimental garden was pronounced by Messrs. Silver to be of very good quality. Fast as this plant grows, it will be nearly ten years before it is at the best stage for tapping. The following notes are taken from the Malacca report :-Annatto (Bixa orellana) has grown well and could be cultitivated leadily in almost every part of the settlement. Nutmeg grows satisfactorily on the hillsides, but it requires liberal manuring. The Calcutta variety of castor-oil plant (Ricinus communis) grows well and fruits freely, but it was badly attacked by beetles lately, and died Its cultivation has now been discontinued. Theobroma Cacao has proved very capricious in Malacca, whole plantations going off with. out any apparent cause, and its cultivation has also been discontinued. Some of the clove-plants in the garden are now 14 feet high, and in full blossom; the dry red soil of the settlement suits cloves admirably. Maltese lemons, nutmegs, camphor, Ceylon and Mauritius pineapples are growing well, and made favourable progress during the year.

#### Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

#### MEETING OF SCOTCH EXECUTIVE.

A MEETING of the Executive was held at 36 York Place, Edinburgh, on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. J. Laidlaw Ewing presided, and the following were also present:—Mr. Gibson, Edinburgh; Mr. Jack, Arbroath; Mr. Maben, Hawick; Mr. Nesbit, Portobello; Mr. Johnston, Aberdeen; Mr. Strachan, Aberdeen; Mr. Paterson, Aberdeen; Mr. Strachan, Dumfries; Mr. Fisher, Dunfermline; Mr. Kermath, St. Andrews; Mr. Kinninmont, Glasgow; and Mr. Kerr, Dundee. Apologies for absence were intimated from Mr. Frazer, Glasgow; Mr. Hardie, Dundee; Mr. McAdam, Glasgow; Mr. Noble, Edinburgh; and Mr. Stephenson, Edinburgh.

The Secretary stated at the outset that the meeting should have been held last week but for the unexpected death of Mr. Ewing's father. He (Mr. Hill) was in the position of being unable to communicate at the time with Mr. Ewing, who alone had knowledge of some of the business to be discussed, and if the meeting had been held it would have been impossible to have done anything. Therefore it had been considered advisable to postpone the meeting.

#### ELECTION OF OFFICE-BEARERS,

Mr. Maben said he had great pleasure in proposing Mr. Ewing as chairman of the Executive. Mr. Ewing's conduct in the chair during the past year had given unbounded satisfaction not only to the Executive, but also to their London friends; and he thought that, in re-electing him, they would confer an honour upon themselves and a benefit to the Society. In view of the Pharmazeutical Conference meeting, it was important that they should have such a chairman as Mr. Ewing. Mr. Maben concluded by expressing sympathy with Mr. Ewing in the sad loss he had sustained by the death of his father.

Mr. KERMATH seconded the motion, which was unani-

mously agreed to.

Mr. EWING, in thanking the meeting for his re-election, said that he should do his best to sustain the dignity of the chair, and he hoped in this year, which would be an important one for them in Edinburgh, to represent the Executive in the Pharmaceutical Conference with some honour to himself and with advantage to the North British Branch. (Applause.)

Mr. NESBIT (Portobello), in proposing the re-election of Mr. Maben as vice-chairman, said that he had taken a considerable interest in the Conference, and it was important

that he should be re-elected.

Mr. GIBSON seconded, and the motion was agreed to.
Mr. MABEN said that his re-election was rather against
his own will and judgment, as he thought that the office,
being one of a purely honorary character, should go round
every year. While thanking them for having re-elected
him, he hoped that they would keep this in mind next
year.

#### GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE.

This committee, consisting of the Edinburgh members of the Executive and the Vice-Chairman, was re appointed.

#### NEXT SESSION OF EVENING MEETINGS.

In connection with the evening meetings for next session, the Chairman suggested that he thought it would be advisable to secure Mr. Stanford, Glasgow, to deliver the opening lecture. The matter was remitted to the committee.

#### THE CONFERENCE.

The CHAIRMAN stated that, in drafting the circular to the members of the Conference, he had taken the liberty of saying that the Executive would be pleased to throw the Society's rooms open to all members, and inviting them to make their headquarters there if they found it convenient to do so. (Applause.)

Some conversation took place as to the appointment of delegates to the Conference, and on the motion of Mr. Nesbit, the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Executive, and

the Chairman of the Board of Examiners (Mr. J. B

Stephenson), together with the Secretary, were chosen.
Mr. MABEN snggested that a copy of the pink circular should be sent to every chemist-in Scotland; and it was agreed to recommend this to the Conference Committee.

The selection of books to be presented by the Conference to the library was left in the hands of the committee.

#### SALE OF METHYLATED SPIRIT.

Mr. KERMATH stated, with regard to the methylated spirit question, that the new spuit was giving him more trouble than ever, because if the bottle were the least damp the spirit was rendered milky. He had learned, too, that furniture polishers could obtain small supplies of the old methylated spirit.

Mr. JOHNSTON said that Mr. Kermath could obtain a small supply 100, provided it was to be used for manufacturing purposes and was not for sale.

Another member said that the new spirit was being

drunk just as freely as the old.

The CHAIRMAN said that the whole question was now under the consideration of the Excise authorities, and it was probable that there would shortly be some alteration in the law.

#### DATE OF NEXT MEETING.

The CHAIRMAN suggested that the next meeting of the Executive should be held on a Thursday at 12 o'clock noon, instead of on Wednesday at 1 o'clock. Several members having expressed approval of the proposed change, the suggestion was agreed to.

This was all the business, except an informal talk about

the extension of the premises.

## begal Reports.

#### ENNERDALE WATERS.-MOSSOP v. BIRKETT.

In the Chancery Division of the High Comit of Justice, on Saturday, June 25, this action came before Mr. Justice North, in the form of a short cause, for the purpose of taking judgment in accordance with the terms of an agreement come to between the parties.

Mr. John Culler said that the case, which had reference to the right to the use of the term "Eonerdale waters," came on by way of motion by consent, the parties being sui juris

Mr. Sebastian appeared for the defendant.

Mr. Justice North ordered judgment to be entered in accordance with the minutes, the terms of which were not read.

#### THE PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY v. BURLEY.

AT the Selby County Court, on June 22, the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain sued G. H Burley, dauggist, Oasegate, Se'by, for 15l., penalties under the Paarmacy Act, 1868, for selling, on May 21 and 30 last, a poison—to wit, a preparation of opium called laudanum—and for keeping open his shop for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding of poison called laudanum.

Mr. Flux, London, appeared on behalf of the Poarmaceutical Society, and Mr. J. K. Burton for the defendant.

It was adaitted, on defendant's behalf, that he was not

on the register of pharmaceu ical chemists and chemists and

druggists

A Mr. Mitchelstone was called, and stated that from instructions received he called at Mr. Burley's shop in Ousegate, Selby, on May 21 last. He saw the defendant, and asked him for twopennyworth of soap liniment, and two-rennyworth of laudanum. He was supplied, and he afterwards labelled the bottle when he got home for the purpose of identification. On May 30 he called again at the defendant's shor, and purchased from him twopennyworth of soap liniment and twopennyworth of laudanum. On opening it afterwards, he found it labelled opodeldoc and laudanum. He identified the bottles produced as those he purchased from the defendant.

Mr. Harry Mocn was called, and stated that he was in the\_ registrar's office of the Pharmaceutical Society, in London. On the previous Friday, at Hull, he received the two bottles produced from the last witness, and handed them on Monday to Mr. Eastes, an analyst in London.

Mr. J. H. Eastes was called, and said he was an analyst, Fellow of the Institute of Chemistry, and assistant to Professor Attfield, professor of chemistry to the Pharmaceutical Society. He received the two bottles produced from the last He analysed them, and found a preparation of opium in each. There was also opodeldoc or soap liniment in each. The contents of each bottle were intended for external use, and each bottle contained sufficient opium to poison

There was no defence to the action on its merits, but the

Judge was asked to inflict mitigated penalties.

His Honour gave a verdict against the defendant for 10% and costs for selling poison, but did not inflict any penalty for keeping open his shop for the retailing, dispensing, or compauding of poison.

On the application of Mr. Flnx, a case was granted for the decision of the superior Court as to whether the defendant was not also liable for keeping open his shop as for the

offence of selling.

#### DENTISTS' CHARGES.

AT the Cirencester County Court James Lewis Robertson, dentist, Cheltenbam and Cirencester, sued the Rev. J. B. McClellan, of the Royal Agricultural College, Cirencester, for 61. 6s., for a case of teeth made for defendant. Mr. Heath appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. E. B. Haygaith for defendant. For the plaintiff it was stated that after receiving his account for 61. 6s. for a gold plate and three teeth defendant wrote that he expected something like a charge of 21s. per tooth, and plaintiff replied that he was quite willing to take the case back or to refer the matter to any qualified dentist to see if for such a plate of 18-carat gold and three teeth eight or ten guineas would not be a reasonable charge. Ultimately defendant offered four and whalf guineas in settlement, but the offer was declined. Professional evidence was called to establish the reasonableness of the charge. For the defence it was contended that defendant made an actual bargain to pay plaintiff a certain sum, and on principle defendant objected to pay more. Rather than be bothered with the action, however, he offered plaintiff four-and-a-half guineas. He now appeared in court to maintain that the charge should be that of the hard and fast bargain. His Honour gave judgment for defendant, and Mr. Haygarth said three guineas had been paid for the case of teeth, and he asked that it should be handed over to defendant, to which his Honour replied, "Yes, certainly."

#### CONDY & MITCHELL (LIMITED) v. BUTTERFIELD.

BEFORE the Supreme Court of New South Wales, held at Sydney on May 17 last, Mr. Alfred de Lissa moved for, and the Judge granted, a decree by consent for a perpetual injunction to restrain the defendant from applying to any preparation not manufactured by the plaintiff company the term "Condy's Fluid," or from using any label which was an imitation of the plaintiff company's label, or from selling as Condy's Fluid any preparation alleged to be a disinfectant condy's Find any preparation alreged to be a distinction on the being of the plaintiff company's manufacture. In the statement of claim it was stated that the defendant had sold a preparation labelled "Solution of permanganate of potash, commonly called Condy's Fluid," the printed matter. on the label being also in great part the same as the plaintiffs' label. The defendant had written a letter stating that the preparation had been sold in his shop without his consent and contrary to his instructions, and submitting to a decree for perpetual injunction, with costs.

#### ANALYSING FUELS.

On Tuesday, in the Westminster County Court, the case of the City School of Chemistry v. Norris came before Judge Bayley. It was an action to recover some 131. for professional services rendered to the defendant in making certain analyses

The manager of the plaintiffs said the defendant called

upon him and wanted him to analyse some patent fuel for him, and he did so, and charged him two guineas for doing it. On another occasion he visited New Cross with the defendant, and afterwards he analysed the cinders for which he charged three guineas, and later on he was to make a report upon the question whether his fuel would have the same effect upon iron as ordinary coal. Later on he made another analysis for fuels for foot-warmers. Defendant said he was going to sell the patent, but he required a report to see if the gases would have any effect upon the health of anyone. The charge for that was agreed at seven guineas.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cohen: He had claimed the seven guineas from Mr. G. A. Cook, of 17 Devonshire Place, Brighton. He was not aware whether Cook was kankrupt until a few days ago and after this action was brought. Witness did not know Noriis was trying to sell his ratents until some of the work had been done. He would swear that on February 10 defendant did not call with three other gentlemen. On another occasion Mr. Cook and another person called. Mr. Norris never told him that

Cook was liable.

Mr. Cohen said the defendant was negotiating for the sale of his patents, and at Mr. Cook's request he called upon the plaintiffs with Cook and a person named Walker, and when the order was given Norris told him Cook was liable, and the plaintiff had made an application for the money from Cook. His client did not know the company, but only the manager Williams.

The defendant and two other witnesses bore out these statements, and his Honour, after hearing submissions of the plaintiffs' counsel, said that there must be, in the face of the evidence, a verdict for the defendant, with costs.

#### FRAUD ON MESSRS. BEECHAM.

At the Northampton Quarter Sessions, on June 25, William Phillips, alias H. Coles (23), chemist's assistant, pleaded gnilly to an indictment charging him with having obtained from Jane Mascn, Emma Taylor, Charles Biseker, Elizabeth Wright, Eliza Neville, Emma Turvey, Annie Stevenson, Mary Dickens, Mary Drane, and Emma Watts, various sums of money by means of false pretences, in Northampton in May last, and he was further indicted for unlawfully and falsely applying to certain pills the trade-mark of Thomas Beecham and Joseph Beecham, trading as Thomas Beecham, with intent to defraud, between May 24 and 27 last. [A report of the police proceedings will be found in our last issue.] The Recorder, in passing sentence, said chemists who disposed of Beecham's pill-boxes in the way which appeared to have been the case here, really assisted a man in defrauding the public in the way the prisoner bad done. It should be a great caution to them, and if they wanted to get rid of the boxes they should dispose of them in such a manner that they could not be tampered with in any way. He sentenced the prisoner to ten months' imprisonment with hard labour.

#### BANKBUPTCY REPORTS.

Re HENKY M. OLVER, late of 3 Oxford Street, trading as "The Salvine Manufacturing Company."

THE sitting for the public examination of this debtor was held at the London Bankruptcy Conrt on June 24, before Mr. Registrar Brougham. The accounts filed show total liabilities 3.0271. 12s. 5d. (unsecured 2,1021. 19s. 11d.) and assets 2191. 7s. 7d. after allowing for payment of the preferential claims.

Mr. E. Leadem Hough, Official Receiver, conducted the examination, Mr. Johnson represented the trustee, and Mr

Stevens appeared for the debtor.

The debtor stated to Mr. Hough that he had practised as a dental surgeon at Harley Street, W., for the past six or seven years, and until two years ago had derived therefrom a gross income of 3,000L per annum. For the test two years, however, it had decreased by about one-third, and as it was incumbent upon him to engage qualified assistants, his expenses had recently swallowed up the profits. In February, 1890, be took the Oxford Street premises with a view to the manuacture and sale of his dentifrice "Salvine." The research

and labour of several years had been devoted to the production of that article. At first he produced it only for the beneat of his patients, but having tested its worth and having every confidence in its properties, he later decided to make it widely known. The advertising was originally limited to his own means, but acting upon the suggestion of Mr. Bowden, who was then associated with him in the business, witness subsequently advertised on a much larger scale, the result being a steady increase in the sale and good profits. Mr. Bowden, in September last, having been formerly on a weekly salary, agreed to purchase the business for 2,000. No change was made in the name of the business which was continued under the style of the Salvine Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Hough: But did you not know that Mr. Bowden would be unable to pay the 2,000*l*, unless the business proved a

great success ?

In reply, witness said he understood that Bowden's friends would assist bim to pay for the business. The whole amount, however, was still owing. It was true that he had since assisted Mr. Bowden by accepting bills to the extent of 1,100*l*, and by becoming responsible for debts to the extent of 600*l*. He so acted, having every confidence in the ultimate success of the business. Negotiations had been pending for the conversion of Salvine into a company, and had the matter been successfully arranged, he would have received considerably more than 2,000*l*.

Mr. Hough: But you had already disposed of the business. How, then, could you have been interested by its conversion

into a company?

The debtor explained that be was at the time in communication with a capitalist, who proposed that the business should, with the concurrence of Bowden, be converted into a company.

Mr. Hough: Now, Mr. Olver, was the sale to Bowden a

genuine sale?-Certainly it was.

Examination continued: The sources from which he expected to meet the liabilities incurred on Bowden's behalf were the money he was to receive for the sale of the business, together with the profits of the dental practice, or the consideration to be paid for the business by the proposed company.

Questioned by Mr. Johnson, the debtor said he was not interested in any copyrights, and he had, in the statement of affairs, made a full disclosure of his property and assets.

By Mr. Stevens: Salvine was prepared by a secret process, and was not the subject of a patent. Witness was not personally known in the business of the Salvine Manufacturing Company, and with a few exceptions he disputed liability of all debts incurred on the trading subsequent to the sale of the business to Bowden. He lent the assistance before referred to with a view to making the business a success and then receiving his 2,000% for it. He was still of opinion that it was worth considerably more than that amount.

There was no opposition on the part of creditors, and the

examination was ordered to be concluded.

Re Stephen Hassall, High Street, Newcastle-under-Lyme, S affs, Chemist.

THE following are scheduled as creditors:

Re Joshua James Thomas, High Street, Rhymney, Monmouthshine, Chemist and Druggist.

THIS tradesman bas been adjudged bankrupt on his own petition. His gross liabilities are stated to be 4291. 19s. 4d., and his assets 1051, of which 50l. is put down as the value of his stock-in-trade, 40l. as the value of the trade fixtures, and 15l as the value of the furnithre. After deducting preferential claims amounting to 26l., there remains 79l. for division amongst the creditors. The debtor alleges the cause of his failure to be depression in trade, owing to the stoppage of the Rhymney ironworks since the beginning of last year, illness during five months of the winter before last, and want of capital. At a preliminary examination debtor informed the Official Receiver that he started business two and a half years ago with a capital of 30l, his own money, and that the only account-book he has kept is a ledger. He

£ s. d.

also stated that he became aware that he had not sufficient property to pay all his debts in full six months ago, and that he has contracted debts with most of his creditors since then, hoping that his business would improve. The following particulars are given in his deficiency account:—Excess of liabilities over assets on June 15, 1891, 350l.; expenses incurred since that date other than usual trade expensesviz., honsehold expenses of self and sister—80l.; and incidental expenses, 10l. 19s. 4d.

Re George Goodliffe, 17 Rendezvous Street and 97 Dover Road, Folkestone, Pharmaceutical Chemist and Optician,

THE first meeting of the creditors under this failure was held on Saturday last at the London Bankruptcy Court, before Mr. Worsfold Mowll, the East Kent Official Receiver.

The debtor filed his own petition on June 13, and has furnished accounts showing total liabilities 4,365l. 16s. 4d. (unsecured 4,213l. 15s. 1d.) and assets valued at 1,846l. 11s. 7d., and the following are the principal creditors :---

#### Unsecured.

Archer, R., 17 Middleton Street, E.C	12 10 1
Baiss Bros. & Co., 4 Jewry Street, E.C	74 12 11
Barclay & Sous (Limited), 95 Farringdon Street,	
E.C	85 0 0
Biggleston, E., Canterbury	14 3 0
Bing & Son, Canterbury	41 0 0
Bourne, Johnson & Co., Furnival Street, E.C	35 0 0
Braham, O, 3 Sekford Street, E.C	12 8 1
Clark, J., Folkestone	14 0 0
Culver, G., 99 White Lion Street, Pentonville	12 17 3
Davy, Yates & Routledge	35 16 11
Dunsford, B., Folkestone	16 19 0
Fletcher, Fletcher & Stevenson, 21 Mincing Lane,	
E.C	10 4 10
Folkestone Gas Co., Folkestone	42 10 0
Francis, C. & W., Folkestone	15 13 3
Goodliffe, Mrs. C., Cambridge	1,800 0 0
Herriugs & Co., 40 Aldersgate Street, E.C.	58 0 0
Hill & Son, 101 Southwark Street, E.C	45 9 0
Houghton & Son, 89 High Holborn	11 2 4
Howest, Isaac, 85 Hatton Garden, E.C	20 6 11
Jacquemin Bros., 65 Hatton Garden, E.C	12 13 4
Laurence, H., 44 Hatton Garden, E.C	10 2 0
Lewis & Co., Furnival Street, Holborn	11 4 7
Mackey, Mackey & Co., Bouverie Street, E.C	20 2 0
Maw, Son & Thompson, 7 Aldersgate Street, E.C.	33 10 9
National & Provincial Bank, Folkestone	310 0 0
Perken, Son & Rayment, 99 Hatton Garden, E.C.	21 18 0
Pollard, W. H., Mountview Road, Finsbury Park	420 O O
Schiels, J., Folkestone	11 11 0
Silver Spring Mineral Water Co., Folkestone	13 0 0
Smith & Co., 132 Borough, S.E	10 12 0
Spalding, Mrs., Cambridge	30 0 0
Spalding, W. P., Cambridge	30 0 0
Teubridge, T., Folkestone	25 0 0
Toogood, W., Heddon Street, Regent Street, W	15 0 0
Walker, Troke & Co., 82 City Road, E.C	38 0 0
Worrell, W., Folkestone	16 17 3
York Glass Co., York	18 0 0
Partly secured.	
Eastes, T., Folkestone	520 0 <b>0</b>
(Security valued at 75%)	-20 0 0
Proformatical	

#### Preferential.

Hythe Building Society, Hythe ... 48 9 3 ..

Mr. G. H. Bower, attended the meeting on behalf of the debtor, and Mr. Frederick Hall represented creditors.

In reply to the Chairman, Mr. Bower said his client had not formally lodged a proposal, but was desirous of making a composition offer of 7s. 6d. in the pound.

The Chairman pointed out that there would be considerable difficulty in getting the composition offer approved by the Court, as hy that arrangement the debtor was absolutely relieved of all consequences that might attach to him in respect of misconduct from a trading point of view as mentioned by the Act. The Judge would raise objections to the scheme if his attention were called to any charges that might have to be made against the debtor. The better plan

would be for the meeting to appoint a trustee and committee of inspection, and for the deltor, if able to do so, to afterwards repurchase the estate from the trustee. That conrse would not deprive the debtor of his husiness, whilst it enabled the trustee to make an investigation into the finances and leave the Official Receiver free to deal with the conduct of the debtor. The trnstee would have full power to deal with any offer that might be snbmitted to him, but would, of course, be guided by the meeting. The debtor had been in business at Folkestone for a number of years, and from his (the Chairman's) own knowledge bore an excellent character. The creditors had every wish to help the debtor, but probably the better plan would be to appoint a trustee at that meeting and give him instructions to sell the estate at a fair valne.

Mr. George White said he represented the largest trade creditors, who had no wish to press hardly upon the debtor.

He thought the Chairman's snggestion a good one.

Mr. Hall, as representing creditors to the extent of 500l., said his clients were willing to do anything in their power to assist the debtor. They sympathised with him in his troubles, and were of opinion that the failure could be thoroughly explained, as the debtor had a good reputation at Folkestone.

The Chairman: Has the debtor any security to offer for

the payment of the composition?

Mr. Bower: None, sir.

The Chairman said that under those circumstances it would be impossible to obtain the Judge's consent to the

Mr. Bower said he was of comion that the course sng-gested by the Chairman was at least as good for his client as the composition. It would possibly be found that the estate would be worth less than 7s. 6d. in the pound.

Mr. White: Possibly he may he able to find security later. Mr. Bower: I should advise him to fall in with the sng-

gestion of bankruptcy.

Resolutions were then passed to wind up the estate in bankruptcy with Mr. George White (Francis, Nicholl & White), 14 Old Jewry Chambers, E.C., acting as trustee, assisted by the following committee of inspection—viz., Mr. J. P. Quick (Barclay & Sons, Limited), Mr. W. H. Pollard Mr. A. Baiss (Baiss Bros. & Co), Dr. Eastes, and Mr. F Tenbridge.

The public examination of the debtor is appointed for

July 1, at the Guildhall, Canterbury.

Re RICHARD VERITY, 64A Seymour Street, Portman Square, Chemist and Druggist.

THE public examination of this debtor was held on Tuesday last, at the London Bankruptcy Court, before Mr. Registrar Linklater. The amended statement of affairs shows nnsecured creditors, 467l. 1s.; liabilities on bills, 155l.; preferential claims, 25l.; assets, nil; and a deficiency of

Under examination by Mr. A. H. Wildy, Official Receiver, the debtor stated that he commenced business as a chemist and druggist in 1862 with 40% or 50% free capital. From 1878 to the end of 1891 he had no shop, but supplied his former customers with goods privately. In December, 1891, he took the premises at Seymonr Street, under an agreement with Mr. Dawe, the landlord and former owner, by which he was to pay 140% for the stock and fixtures if he found he could make the business pay its way. Witness had since traded there, but had been unable to pay off any part of the purchase money. In April last, Messrs. Natali obtained indgment against him for 33l., and by issning execution, the effects were seized by the sheriff, who continued in posses-sion until May 7. When he took the shop in December, 1891, witness was admittedly insolvent to the extent of 150l.; bnt, knowing that fact, he agreed to pay an annual rental of 1201, without taxes, and incurred further liabilities for alterations to the premises and keeping up the stock. He hoped to make the business a success. Messrs. Natali supplied him with carboys and window-fittings, and as they took away some of the goods that had been supplied, witness caused their action to be defended on the ground that they demanded payment for goods that had been returned to them. Their debt was originally 121. 14s., and the costs of the action amounted to 211. 16s., making the total claim 341. 10s. The stock and

effects had been sold by the landlord under a distraint for rent due at Lady Day last. No account showing the result of that sale had been handed to witness, therefore he was unable to state the amount realised. He was turned out of the premises before the sale took place. He admitted that in May, 1891, his liabilities exceeded his assets by 250*l*., and that he had place. incurred the greater part of his present indebtedness with a knowledge of insolvency, but then he anticipated being able to pay his way in time as the business was rapidly increasing. Another inducement for him to continue trading was his expectation of getting a partner to join him and introduce some capital. His debts included liabilities upon accommodation bills, which he signed with a view to raising money to pay off pressing debts. In one irstance the other party to the bill went away with the proceeds and had not been heard of since, so that witness, although liable for the whole amount of the bill, had not received one penny in exchange. It was only recently that he was pressed by creditors, as he had formerly enjoyed good credit. No profit had been made during the past year, and for some few years previously the profits had been absorbed in the expenses. No books of accounts had been kept since 1879, chiefly by reason of witness's health having been in a bad state. There had been a previous arrangement with the creditors in 1875. creditors came down upon witness, and as he was unable to pay them in full he settled the matter by paying a composition of 5s. in the pound upon liabilities amounting to 2,400l. This was the first time he had been adjudicated bankrupt. There was no opposition on the part of the creditors, and the examination was ordered to be concluded.

#### CORNER FOR STUDENTS .- HALF-YEARLY PRIZE.

WE append a reduced fac-simile of the certificate given to the first three competitors in the Analytical Tournament, which was concluded last month.



Copies of this certificate have been awarded to Messrs. W. Tiltman, J. R. Powell, and H. Bowden.

#### TRADE-MARKS APPLIED FOR.

ANY person who has good grounds of objection to the registration of any of the following marks should *at once* communicate with Sir Reader Lack, Comptroller-General, at the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.

(From the "Trade Marks Journal," June 22, 1892.)

"EKNOS"; for chemical substances used in medicated baths. By M. Maitland-King, 31 Grosvenor Street, Grosvenor Square, W. 153,277.

"REBELIA"; for perfumery and toilet articles. By W. H. Richardson, 222 Market Place, Dudley. 164,778.

(From the "Trade Marks Journal," June 29, 1892.)

- "SANDAL," and sketch of a sandal; for photographic sensitive plates or films. By R. W. Thomas & Co. (Limited), 10 Pall Mall, London. The essential particular is the device, the exclusive use of the word "Sandal" being disclaimed. 164,783.
- "OSBORNE'S WORM FLUID," and sketch of head of calf and a lamb on circular label; for a medicine for calves and lambs. By G. Osborne, Fulstow, near Louth, Lincs. The essential particular is the combination of devices, the exclusive use of added matter being disclaimed. 163,872.
- "INIVINI"; for a medicinal preparation for cattle. By A.C. Granville, 1 Packington Street, Islington, London, 164,765.
- Shield device showing golf sticks and balls; for chemical substances used in medicine and pharmacy, for mineral and aërated waters, and for perfumery. By J. Macintyre, 33 High Street, North Berwick. The essential particular is the combination of devices, the exclusive use of added matter being disclaimed. 163,698, 163,700, 163,701.
- Oval label with words and picture of "Monk's Abber," and wording: for mineral and aërated waters. By Arnold & Co., Lincoln, (Limited), 281 High Street, Lincoln. The essential particulars are the combination of devices, and the words "Monk's Abber," the exclusive use of the added matter being disclaimed except the name. 162,190.
- Picture of rhinoceros, and name of company; for mineral and aërated waters. By the Aston Grounds Company (Limited), Aston, Birmingham. 164,249.
- Picture of Durham Cathedral, with title on oval label; for mineral and acrated waters. By W. H. Wood, The City Mineral-water Works, Gilesgate, Durham. The essential particular is the device, the exclusive use of added matter being disclaimed. 164,414.

#### NEW COMPANIES.

CHESTER MINERAL WATER COMPANY (LIMITED) — Capital, 2,000*l*., in 1*l*. shares. Objects: To carry on a manufactory for aërated waters, syrups, cordials, &c. The number of directors is not to be less than five nor more than seven, the first being Messrs. T. Ball, J. Weston, H. E. Ostle, W. Rowland, and A. R. Smith. Qualification, 10*l*. Remuneration to be fixed by the company in general meeting.

MEDICAL REMEDIES Co. (LIMITED).—Capital 10,000%, in 17. shares: to acquire a proprietary medicine or remedy known as "Bew's Remedy," and to work, develop, manufacture, and sell the same, &c. The first subscribers (who take one share each) are:—R. McKenzie, 34 Bold Street, Liverpool; J. Bond, 60 Hope Street, Liverpool; W. Nash. 13 to 17 Brunswick Road, Liverpool; J. P. M'Phail, 311 Edge Lane, Liverpool; A. Armour, 10 Holly Road, Fairfield; W. Gracie, 303 Edge Lane; and N. Burnell, Mayfield, Egremont. There shall not be less than three nor more than seven directors, and the first are W. Gracie, R. B. Jones, J. E. Perkins, N. Leighton, and W. C. Bew. Qualification 100%. Remuneration to be determined in general meeting.

#### Trade Motis.

MR. FREDERICK BOEHM sends us some fine crystals of sugar of milk made by Mr. Carlo Erta, of Milan, for whom he is agent. It is supplied both in crystals and powder.

Messes. John Richardson & Co. (Limited), Leicester, ask attention to the circumstance that, under misapprehension, orders for them have been sent to a wrong address. They ask correspondents to be exact in addressing their letters to them at 10 Friar Lane, Leicester.

MESSES. MAY, ROBERTS & Co., of 9 Clerkenwell Road, have just issued their revised half-yearly (July) price-list, and will send a copy to any member of the trade post free. The list is well illustrated. We notice that the price of Higginson's enemas has been been lately reduced, and are quoted at a very low figure. The firm claim to give their customers the benefit of the circumstance that they employ no travellers.

WE understand that Messrs. Hodgkinsons, Treacher & Clarke, of Upper Whitecross Street, E.C., have admitted into Partnership Mr. John Slinger Ward, pharmaceutical chemist, who has been director of the firm's laboratories for the past nine years. Mr. Ward was formerly associated in a similar capacity with several London and provincial houses before entering his present firm's employment, having after his apprenticeship gone through the "Square" school, and thence to Messrs. John Bell & Co.'s laboratory. The new partnership dates from July 1, and the name of the firm will remain unaltered.

#### MARRIAGES.

AINSLIE—DICK.—At 4 Coliaton Road, Edinburgh, on June 14, by the Rev. R. Dick, U.P. Church, Colingsburgh, assisted by the Rev. W. Lyon Riach, M.A., Grange Parish Church, William Wood Ainslie, of Messrs. Gardner & Ainslie, chemist, Edinburgh, to Sibella Mary, youngest daughter of the late William Dick.

GOLIGHTLY—CUTTING.—On June 22, at the Wesleyan Chapel, Selby, by the Rev. G. E. Cutting (uncle of the bride), J. W. Golightly, A.P.S., Pudsey, Leeds (late of Durham), to Edith Cutting, Selby.

HUNTRODS—HIRST.—On June 7, at Burley Lawn Free Church, by the Rev. E. Boocock, of Heckmondwike, Walter Huntrods, druggist, to Jennie, eldest daughter of Mr. Geo. H. Hirst, of Kirkstall.

SHERA—TOWLER.—On June 29, at the Cathedral, Manchester, by Rev. Canon Winstanley, William Arthur Shera, pharmacist, Acton, W., youngest son of the late James Dundas Shera, of Horncastle, to Laura Edith, only daughter of the late John Henry Towler, of Rydal Mouut, Levenshulme, Manchester.

#### DEATHS.

BOOTH.—The death is announced of Mr. John Booth, chemist and druggist, of Heckmondwike, Yorkshire. Aged 76. He was one of the founders of the Heckmondwike Gas Company, and for many years its secretary.

LASCELLES-SCOTT.—On May 30, at Ulverstone, Lancashire, Mr. C. W. Lascelles-Scott, chemist and druggist. In his 26th year. The deceased was a son of Mr. Wentworth Lascelles-Scott, F.C.S., &c., of the Laboratory, Forest Gate.

LEECH.—On June 27, Mr. Frederick Leech, chemist and druggist, of Tideswell, Derbyshire. Aged 65.

DR. CARL SCHORLEMMER died at Manchester on Monday, June 27, in the 58th year of his age. He was born at Darmstadt, and studied principally at Giessen. He came to England in 1858 as private assistant to Sir Henry E. Roscoe, who had shortly before been appointed to the chair of chemistry at the Owens College. On the resignation of Mr. Dittmar, as assistant professor of chemistry, in 1861, Schorlemmer became his successor. This gave him time for original research. He devoted his work principally to the hydrocarbons, and his studies went far towards revolutionising the ideas of chemists

as to the constitution of these bodies. His discovery of the identity of the two bodies known as dimethyl and ethylhydride paved the way for further advances in organic chemistry which have proved to be of much widespread importance. The Royal Society catalogue gives the titles of thirty-two papers by Mr. Schorlemmer, most of which mark an important step. His work was recognised by the Royal Society electing him a Fellow in 1871; and the University of Glasgow distinguished him by the honorary degree of LL.D. A chair of organic chemistry was founded for him at the Owens College, and in connection with Sir Henry Roscoe he has been for many years engaged on the great treatise on chemistry published in their joint names, which, as far as it has been published, goes already beyond what any other textbook has given us; but the volume which was to complete the series will remain unwritten. Dr. Schorlemmer was not a brilliant lecturer, but he was an eminently successful laboratory teacher.

Shubotham.—On June 23, at Sutton Coldfield, Charles Shubotham for thirty years in the retail establishment of T. & W. Southall, Birmingham. Aged 51.

Wood.—On June 16, at his residence, Manor View, Barnsley, on the 57th anuiversary of his birthday, Mr. Eugene Wood, senior partner in the firm of Wood Bros. & Co, of the Borough Flint Glass Works, Barnsley.

#### Rotes of Robelties.

#### MICROSCOPIC BOTANIC SPECIMENS.

MR. EDWIN TERRY, F.R.M.S., a chemist at 1 Clifton Terrace, Nightingale Lane, S.W., has produced in a very neat folding case a set of microscopic slides of botanic subjects, intended to illustrate and aid the study of elementary structural botany. There are twelve slides in the case, on one of which three specimens are mounted. We have been astonished to note what a wide range of instruction is comprised in the fourteen specimens thus submitted to the student by Mr. Terry. The structure of seeds, roots, leaves, the cellular arrangement of exogenous, endogenous, and acrogenous plants, stomata on the cuticle of the leaf, cystoliths, annular rings, spiral, pitted, scalariform, and laticiferous vessels are all represented by judiciously chosen examples. The student furnished with a fairly good miscroscope can lay a good foundation of botanical science with the aid of these specimens. We were at first inclined to suggest that Mr. Terry should enclose a short explanatory treatise with each case, but it is probably the better way to leave the student to investigate each subject for himself from the usual text-books. The sections are mounted and stained in the most skilful manner, and the case with slides complete is sold for 12s. Mr. Terry can hardly expect to make much profit out of his venture; but he is entitled to the credit of having contributed a very useful labour of love for the benefit of beginners in botany.

#### CARBOLINE.

This is the name under which Mr. Henry Ellison, jun., of Cleckheaton, has introduced a new disinfectant containing the active bactericidal principles of coal-tar combined with eucalyptus oil. Carboline is a blackish syrupy fluid, which forms an emulsion on the addition of water, and Mr. Ellison claims that, although it contains carbolic acid, it is non-poisonous, while proof is advanced showing that as a disinfectant it is as powerful as carbolic acid. As the fluid is cheap and neatly put up, chemists might do well to encourage the sale of it, if thereby the fearful mortality from carbolic acid would be decreased. The similarity in the names should aid in this, and carboline is not unlike crude carbolic acid in appearance.

#### PHOTOGRAPHIC NOTES.

#### "ROUGHEST" BROMIDE-PAPER.

THE Fry Manufacturing Company have for some time been selling a very rough snrface paper. They have just published a beantiful print, entitled "Going Out to Sea," on this paper, toned with uranium, from a negative by Mr. A. F. Golding. The effect of the rough surface is exceedingly artistic.

#### "How to BE A SUCCESSFUL AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHER.'

THAT Mr. W. J. Lancaster, F.C.S., has a keen appreciation of the failings and possibilities of the average amateur a glance at his pretty manual amply demonstrates. It is a guide for the field and the dark-room, and a compact catalogue of his firm's (J. Lancaster & Son, Birmingham) manu. factores. The hints and instructions which are given in the manual are thoroughly to the point, and really tell the amateur all that he should know to overcome the many difficulties which one meets in beginning photography. A proof of the great popularity of the manual is the fact that the present edition makes the fiftieth thousand. It is a prettily printed and illustrated book of 148 pages, and contains prices of the leading manufactures of the firm, aluminium mountings being a special feature.

#### FALLOWFELD'S PHOTOGRAPHIC ANNUAL.

MR. JONATHAN FALLOWFIELD, of 146 Charing Cross Road, W., has sent us an advance copy of the thirty-sixth tissne of his well-known annual. It is astonishing how rapidly this volume grows in bulk, for it now comprises 592 pages and 806 illustrations. It is truly a "comprehensive catalogue of photographic materials, chemicals, and apparatus," for it gives particulars, prices, and, in most cases, illustrations of every conceivable requisite for amateur and professional photographers, and the fact that the goods of all the leading manufacturers are included gives the catalogne a nnique value to chemists who stock photographic apparatus. The "Annual" is very well put together, shows here and there originality in method, and is well worth the twelve penny stamps for which a copy will he sent to any who apply for it. We should add that the "Annual" contains instructions for developing all the leading plates and print-ing papers, and this section will be specially appreciated by chemists.

#### SHEW'S POCKET AND HAND CAMERAS.



MESSRS. T. F. SHEW & Co have had wonderful success with their "Eclipse" folding hand-camera, and, in order to meet present-day requirements, the firm have put upon the market a guinea "Pocket Camera," made much upon the lines of the "Eclipse." The lens, fitted with instantaneous shutter, works at F. 11. Each camera is sent out with three double hacks, the whole weighing only 14 oz. The "Repeatograph" is a camera of the magazine type. The changing of the plates is exceedingly simple, one movement changing the plate and resetting the shutter. No metal sheaths

are used, and the plate, after exposure, falls into a well, and can be easily taken out.

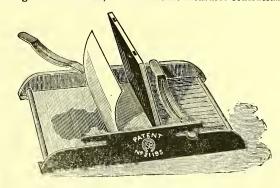
#### CARAVAN PHOTOGRAPHY.

THE Duke of Newcastle and Mr. Gamhier Bolton, F.ZS, have this week taken the road at Tunbridge Wells in the caravan "Bohemian" with the intention of making an extended tour with the camera. The caravan is most complete, both as a residence on wheels and a photographic atélier.

#### THE "DAISY" METAL PRINTING-FRAME.

This frame is of metal, very compact, light, and will stand rough usage; the negative is almost flush with the front of the frame, so that no shadows fall upon the print.

Being of metal, it does not warp or swell, as is too often the case with ordinary printing-frames. The weight is something less than half, and the frame measures considerably



less. The "Daisy" frames are mannfactured by Messrs. T. F. Shew & Co., whose showrooms at Newman Street, Oxford Street, W., are worth a visit.

#### TWO NEW DEVELOPERS.

MR. T. HAUFF, of Stuttgart, has introduced two new alkaline developers, which are said to give excellent results when used with either gelatino-bromide plates or paper. The first is "Metol"—a salt of mono-methyl-para-amidometa-cresol. The following formulæ are suggested by Dr. Eder:-

#### Metol-Potash Developer.

	A.			
				Parts
Distilled water				1,000
Neutral sodium sulphite	э			100
Metol				10
	B.			
-	Δ.			Parts
Distilled water				1.000
Carbonate of potash	•••	•••	• • •	100
Carbonate or potasit .	• •	• • •	• • •	100

For use mix 3 parts of A with 1 part of B. The developer will keep, or it can be used at once. For slow development, use 6 parts of A, 1 part of B, and add 2 parts of water. The "Metol" developer only loses slightly in activity by developing several plates in the same solution; the old developer acts less energetically, but may be used for over-exposed plates. Another form in which "Metal" may be used with good effect is the following :-

#### Metol-Soda Developer.

1	Parts
 	1,000
 	100
 	10
1	Parts
 • •	1,000
 ••	100

For use mix in equal parts. The developer keeps well. The second new developing substance is "Amidol," which, mixed with sodium sulphite, gives a developer of great energy, and exerts its full power without the addition of alkaline carbonate or caustic. The following formula acts as an excellent developer:-

				31	arts
Amidol	• •	 		 	5
Sodium	sulphite	 ••	• •	 	50
Water		 		 1	,000

Dr. Fder, writing upon it, says: "This develops the image on gelatino-bromide of silver considerably quicker than pyro. and soda; the image quickly gains density in developing, and shows heautiful half tones. There is not the slightest tendency to the formation of fog or hlisters. The plates attain a sensitiveness in this developer which cannot be exceeded with any of the other known developing sub-

#### LEAVES FROM A RECIPE-BOOK.



**OUNTER - PRESCRIBING** in the pharmacy must not include such diagnostic operations as those exhibited herewith. The pulse will always have an hononrable association with pharmacy, in that the first man to clearly appreciate the value of its variations, and to use them intelligently in the practice of medicine, was the first President of the Pharmacentical Society of Ireland—Sir Dominic John Corrigan, M.D. This noted Irishman's studies of the pnlse have had a universal recognition, and there are even some pecu-

liar beats which carry his name with them. The condition of the tongue as an aid to diagnosis is an old landmark in medicine, although it is only within recent years that anything like precision in its characters has been demonstrated. These things are, however, of little moment to many of those who read these lines, for woe betide them if they venture to look at a tongue or feel a pulse across their counter! Modern law regards such things with equanimity, for while the Medical Acts safeguard the qualifications and titles of educated medical practitioners, they avoid reference to anything approaching counter-prescribing, and make no pretence to prohibiting it. It is the time-worn Apothecaries Act which catches all who venture to poach on the medical practitioner's ground, and this Act applies solely to England and Wales. The public are not so cognisant of its provisions as chemists are, consequently in their innocence they daily lay many a pitfall for the obliging medicine-man in seeking remedies for common complaints. The most legitimate manner of meeting such demands is to have in stock put-up specialities of well-tried value, and general rather than specific in their effects. In a former selection from the recipe-book (THE CHEMIST AND DRUG-GIST, January 30) we gave some excellent formulæ for welltried remedies, and to these we now add some specialities for other classes of complaints.

#### Diarrhœa-mixtures.

				(1)				
	Tinct. opii					••		3iss.
	" cinn	amo	mi c	omp.	••	••		Зiij.
	" kino		••	• •	••	••	••	3iv.
M.	Mist. cretæ	ad	••	••	••	••	••	Iviij.
ы.				[Labe	7.]			

Compound Chalk Mixture.
For adults only.

 ${\it Dose}.{\bf -A}$  tables poonful every hour for three doses, then every four hours while the diarrhea lasts.

This is a prescription of the late Dr. Bickersteth's, Liverpool. It is a simple and effectual remedy in cases of summer bowel-complaint.

-	n promue v.						
	-	(2)					
	Pulv. cretæ aromat.	••	• •	••	• •	3ij. 9j.	
	" rhei	• •				3ij.	
	., zinglheris	••		0-0		3j.	
	Magnes. carbonatis	pond.			• •	3j.	
	Sodæ bicarhonatis	0-0				3j.	
	Ess. menthæ piperit	æ				Зij.	
	Tinct. opii					nixl.	
	" catechu		••			3ij.	
	Spt. ammon. arom.					3ij.	
	Tinct. kino					āij.	
	Spt. camphoræ					5j.	
	" chloroformi					3j.	
	Tinct. cardam. co.					Sij.	
	Aquæ					3ix.	

Mix all the powders together and make into a thin paste with the water, gradually adding more water and the spirituous ingredients to form a uniform mixture.

Dose for Adults—Three tablespoonfuls to be taken on the first appearance of the disorder, and half the quantity to be repeated every three hours, if necessary.

Dose for Children.—Between 10 and 12 years of age, a tablespoonful should be given every three or four hours; between 3 and 6 years, a dessertspoonful every three or four hours, mixed with a small quantity of water slightly sweetened.

From the length of this recipe it will be judged that it is an old one, and although it does not conform with modern ideas of prescribing, it is a good remedy, especially correcting the fermentative condition in the lower bowel, which is a prevailing cause of bowel-complaint. The mixture has been sold at the following rates: 4-oz. bottles, 1s. 6d.; 6-oz., 2s.; and 8-oz., 2s. 6d.

#### Hop Bitters.

Glycerini		• •	• •	• •	3iv.
Spt. vini rectific ui .					Ziij.
Tinct. podophyllini amn	non.			••	3vj⋅
" gentianæ co					₹vj.
Succi taraxaci					živ.
Inf. lupuli concent			••		₹vj.
" calumbæ concent					₹iv.
" senegæ conc.					Зij.
Aquæ ad				••	cong. s

Mix in the above order, set aside for twelve hours, and fifter through carbonate of magnesia.

Dose.—One or two tables poinfuls twice or three times a day before meals.

A nice preparation, possessing veritable hepatic and tonic properties. It has sold well in 8-oz. bottles at 1s. 6d., and  $16 \cdot oz$ . 2s. 9d.

#### Itch ointment.

(Snitable for cutaneous eruptions generally.) Hydrarzyri perchloridi .. .. gr. xvj. ~ • Pulv. ammonii chloridi ... gr. xvj. .. 9ij. Hydrargyri ammoniati .. Эіј. Plumbi acetat's .. Sulphur. præcipitat. .. žij. Hydrarg. sulphurat. .. q.s. .. 3xvj. Adipis benzoati ...

Triturate the powders together with sufficient vermilion (5j.) to impart a pick tint to the clutment, then work in the benzoated lard gradually to produce a smooth preparation. Perfume with English oil of lavender and e.s. bouquet.

"To be applied at bedtime, and after washing in the morning."

Two-ounce pots of this retail at 1s. It is a good application for many skin-disorders, such as emptions on the forehead and is a certain cure for itch.

#### Scurvy ointment.

Zinci oxidi			• •	• •	ા.
Hydrarg. sulphurat.			• •	••	gr. v.
, ammoniat.			••		gr. xv
" subchlor.	• •	• •	• •		Sss.
Adipis henzoat.	••	••	••	••	3j•
Mir intimately					

" To be applied morning and evening."

#### Ointment for Sore Nipples.

Tannin		 			3 <b>j</b> .
Bismuthi subnit.	,	 ••	••	••	3ij.
Vase'ini		 • •	••	• •	3xxx
intimataly					

"The nipples to be well smeared with this, and kept so while the child is not nursing."

#### VETERINARY MEDICINES.

There are few things which catch the eye of average horsey men so quickly as a good pedigree. Most of them can rattle off the forbears of a horse as "pat" as the latest music-hall dity. If any man amongst them has a recipe, ten to one it has a pedigree also. He had it from Bill Jones, who had it from Lord Gumboil's trainer, and Lord Gumboil got it from the Duke of Wellington's vet., or something of that sort. The first formula, which we take from

the veterinary section of the recipe-book is a "card" of that kind. It is for the celebrated

#### Newmarket Physic paste.

The note appended to it sets forth that "this paste was supplied forty years ago to the leading trainers and turfites—viz., the late John Scott, 'the Wizard of the North' in racing circles, the late Colonel Peel, Count Batthyany, the late Marquis of Exeter's trainer, the late John Day (Lord Palmerston's trainer), Jem Robinson (the celebrated jockey), Frank Battlis, 'Nat' (Colonel Peel's jockey), Sam Rogers, Job Marron (the rider of Teddington), and many others." There is a fortune in the recommendation, used with due discrimination, and the recipe is a good one too. It is this:—

Aloes barbadensis	• •	• •	• •	• •	15 xiijs
Saponis communis	• •			• •	Thivss.
Potassæ carbonatis	••	••			3xviij
Ol. anisi					5vj.
Aquæ					Zxx.

Out the soap into small shreds and put into a pan with the water, Heat and when thoroughly melted and quite smooth add the carbonate of potash and the aloes. Let it simmer for some time, stirring frequently until the aloes is dissolved. If allowed to boil, the mass will come over before melted. Lastly add the oil of anise, and stir it well in.

A small piece of the mass taken out before the anise is added, and cooled on a slab, will tell whether the paste has been brought to a proper consistence or not. Twelve drachms of the mass contains 8 drachms of aloes. The paste used to be supplied to trainers in 3-lb., 4-lb., and 7-lb. tins. There is no reason why it should not be sold as balls.

#### Tonic balls for Horses.

Pulv. cinchonæ	 	 	ξviij.
Pulv. gentianæ	 ••	 	3iv.
Pulv. ziugiberis	 	 ••	₹j.
Mellis		 	a.s.

Mix the powders, and make into a mass with the honey. Divide into twenty balls.

A ball may be given morning and evening.

#### Worm balls for Horses.

Pulv. antim, tart.					Siv.
" jalapæ "					3188
" zingiberis	• •			• •	5ij.
" aloes barbad.	• •	• •	••	• •	₹ij.
" sapon. hispan.	••	••	••	• •	388
Ol. caryophylli	••	• •	••	• •	
Syrupi simplicis	• •	••	••	••	- 5
Mucil. tragacanth.		• •			388

Make a mass, and divide into 1-oz. balls.

Directions: Give a ball after a very light meal at night, repeating in two or three days if necessary. A tonic-ball should be given once a week or else a tablespoonful of tonic and condition powder every other day to horses which are subject to worms.

#### Cough balls for Horses.

P	ulv. an	nmonia	aci	• •	 	 3iij
	" sc	illæ			 	 5j.
	, ca	mphor	æ		 	 5i.
	., ziı	ngiberi	is		 	 5j.
	" sa	pou. hi	ispan.		 	 5ij.
P	otassæ	nitrat			 	 5ij.
S	yrup.			• •	 • •	 q.8.
Make iuto a	ball.					-

"One ball to be given twice daily."

Lotion	for Gr	ease	in :	Horses	, H	eels.
Pulv. alun	ainis	• •				ãj.
Acid, sulp	h. dil.	••	••	••		Ξj.
Aquæ ad				• •		3 XX

"To be used frequently."

M.

#### Stopping for Horses' Heels.

Stockhol	m tar		••		••	0.0	ã⊽iij.
	• •	• •	••	••	• •	• •	₹viij.
Lard	••	• •		• •	• •	• •	₹viij.
Recenter							744

Melt the last three ingredients, theu add the tar, and stir up well.

#### Worm powders for Horses.

Sulpbur. nigri				••	3j.
Pulv. antim. tart	••	••	• •	••	3j.
Bol. armen	0.0	••	••		Зj.

Mix thoroughly in a mortar.

Directions: To be given after a very light mash or other meal. For ponies, a half to two-thirds of the powder is sufficient. A physic-ball should be given next morning.

One powder, 8d.; three, 1s. 9d.

#### Diuretic or Farcy Balls.

Resinæ flavæ	 			fbj.
Potassæ nitrat	 			₹viij.
Saponis hispan	 			ž viij.
Syrupi simplicis	 	0-0	••	q.s.

Make a mass, and divide into 5x. balls.

These have sold at 5s. a dozen. They are a good and efficacious medicine.

#### Stimulating White Liniment

#### (for Cattle).

Ol. ricini		••				žij.
Ol. rapii						Зij.
Ol. terebintbæ			• •	• •	••	Зij.
Sbake well, and add-						
Liq. ammoniæ	fort.	• •	••	••	••	Şiij.
Aquæ				••	••	žiij.

Shake vigorously again and for some time.

An excellent liniment, to be used as other popular preparations of the same nature.

#### Mixture for Ewes after Lambing.

Tinct. opii	••	••	• •		3 ss.
Æther. rectificat.	• •		• •		3ss.
Tiuct. lavand. co.		• •	••	• •	5vj.

М

Directions: Three tablespoonfuls mixed with a teacupful of water to be given for a dose.

#### Distemper-balls for Dogs.

Antimon. tart	 9-9	 gr. iij.
Hydrarg. subchlorid.	 	 gr. xviij.
Duly jolono		7:

Make a mass with glycerine of tragacanth, and divide into six balls, or twelve balls if for dogs under six months.

#### $\lceil Label. \rceil$

#### Distemper-balls for Dogs.

#### Prepared from a Newmarket Recipe.

Give one ball every morning. The dog must be kept shut up, so as to prevent infection of other dogs.

#### Balls for Red Mange in Dogs.

Hydrarg. subchlor.		••			gr. vĵ.
Pulv. jalapæ			• •	• •	gr. vj.
Antim. tart	••	• •	• •	• •	gr. ij.
Glycer. tragacauth.		• •			g.s.

Mass, and divide into four balls.

"Give one ball every morning."

#### Lotion for Red Mange.

Sulphur. vivum	••	 	• •	••	38 <b>5.</b>
Turpentiue		 ••	• •		3j.
Train oil		 • •	••		Зііј.
Mix.					

"To be applied to the parts several times a day."

#### Mange ointment for Dogs.

Sulphur. nig.	••	• •	• •			₹ij.
P. hellebor, alb.		••	••	••	• •	3vj.
Adipis	• •	• •	• •		••	Зiν.
Ol. olivæ		• •	• •	• •	• •	qs.

Make an ointment.

"To be used frequently."

duced."

#### DECEIT AND FRAUD.

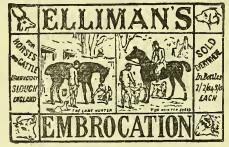
Registered "SANIFAS" Trade Mark.

The "Sanitas" Company, Limited, having ascertained that a Chemist has been selling a disinfecting fluid in bottles, wrapped to imitate in colour and effect the 1/- bottles of their Fluid, respectfully request the trade to kindly furnish them, in confidence, with the names and addresses of all persons so offending, or passing off goods made by them-selves and supplied when executing orders for "Sanitas" preparations, so that immediate proceedings may be taken against parties guilty of such contemptible dishonesty.

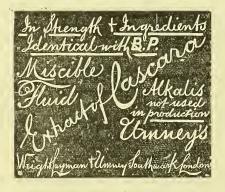
The "Sanitas" Company, Limited, would also like to be favoured with the name and address of any printer who offers to supply such wrappers to the trade.

THE "SANITAS" Co., LIM., Bethnal Green, E.

SHOW CARDS, 24×17 or 17×12, Free to any address in the United Kingdom.



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# Editorial Comments.

#### THE PATENT-MEDICINE TRADE.

IT will be observed that we are favoured this week with a communication from that interesting body "The Association of Owners of Proprietary Medicines," which we print with pleasure. This Association has not been particularly obtrusive, and though most of us were aware of the existence of some such body, we have always had, and have still, but vague notions of its constitution and labours. The Association has, we believe, been in existence a great many years, and though reluctant to assume a militant attitude, is generally believed to be well provided with the sinews of war. However that may be, we are certainly right in asserting that the Association, if select and modest, is influential and determined. The letter which we now publish indicates that it is putting its back against the wall.

We can understand the feeling of soreness with which the patent-medicine makers contemplate the threatened attack on their interests by the Pharmaceutical Society. We pre sume they have some definite evidence as the basis of their

reference to "an engagement entered into by which, in consideration of this Association not objecting to the Pharmacy Act, 1868, they [the Pharmaceutical Council] expressly, and as absolutely as possible, agreed that bonû-fide stamped medicines, known then and now as 'patent medicines,' should be exempt from the operation of the Act." It was a curious engagement to enter into, and we must say that the pateut-medicine proprietors showed less than their usual acuteuess in accepting an exemption clause so loosely worded as that on which they now want to rely. But it is undoubtedly the fact that there was a general sort of understanding in the trade, though not perhaps in the Legislature, that medicines such as those alluded to should be unaffected by the Act. It does not seem that the question of the meaning of the clause in question was raised at all in Parliament, and it is quite conceivable that the members who gave careful consideration to the Act may have argued to themselves that the exemption was reasonable, understanding, as they would do, the term "pateut medicine" in its strict sense. For, they might have thought, the composition of such a preparation being revealed to the public, and its preparation being protected in consideration of heavy fees, there was less necessity, and it would be hardly fair, to put special restrictions on its sale.

However this may be, the question is, we suppose, to be feught out, and we are glad to hear that the Association of Owners of Proprietary Medicines intends to contest cases thoroughly. We shall, at least, get definite interpretations of the Act, and the public and unregistered traders will learn with more certainty what is really the law on the subject.

With this letter from the Association of Owners of Proprietary Medicines, we print another from "One of the Large Proprietors" iudividually. We can testify to the justice of this signature, though we understand the preference shown by this proprietor for auonymity. His letter is, however, a sign of the times. We do not suppose his dream of the Pharmaceutical Council negotiating with mere traders is realisable. Apart from the fact of their dignity, it must be remembered that they would have no right to tarter away their statutory duties under the Pharmacy Act for any trade advantage. Neither should we regard with auything like the same hopefulness as our correspondent manifests the parliamentary prospects of a Bill such as he sketches. But we confess we do not perceive that either the Pharmaceutical Council's support or a new Act of Parliament is essential to the scheme which the proprietor aims at as his ultimate purpose. He wants to ensure the favour of retailers of his mediciues. He does not think it possible to legally prevent others than chemists from selling such articles, and on this point we agree with him. But he looks on chemists as the natural and the best agents for such articles, and is evidently willing to take some risk to secure their sympathy and interest. Like the majority of the manufacturers, he believes it would be to the benefit of his own business if he could make it better worth the while of chemists to deal in his articles. Then why not step boldly out on the road which has already been partially cleared by several of the very good friends of the trade? We have now some half-dozen firms who have pioneered in this direction. They have not grudged a good deal of personal trouble, and they have met with many discouragements in their efforts to establish an exclusive system of trading which shall ensure, at least, a fair profit to everyone who shall handle their goods. And the reports so far from them indicate that they are satisfied with the general results. The way is much easier now for those who think fit to walk thereiu, and the trade—and, to a large extent, even the cutters—are ready to

welcome any fairly-constructed system which shall lift particular articles out of the miserable slough into which they have sunk.

## INTERNATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL QUALIFICATION.

THE overthrow of the Irish pharmaceutical coach, which we reported last week, is worthy of some consideration. The Council of the Irish Pharmaceutical Society have manifested a very crediable determination to make their Act known and respected by all whom it may concern, and until they ventured on this Cork case they seem to have always secured both public and magisterial sympathy. Some of us at a distance, whose knowledge of Ireland and Irish affairs is acquired from the daily papers, from speeches in Parliament, and from travellers' tales, might have expected this latest action to have been one of the most popular which the Council could have undertaken. We have a suspicion that the Council themselves shared that anticipation. There, in the capital of Nationalist Ireland, a geutleman with a Scotch name, and furnished with only a British certificate, has been carrying on a pharmaceutical business ever since the Pharmacy Act of 1875 was passed—before that date, we believe. The Cork peop'e, regardless of what was expected of them, gave all their sympathy to the invading Saxon, and reserved their iudiguation for the Society which was fighting the battle of Ireland for the Irish. There were scathing letters in the newspapers, the magistrates made no secret of their partisanship, and when the prosecution was defeated on a technical point, one of them expressed his pleasure from

The point taken for the defence, and which proved successful, was that as the prosecuting solicitor could not produce his authority under seal to represent the Society, he was by an old Act of James I. concerning corporations debarred from proceeding, and the case became one in which there was no prosecutor. The Recorder thereupou dismissed the summons. The defence was, as the counsel who raised it admitted, a purely technical one, justified by the fact that the prosecution was also a technical one. The Council in Dubliu have some hopes of getting the decision ou this point of law reversed in the superior court, in which case the Recorder would have to hear the case on its merits. But at present the Society has got the worst of the coutest.

We confess to an inclination to assume the attitude of Mr. Facing-both-Ways in this interesting dispute. It certainly seems hard that a geutleman who has established a prosperous business, who has goue in and out among his fellow-citizens for some twenty years or more, and has evidently won their respect, and whose actual qualification to conduct his business is not for a moment questioned even by his antagonists, should be ordered to shut up his pharmacy or dispose of it, under an Act which has not been set in motion against him all these seventeen years that it has been iu existeuce. The Couucil, on the other hand, may most reasonably urge that they have an Act of Parliament eutrusted to them for execution, and that Act says as plainly as lauguage can express it that it shall be unlawful for any person other than a person registered under the Act to keep open shop for compounding poisons or medical prescriptions. How can they differentiate between persons? If they let two or three British pharmaceutical chemists carry on their business in Ireland they open the door for two or three hundred, and they might as well be without their Act.

The Select Committee of the House of Commous which in 1874 considered the condition of Irish pharmacy reported in

favour of a Society for Ireland to be independent of that of Great Britain, but that there should be a common register, and that licentiates of each Society should have equal rights and privileges in the three kingdoms. And the Irish Pharmacy Bill, as introduced by that eminent Home Ruler Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, provided expressly for such reciprocity as had been indicated by the Committee. This provision was only abandoned in consequence of the determined opposition of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain. As we have already pointed out, a person qualified in Ireland has been fined in England for infringement of the Pharmacy Act of Great Britain.

That a difficulty thus created by Act of Parliament to gratify the jealousy of a few individuals is intrinsically an absurd one, is obvious. And as the world grows older and narrower it will have to be removed. At present all British colonies where special pharmacy laws are in force admit for registration the mother-country certificates, and we believe in practice the Irish certificate is similarly received throughout Greater Britain. But the colonial certificates, though all of them guarantee a fair competency, and some of them involve severer conditions than those in force here, are none of them valid in any degree within the United Kingdom. A Colonial pharmacist who has learned his business thoroughly and has passed all the examinations of his country can only transfer himself home, as a pharmacist, by going through all the examinations and formalities again. The colonies will certainly not stand that sort of all-on-one-side reciprocity for ever. Even with regard to French, German, and American diplomas it is likely enough that some mutual arrangement will be come to some day. The Medical Act of 1886 makes certain provisions for the registration in the United Kingdom of foreign and colonial practitioners, and it would be an undoubted convenience, and no possible injury, if some mutual arrangement were come to in regard to the pharmaceutical registers. The subject is not, perhaps, ripe for action yet, but the case of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland v. Selkirk should certainly have the effect of developing its maturity.

#### THE ITALIAN PHARMACOPCEIA.

It has long been a reproach to Italian pharmacy that it was without a recognised standard medicine-book for the guidance of physicians and pharmacists. Although in one sense amongst the oldest of the nations of Europe, it is the youngest amongst the first-rate Powers, and to that fact we ought probably to attribute the singular circumstance that its first official Pharmacopœia should only appear at the end of the nineteenth century. But while there has been no uniform standard for the country, Italy has not been without its Pharmacopœias in recent times. Indeed, it is inconceivable how a country with about 11,000 licensed pharmacies could get along without some regulated methods for preparing medicines. What is by courtesy called the Sardinian Pharmacopœia ("Tarif de Pharmacie pour les Etats Sardes," published at Turin about forty years ago) was recognised in a large part of the country. Tuscany had a Pharmacopœia of its own, which was in use until a very recent date, was taken as the basis of the new publication, and was also followed in the Papal States. The two Sicilies had a Pharmacopæia to themselves, and all over Italy the French Codex was almost as well known as it is in France. It was about six years ago that the resolution was taken to compile a book which should replace the many obsolete and private formularies which were in use, but not until 1888 did the matter take definite shape, or assume a form that was hopeful of completion, and every year since we have heard that

the book was ready for publication. At first it was expected that the Pharmacopæia would not have official sanction, but happily that expectation has not been fulfilled, for the volume appears as the "Farmacopea Ufficiale del Regno d' Italia." A committee of seven, presided over by Professor J. Moleschott, have had the matter in charge, and on May 3 this work received the official sanction of Home-Secretary Nicotera. It is a handsome octavo volume of 443 pages, of which 372 are devoted to what is commonly called the "text," 26 tables constituting an appendix. The Pharmacopœia is printed in the Italian language, and even the chief heads of the articles are given therein, the sub-heads appearing in Latin, with ample provision of Italian synonyms. This arrangement is not altogether satisfactory for outsiders, Latin names being decidedly preferable to the vernacular for the chief titles. As it is, however, the Pharmacopæia follows the English and Frenchstyles in these chief titles; thus, bromide of potassium appears under "Bromnro di potassio," whereas the commoner continental plan is to place the name of the base first-e.g., Kalium bromatum. There are peculiarities about the nomenclature, in consequence of the vernacular groupings; but on the whole the names are consistent, and in accordance with the usage of the country, which is undoubtedly wise in a first authoritative Pharmacopœia; but in future editions it would be an improvement to make the Latinnames the chief titles, to reject the word "gomma," which is applied to such drugs as ammoniacum, and generally to equalise the groups of galenicals under specific names, bringing ointments and pomades together, instead of keeping them in two groups as at present. The choice of medicines which is given is distinctly liberal, there being 597 articles, including many that are obsolete in other countries and a good selection of new remedies. Amongst the latter, for example, are acetanilide, antipyrin, apomorphine hydrochlorate, cocaine hydrochlorate, guaiacol, ichthyol, iodol, lanolin, mannite, menthol, snlphonal, salol, and many others more or less new. It is apparent that great care has been exercised in drafting the characters and tests of the medicines; indeed, the Pharmacopæia is distinctly in advanceof the British regarding the potency of the more activedrugs. For example, belladonna root and leaves should yield about 0.5 per cent. of hyoscyamine; colchicum-corm should yield 0.08 to 0.2 per cent, and the seeds 0.2 to 0.4 per cent. of colchicine, and dried aconite root should contain from 02 to 08 per cent. of aconitine; cinchona-bark (Calisaya, Ledgeriana, and Succirubra are recognised) should yield 5 per cent. of total alkaloids, of which at least 11 per cent. must be quinine determined by Kerner's method; and opium, when estimated by the Flückiger process, should yield 10 per cent. of morphine, while it should contain on the average, only 10 per cent. of moisture. Considerable care is also exercised in fixing standards for essential and fixed oils; in the case of the former there is a table of specific gravities and boiling-points, and the tests for the latter include specific gravities, congealing-points, and iodine absorption rates. The ash and resin content of many drugs are declared, while the purity of chemical substances is liberally provided for by appropriate chemical tests and assays, and such physical references as specific gravities, melting-points, and boiling-points. In this connection we may note that the melting-points of alkaloids are amongst the criteria of purity. This is an advance upon British ideas and even American; but the presence of Vitali on the committee probably accounts for it, although other continental Pharmacopæias have also adopted similar tests for alkaloids. The appendix contains a large number of useful data in tabular form, such as atomic weights, strengths of acids and alkali solutions,

alcohol tables, ratios of solubility, reagents and volumetric solutions, maximum doses, &c. In the text there are indicated 124 medicines which every public pharmacy must have in stock, and in the appendix there are further regulations regarding domestic remedies and the storage and sale of poisons. From this glance at the main features of the Pharmacopœia, it is evident that it is a compilation which does the committee credit, and considering the legislative reforms which Italian pharmacy has undergone during the past seven years the excellence of the volume is no more than could have been expected. In Italy there are two grades of pharmacists—the unadorned and the doctor grades. Both are university-trained men, the former spending four and the latter five years in professional studies, the last year in each case being spent in a pharmacy, the longer first period being purely collegiate.

## HALF-PRICE CLOSED LETTER COMPANY.

WE have had numerous letters on the subject of the above Company from correspondents who have taken 10% debentures, some having paid the full amount, and others having only paid 1% deposit or something on account. The latter are now being pressed for payment of the balance they owe, and some of them have asked us if they are bound to pay the sums demanded.

The Company, through their managers, appear to have made certain statements during the negotiations for taking the debentures, and if these statements are not true they might amount to misrepresentation and avoid the contract. Many chemists complain that, after payment of their money for the debenture, or the requisite deposit, they cannot, after repeated applications, get any envelopes to sell, and that their agency has been a mere barren appointment.

In the formal documents which are alleged to constitute the agreement to take the debenture there is nothing said on the part of the Company that they will supply any envelopes; but we think that the whole of the correspondence would have to be read in accordance with the decision of the House of Lords in Hussey v. Horne-Payne (4 App.Ca. 311). If this is so, the case would appear to fall under the head of a case recently decided by the Court of Appeal-Turner v. Goldsmith (1891, 1 Q.B. 544). This latter case gives the agent a right of action against his principal in case the principal fails to provide the agent with the necessary materials for carrying on the agency. Assuming, for the sake of argumeut, that the alleged default can be substantiated, this would appear to give those who have paid in full a right of action for damages for breach of contract, and to those who are still the holders of the balance claimed a right of set-off on the same grounds.

There is another possible ground of action and defence, too, that may avail, and that is, if it can be maintained that the company's conduct shows an intention on the part of the company to repudiate the contract. There was a case of this kind reported in the *Times* of last week, *Booth v. Bowron* (8 T. R. 641), and there are numerous similar cases.

We have, of course, only before us the statement of one side, and it is difficult to say whether those who have not paid the balance on their debentures can successfully resist payment, but it might be worth while to test the matter. It is no answer, however, to an action by a company on a contract to take shares or debentures to say that it is not a successful concern. But in this case it is alleged that the company have not carried out their share of the targain, unless profuse apologies and promises can be taken as such.

The company, on the other hand, write saying that they are doing a flourishing business, and among the letters received by us it is right to say that some are from chemists who appear not to be dissatisfied.

If there is delay in payment of interest, and the debentureholders have duly forwarded their coupons, they can, of course, sue the company.

If any debenture-holders wish to take united action in this matter, and will advise us to that effect, we will put them in communication, but we cannot take further action ourselves.

#### COMMENTARY.

FLAME OF BURNING NITROGEN.—Mr. W. Crookes explains in the Chemical News that in the spectroscope the flame of nitrogen shows no lines, the spectrum being faint and continuous. The temperature is a little higher than that of a good blowpipe-flame, easily melting fine platinum wire. The hot gases rising from a flame have a strong odour of nitrous acid, and when it is produced in a closed globe, the interior rapidly fills with red gases.

ORIGIN OF FLUID EXTRACTS.—Says Professor Remington in his work on pharmacy, "fluid extracts may be justly called American preparations'"—and so they are, for the U.S. Pharmacopæia gave formulæ for them as early as 1850, but it appears from the Pharmaceutical Review that the credit for their manufacture is due to Eugland. Mr. Charles Ellis, of Philadelphia, in an article giving a formula for fluid extract of scnna, read before the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, November 25, 1834, used these words:—"A class of pharmaceutical preparations has, within a few years past, been extensively introduced into use in England, and to a limited extent in this country, under the name of coucentrated essences or fluid extracts." It was at least two years later before they began to find a real place in American pharmacy, and since then they have developed so rapidly that people have got to think that the States deserve all the credit for producing and perfecting them.

THE NUTMEG GENUS.—Ten years ago, less than a hundred species of Myristica were described, but Dr. Warburg, who is at present at Kew engaged on a monograph of the order, estimates the number now in herbaria at about two hundred. This great augmentation is almost wholly from discoveries in the Malayan Peninsula and Archipelago, New Guinea, and Eastern Polynesia. Dr. King, in his "Annals of the Calcutta Botanic Garden," abstains from any attempt to trace the geographical distribution of the species, on the ground that he believes many yet remained to be discovered. But on running through his work we find (says Mr. Botting Hemsley, iu Nature) that about fifty-four of his sixty-eight species are from the Malayau region, eight from the Deccan and Ceylon, and about six from the Assam and Chittagong region, only two apparently being found as far westward as Sikkim, iu North Iudia. Most of the new species are from Perak, a country exceedingly rich in endemic trees. Beyond the distribution indicated, there is one species in North Australia, and four each iu Madagascar and Tropical Africa, and perhaps about forty or fifty in America, extending from South Brazil through the West Indies and Venezuela to Central America and South Mexico.

MEDICINE FOR A WEAK HEART.—Ediuburgh medical circles are somewhat disturbed at present in regard to a question which was given at the final MB. examination con

June 14. It was in prescription-writing, and was as follows:-

Prescribe for a case of weak heart, with anginous pain, a mixture containing tincture of strophanthus, strychnine, arsenic, and iodide of potassium.

We do not suppose that the teachers of the Edinburgh Medical School would sanction, from a therapeutic point of view, such a combination as is here indicated, but it was the pharmacy of the prescription which disturbed the equanimity of the examinees. They considered it a mess of incompatibles, and, through the "College Column" of a local evening paper, a protest was made against it. We presume that there is a bit of "catch" about the question, the object being to test the student's knowledge of what is good to give and what is not in cases of angina, but apart from that the question is a good test of the knowledge of prescribing. Although potassium iodide precipitates alkaloids, it does not do so in the presence of a large volume of water, and the medicines indicated can be sent out as a clear 8-oz. mixture (tablespoonful doses) containing medium doses of the remedies. Doubtless that fact is taught in the practical pharmacy class of the University, but, if not, the sooner "The Art of Dispensing" is used as a text-book there the

NEW JAPANESE PHARMACOPŒIA.—The first Japanese Pharmacopæia of interest to Europeans was published in 1886, and came into force on July 1 of the year following. It was notable for its strong German characteristics-a fact which was admirably brought out by Dr. S. M. Suzuki, a Japanese medical practitioner, in a paper communicated to THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST of June 11, 1887. But the Pharmacopæia had not been long in force before its revision was resolved upon. A Commission, consisting of ten gentlemen, was appointed early in 1888, and from then until the end of 1890 they held eighty-three meetings. work which they have revised has been published in Japanese characters; but, as in 1886, there is also a Latin trans. lation of this. We gather from the Apotheker Zeitung that some slight changes have been made in nomenclature, which was formerly, in some respects, American in style, such as "Jaborandi" for "Folia Jaborandi." The latter form is now adopted, and generally this style is followed throughout the Pharmacopæia. Further attention has been given to reagents and tests, and standardisation has been adopted on the British Pharmacopæia lines, the strength of extractum opii being fixed at 13-15 per cent. of morphine, r ux-vomica extract at 15 per cent. of alkaloids, and cinchona extract at 18 per cent. of alkaloids. Dry extracts are directed to be diluted with powdered liquorice. Japanese scopola-roct is introduced into the Pharmacopæia, and an extract of it is officialised. Strophauthus also finds recognition, and all tinctures have specific-gravity factors attached to them. When will the British Pharmacopæia follow that good example?

OIL OF LAUREL-LEAVES—BAYBERRY—OIL OF BAY -BAY-RUM.

By C. S. ASHTON.

N page 43 of the current volume of THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST there is an interesting note on an essential oil of the leaves of Laurus nobilis, introduced by Messrs. W. J. Bush & Co. The note refers to the rarity of this product, and states that books of reference are silent on the subject. Some time afterwards I met with the following in Cooley's "Cycloradia":—"Oil of Laurel—syn. oil of sweetbay, ol. lauri volatile, ol. lauri essentiale, from either the berries or the leaves of Laurus nobilis, or sweet bay tree. Pale yellow, clear, odorous, aromatic, stimulant, and narcotic. Sp. gr. 871. The leaves yield fully  $\frac{3}{4}$  to 1 per cent." This made me curious to know whether there really were any specimens of the oil in the market besides this "novelty of Messrs. Bush. So I made inquiries among the leading wholesale houses. Only one firm among those applied to could supply an oil distilled from the leaves, while one other was able to furnish an oil drawn from the berries. All the remaining houses assured me that the oil was not an article of commerce, one of them adding, "it could only be obtained by special distillation of the berries." It must therefore be admitted that, Cooley notwithstanding, the note is not far wrong in describing Messrs. Bush's oil as somewhat of a "curiosity."

The two samples which I obtained differ slightly from Messrs. Bush's oil, as well as from each other, both in odour and sp. gr., but all three unmistakably recall the familiar Bush's new name for the oil is scarcely a happy one. Doubtless, the true "laurel" is Laurus nobilis (N.O. Lauraceæ), but what is generally understood by that name is the common or cherry laurel (N.O. Rosaceæ), which yields an oil similar to essential oil of bitter almonds; and by the term "oil of laurel leaves" one would naturally suppose the latter to be meant. There already exists quite enough confusion in botanical nomenclature, and Messrs. Bush would have obviated the risk of mistake by styling their article "oil of bay laurel-leaves," or "ol. fol. Lauri nobilis.

But if there exists ambiguity in the case of the name "laurel," confusion is worse confounded over the name "bay." The "noble laurel" is known as the "bay-tree" wherever the English language is spoken, but in America there are a shrub and a tree, both called "bayberry," which are liable to be confounded, pharmaceutically, with the bay and with each other. The first is the wax-myrtle, Myrica cerifera (N.O. Myricaceæ), whose fruit exudes the substance known as "myrtle-wax." The chemical term "myricin," used to describe the insoluble portion of bees-wax, is hence derived. Unfortunately, the same term is applied by the eclectics to a powdered extractive prepared from the plant. Bayberry-bark is much esteemed for its stimulating and astringent properties by herbalists generally, and is an active ingredient in the "composition" powder and essence so popular in the Midlands and the North. Powdered bayberry is very apt to be mistaken for powdered

bay-berries-pulv. bac. lauri.

The other bayberry referred to is the Myrcia acris (N.O. Myrtaceæ) also known as Myrtus acris, Pimenta acris, and Eugenia acris, or wild clove (Gray). Here, again, the similarity of names often causes confusion—myrcia and myrica being so much alike. The myrcia is a handsome evergreen tree, indigenous to the West Indies, very closely resembling Eugenia pimenta, but distinguishable therefrom by its flower having five calyx lobes instead of four. It is from the leaves of this tree that the genuine "bay-rum" is distilled, though for many years the secret was undiscovered. The name "bay" was probably adopted rather as a blind than to indicate its real origin, for we do not hear of the name "bayberry ' being applied to the tree till after it was found to be the source of bay-rum. The bay-laurel was long supposed to be the plant employed, but as far back as 1860 bay-rum was made "officinal" in the U.S. Pharmacopæia, where it was referred to as spiritus myrcia—"a spirit obtained by distilling rum with the leaves of Myrcia acris." In the last edition of the U.S.P. (1883) a spirituous solution of the volatile oil (known in commerce as West Indiau "oil of bay") is substituted for the distilled spirit. The following is the formula :-

> Oil of myrcia.. 1 fl. oz. " orange-peel .. 40 minims .. •• 25 pimento .. Alcohol  $4\frac{1}{2}$  pints .. .. 3½ Water ..

N.B.-Alcohol U.S.P. is rectified spirit of sp. gr. 820, containing 94 per cent. (volume) of absolute alcohol. The 16-oz. pint is that indicated.

It is claimed that the distilled spirit has a superior aroma. For my own part, having had the opportunity of comparing the U.S.P. formula with specimens of the original West Indian brands, I prefer the former.

It may not be generally known that bay-rum was intro-

duced as a perfnme pure and simple, to be nsed—as I believe it still is in America—in the same ways as we employ eau de-Cologne. Being a distillate, it was, of course, practically colourless, as is the USP. formula. But in this conntry it is rarely heard of except as a hair-wash, and its colour is usually that of Jamaica rum.

It is remarkable, too, that though its real origin has been so long known there should be so many people who still believe it to be a preparation of the bay-laurel. The first and best-known English makers perpetnate the error. Their label reads: "American Bay-Rum, distilled from the leaves of the Laurus nobilis." This, by the way, is a colourless spirit. Other makers use an infusion or tincture of baylaurel leaves with rnm and water; others, again, add a little expressed oil of bay to a mixture of rnm, spirit, and water; while I have heard of yet others who rub down ol. bac. lauri with magnesia and water, filter, and colour with burnt sugar! Then, again, there are chemists who, while using the volatile "oil of kay," or "oil of bay-leaf," imagine it to be the product of Laurus nobilis, especially when their drng-houses foster the illnsion by labelling it "Ol. Lauri Essent.," as I have seen done in more than one case. But, however labelled, the oil which is universally supplied by the wholesale trade for making bay-rum is ol. myrciæ acris. This, of course, is the correct thing to use, and the majority of firms now label it by its real name.

Ol. myrciæ U.S. is officinally described as "a brownish or dark-brown liquid of an aromatic, somewhat clove-like odour and spiey taste. Sp. gr. about 1.040. Soluble in its own weight of alcohol." The taste and aroma of all the trade sam les that I have examined bave answered this description, though the colour has varied (according to age) between light and dark amber, rather than brown. But the specific gravity in every case has fallen far short of the standard. Gennine oil of myrcia resembles the oils of cloves and pimento in being heavier than water. But all these specimens were lighter. Moreover, none of them was soluble in alcohol, thus proving conclusively their sophistication with fixed oil. Cooley (6th edition, page 267) drew attention years ago to the frequency and extent of the adulteration of this oil, and his strictures would appear to be as

much warranted to day as they were then.

I believe most of the British snpply hails from the West Indian Islands of St. Thomas and St. Kitts—Danish dependencies If. then, we should be asked, "What is the state of Denmark?" we should be inclined to reply, "Rotten!"

Since the foregoing notes were written I have come across statements put forward two or three years ago by Mcssrs. Schimmel and others to the effect that the U.S.P. description of bay-oil is inaccurate. These investigators say that the oil distilled by themselves from leaves imported from St. Thomas is invariably lighter than water and insoluble in If this be so, the above charges of falsification are unfounded. But it would be interesting to learn how these two sets of authorities have arrived at such different results. Can it be that the frnits yield an oil richer in eugenol, and consequently heavier, than that yielded by the leaves? If so, this may possibly account for the disparity in the figures given for the specific gravity. Then there remains the question of solubility. The persistent turbidity of commercial oil of myrcia in any proportion of absolute alcohol is an unnsnal feature for an essential oil to exhibit, and one would like to know to what constituent of the oil this peculiarity is dne. It is to be hoped that the compilers of the U.S.P. will clear up these points in their next revision, and publish some reliable data on the subject.

#### AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL NEWS.

Mr. W. R. WARNER, of pill fame, of Philadelphia, has left for Ergland.

Mr. J. H. STALLMAN, of Stallman & Falton, arrived in New York, per steamer *Enus*, on June 19, having spent several months in looking after the European interest of his honse.

MR. JUSTICE BEACH, of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, has rendered a decision supporting the claims of Keasley and Mattison to the exclusive right to use the

name "Bromo-caffeine." The case has been pending some two years.

MESSRS. MERCK & Co., of New York, having protested against the payment of 40-per-cent, duty on imported empty glass bottles, on the ground that the new tariff entitled them to entry at 1 cent per 1b., the appraisers have admitted the correctness of their protest.

THE ECONOMICAL DRUG COMPANY is starting in Chicago to sell drugs at cnt rates. The druggists of the city are retaliating by opening a shop next door to do the same thing at less—in fact, they will give the things for nothing, if necessary, and the wholesalers are to back them np.

DR. ROBERT W. GREENLEAF, who succeeded the late Dr. Pengra as Professor of Materia Medica and Botany in the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, Boston, has sailed in the Westernland for Antwerp. He will devote the summer to studying methods of teaching, principally in Germany, returning viâ London.

THE NEW YORK COLLEGE OF PHARMACY has at last procured a site for the erection of the new college buildings. The location selected is on Sixty-ninth Street, between Ninth Avenue and the Bonlevard, and is in the growing and more fashionable part of the city. The building will be begun as soon as the preliminaries can be arranged. Messrs. Fraser, of the Fraser Tablet Triturate Company, and S. W. Fairchild, of Fairchild Brothers & Foster, have been among the most active workers towards the erection of new buildings.

THE newspapers keep standing headlines, "A Drug-clerk's Blunder," "Another Druggist's Error causes Death," &c., if one may judge from the facility and promiscuouscess with which they use them. A young man in New York bought some oxalic acid this week, and gave it to a young girl for Rochelle salt. Though he claimed that he asked for Rochelle salt, the police justice, on the evidence heard, exonerated the druggist. Not with standing the fast that they announced the exoneration of the seller by the justice, the usual "blunder" and "mistake" headlines were used by the dailies in giving an account of the occurrence.

## \* REVIEWS \*

AND

#### LITERARY NOTES:

Aids to Health.

This is the title of a rather clever illustrated descriptive price-list issued by Messrs. Gilbert & Hall, chemists, Bonrnemonth. It is what we may call a speciality and surgical list, with many old things served up in a novel way along with lots of new ideas and novelties. The book shows excellent enterprise, and how profitable a thing it is to read THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST intell gently.

#### Catalogue of the Hanbury Heckarium.

THE Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain has published, and is presenting to its adherents, a catalogue of the pharmaceutical herbarium collected by the late Daniel Handury. The herbarium contains 610 distinct species of plants, but the actual number of specimens is far more than that; and very few of the specimens are without historic interest. Mr. E. M. Holmes, the curator, bas made a good catalogue of the collection. It is not a mere compilation of Hanbury's notes, or the names strung together, but comment is added where the knowledge gained during the last sixteen years adds light to Hanbury's observations or opinions. The catalogue will be very useful to pharmacognosists.

<sup>&</sup>quot;SCOPOMILINE" AND "GEORGE SANDFORD WEBB" are slips which we cut from a respected New York contemporary.

#### Scientific Rotes :

On Chemistry, Pharmacy, Botany, Materia Medica, &c. Original, Selected and Translated.

#### ASSAY OF HYDROGEN PEROXIDE.

In assaying peroxide-of-hydrogen solution with potassium permanganate it sometimes happens that the permanganate is not immediately decolorised. Engel says that this is due to the presence of a trace of a manganous salt in the mixed solutious; this results from the action of traces of sulphurous or nitrous compounds in the hydrogen-peroxide solution on the permanganate; the manganous salt is then oxidised to manganic sulphate, which is unstable in presence of hydrogen peroxide. The addition of a trace of manganous sulphate to the hydrogen-peroxide solution before running in the permanganate solution determines decolorisation at the onset.

#### LIGHT QUININE SULPHATE.

It is generally believed that chemically pure quinine sulphate cannot be obtained light—it is, in fact, asserted that the lightness of any sample is an index of the amount of inferior cinchoua alkaloids which it contains. But according to Carles the addition of ammouium sulphate to the warm saturated solutiou of pure quinine sulphate throws out the latter in a remarkably light form. The way to do it is to dissolve the salt in 30 times its weight of boiling water, add some crystals of ammonium sulphate (about 4 grammes to a litre of the solution gives the best results), and agitate. In from one to two minutes after these crystals dissolve the quinine sulphate crystallises out.

#### A LABORATORY DEVICE.

Most practical chemists are painfully aware of the nnsightly appearance of reagent bottles caused by the drops of the solutions ruuning down the outside and crystallising thereon. This may be prevented by simply painting the rim with melted paraffin. Care should be taken to cover only the side of the lip—none should be put on the upper surface. This can be accomplished most easily by using a small hoghair brush and a wax of low melting-point, such as is used for embedding sections. It will be found that, besides preventing the solution trickling down the outside, it enables one to deliver the reagent easily in single drops without resorting to the plan of only partly withdrawing the stopper.—R. E. B. in Chemical News.

#### VOLUMETRIC DETERMINATION OF PHENOL.

DR. R. BADER finds (Zeit. f. Anal. Chem.) that if to an aqueous solution of pure pheuol mixed with a few drops of au alcoholic solution of symmetric trinitrobenzol we drop iu slowly dilute soda solution, the liquid remains colourless as long as free phenol is present, but the slightest excess of alkali is recognised by a distinct "onion-red" colour. The solution of trinitrobenzol required is prepared by shaking up repeatedly a knife-pointful of pure symmetric trinitrobenzol (melting-point 122°) with 50 c.c. of absolute alcohol and filtering. It must have only a very faint yellowish colour, and must be preserved in a dark place. For determining phenol in a watery solution he proceeds as follows:-He prepares colourless solution, not too dilute, containing, if possible, not less than 20 grms. per litre; of this 50 c.c. are poured into a beaker, and there are added 2 or 3 drops (not more) of the trinitro-solution above meutioned. The liquid must remain perfectly clear and colourless. Thereupou normal soda is allowed to run in drop by drop, whilst the beaker is constantly sbaken. Towards the end of the reaction the liquid takes a scarcely perceptible yellowish tiut. When this point is reached the titration is best continued in the following manner:—2 or 3 drops of soda-solution are added at once, the glass is shaken up, and this is repeated until the reddish-yellow colour produced by the soda no louger disappears. The last 3 drops must be deducted from the total quantity of the normal soda consumed. The end of the reaction is best recognised if we place the beaker during the experiment upon a white porcelaiu plate. As regards the accuracy of the results they leave nothing to be desired if the solutions of phenol are sufficiently concentrated.

#### VITALI'S ATROPINE TEST.

MR. NAGELVOORT, referring in the Bulletin of Pharmacy to Flückiger's "Reactionen," commends the manner in which Vitali's reaction for mydriatic alkaloids is described therein. The "Reactionen" prescribes that the alkaloid (atropine), 1 mgrm., must be rubbed together with sodium nitrate, 1 mgrm.; that to this mixture one drop of concentrated (184) sulphuric acid has to be added, and when this is spread out in a film coarsely-pulverised potassium hydroxide (5 mgrms.) is laid over it, and at last a few drops of alcohol (0.83) added, to obtain the lilac colour.

#### A BRILLIANT FUTURE.

LITTLE is known as yet about the connection of colour with composition and constitution. The investigatious of Krüss, Liebermaun, and more recently Vogel, all indicate that the property is in great measure constitutive, becoming additive only within the narrowest limits of closely-related compounds. This renders correspondingly difficult a recognition of the connections at hand. Some time later, on the contrary, directly on account of this marked constitutive character, the colour will be an important aid in the determination of constitution; at the same time, when we shall have learned to recognise this connection with some certainty, the discovery of new dyes with definite properties will be no longer a matter of a lucky hand and of an un conscious feeling for this connection, Professor Ostwald thinks, but will rest upon just as broad a basis as, for example, the technic of the metallurgical processes.

#### TURPENTINE IN OIL OF LEMON.

In supplement to the note on this subject on page 151 of last volume, we give a few of Oliveri's figures on the polarimetric observation of mixtures of lemon oil and turpentine:—

P	ure o	il o	flemon .					••	+60.0°
	with	2	per cent.	turpen	tine		••		+58·25°
	,,	4	,,	22		••	••		+56·5°
	,,	6	,,	,,		••	••		+54.75
	,,	8	99	,,		• •	••	••	+53 <b>·0</b> 0°
	19	10	,,	,		• •	••	••	+51.25
	"	15	,,	,		••		••	+46 879
	11	18	9.2	**		••	• •	••	+44.25
		20					••	• •	+ 42.5°

This for the 100 mm. column. It is well to note that oil of lemou does not invariably show a specific rotation of  $+60^\circ.$ 

#### RESTORING OLD ESSENTIAL OILS.

DR. WERNER has recently described in the *Phar. Zeit.* a method for improving essential oils which have become resinified by age. After neutralising the oil to be treated with caustic-soda solution, then place the oil in a short-necked, round-bottomed flask connected with a Leibig's condenser. Next generate steam in a tin vessel and conduct the steam by a bent glass tube to the bottom of the flask containing the essential oil. The oil is carried over with the steam. From the condensed distillate the oil is separated by means of a Florentine receiver, and redistilled from caustic soda or potash. If small quautities are to be improved, treat the oil with the alkali only and then distil, whereupon the resin is left behind.

#### TEST FOR OIL OF WINTERGREEN.

In order that pharmacists may be able to detect readily any adulterations in oil of wintergreen (natural or synthetic)—such as the oil of sassafras, camphor, or turpentine, and petroleum—the following simple test is suggested by Professor Power. If 1 c.c. of oil of wintergreen be heated for a few minutes in a water-bath with 10 c.c. of a 5-per-cent. solution of sodium hydroxide, a perfectly clear and complete solution should result, whereas foreign oils, by their insolubility, form turbid mixtures, and on cooling separate drops of oil, while at the same time the odour of the wintergreen gives place to the distinctive odour of the adulterant. On adding sodium-hydroxide solution to the oil, a bulky, white crystalline precipitate is at first produced, which, upon heating, is completely dissolved, with the formation of sodium salicylate and methyl alcohol.



Notice to Retail Buyers:—It should be remembered that the quotations in this section are invariably the lowest net cash prices actually paid for large quantities in bulk. In many cases allowances have to be added before ordinary prices can be ascertained. Frequently goods must be picked and sorted to suit the demands of the retail trade, causing much labour and the accumulation of rejections, not all of which are suitable, even for manufacturing purposes.

4 should also be recollected that for many articles the range of quality is very wide.

42 CANNON STREET, E.C., June 30.

#### The London Markets.

#### Adulterated Gum Arabic.

At a recent meeting of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, Professor Maisch read a letter from a correspondent in Canada, who referred to a curious adulteration he had met with in a sample of acacia—namely, rock salt. The percentage was not stated. Professor Maisch said that the present source of gum arabic is further east than formerly—nearer the Red Sea; the old habitat being inaccessible. Chemically, gum senegal is identical with gum arabic, but physically the difference is quite marked. To make the former more closely resemble the latter, it has been the practice of some to wet gum senegal, and expose it to sufficient heat to cause fissuring, when it will more closely resemble true acacia.

#### Servian Customs Tariff.

Amongst the changes which have recently been effected in the import duties of Servia the following may be noted:-Vegetable medicines generally, such as barks, seeds, leaves, resins, flowers, copaiba, manna, opium aud camphor, acids and salts, mercurials, and animal products, such as cantharides and musk, are raised from 50f. to 100f. per 100 kilos.; sulphur, alum, soda, and other alkali products have been increased from 2f. to 8f. per 100 kilos.; mineral acids, arsenic, zinc white, and other dry substances of a similar nature rise from 5f. to 12f.; cochineal and indigo, with several other similar colours, are now to pay 80f. per 100 kilos.; they paid 50f. before. A considerable change has been effected in the oils and fats class of goods, all the rates being increased by two to five times what they were formerly; thus olive and seed oils will henceforth pay at the rate of 100f. per 100 kilos.; it used to be 20f.; waxes will pay the same as against 40f., and candles of paraffiu, tallow, &c., will pay 150f.; crude petroleum is reduced to 1.40f., and the purified raised to 20f.

#### New Portuguese Customs Duties.

The following are some of the new duties which are given in the tariff authorised on May 10:—Camphor 200 reis  $(10\frac{1}{2}d)$  per kilo.  $(=35\frac{1}{3}$  oz.); cotton-seed, almond, and other seed oils, the same; essential oils, 750 reis  $(3s \ 3d)$  per kilo.; nitrate of silver, 350 reis per kilo.; quiniue salts, 2,000 reis (9s) per kilo.; and chemical products generally will pay 13 per cent.  $ad\ val$ .

#### Quinine from Cupreine.

The rapid disposal of cuprea-bark on Tuesday was doubtless due to the fact that the prices were low considering the quinine content of the bark; but, apart from that, the recent researches on the conversion of cupreine into quinine may have something to do with the renewed demand for the bark. These researches have resulted in the patent process formulated by a Paris firm, to which reference has recently been made in this journal. Whether this process can be

economically worked or not is doubtful, as sodium is employed in the process, as well as methyl bromide, which is not a particularly cheap article, and the use of these will determine the practicability of the process. In it 3 10 kilos. of cupreine is treated with  $\frac{1}{4}$  kilo. of sodium, 30 kilos of methyl alcohol, and 1 kilo. of methyl bromide or an equivalent of a similar methyl compound. This mixture is heated for twelve hours at a temperature of  $120^{\circ}$  to  $130^{\circ}$  C.; then the alcohol is recovered by distillation. The result of this treatment of the cupreine is that a methyl group (CH $_3$ ) is introduced into the cupreine, methyl cupreine being thus formed, and methyl cupreine is identical with quinine. The product can be combined with acids to form sulphate, hydrochlorate, &c., identical in appearance with the quinine salts obtained from cinchona-barks. We mention this matter as being one of scientific interest rather than commercial importance, for the profitable working of the process, should it ever be adopted on a commercial scale, will always require low-priced cuprea-bark.

#### Manufacture of Castor Oil in Jamaica.

The director of the Botanic Gardens at Jamaica cousiders that the following letter shows that Jamaica can compete with India in this manufacture:—

You will remember the sample of castor oil I showed you in the exhibition. Only a few weeks ago I sold my first oil to the St. Cruz Ho-pital at the rate of  $7\frac{1}{2}d$ . per lb., delivered in the hospital. The cil kept very well, which only shows that our castor-oil seeds, manufactured in the way you directed me, are as good as the East Indian ones, and much better than those grown in America. My oil was clearer than the hospital oil in Kingston, which Mr. Foster showed me.

CARL HINDERMANN.

But where is the competition? India can supply the oil at half the price.

ACID (ACETIC).—It is expected that slightly higher rates will rule by-and-by, and the demand for acetate of lime has improved in this anticipation, higher prices being obtained for both grey and brown acetate. The price for 25-per-cent, acid from this source is now 7l., in ton lots or more.

ACID (CITRIC).—This acid is still obtainable at last week's quotation.

ANTIMONY (CRUDE) is firmly quoted, and has been sold at 27l. Powdered black antimony and crocus are correspondingly dearer.

 ${\tt BORAX}$  is firm at the last quotations, and boracic acid also remains firm at 24s.

CAMPHOR.—English refined in bell is now quoted at 1s.  $6\frac{1}{2}d$ . to 1s. 7d., according to quantity, and the prices of other makes coutinue firmer.

CINCHONA. — The auctions on Tuesday were neither largely attended nor was the supply of bark quite up to the average, but it is seldom that one sees bidding so brisk and purchases so full as they were then. In consequence, some of the selling brokers exhibited a cheerful tone, and while some reckoned that the unit was a shade better, the general feeling was that it had advanced an eighth of a penny. The maximum touched was a unit of  $\frac{1}{4}d$ . The total quantity of bark offered was 302,078 lbs., and of this 288,253 lbs. were disposed of publicly, but there were understaudings between sellers and bidders regarding the balance of 13,820 lbs. The bark originated as follows:—

		Packages	1	ackag	zes
East Indian cinchona		838 of	which	838	were sold
Ceylon cinobona 🗻	0-0	672	22	664	39
Cuprea bark		285	22	220	**
South American cinchons	3	216	99	206	99
Java cinchona		65	93	65	>>
		2,076		1,993	

CUPREA BARK.—The 285 bales have been lying in London for four years, and by this time have eaten their heads off. The selling broker reached the rostrum some time after his turn, and immediately the bidding became brisk. The prices obtained were  $1\frac{3}{4}d$ . and 2d., and in the case of over 100 bales the broker insisted upon the  $1\frac{3}{4}d$ . and 2d. for alternate lots. No one would go that length

at first, but ultimately a bargain was struck on a compromise, but a number of cases were bought in. The purchases were made on behalf of French and German houses, neither English nor American trying for the bark.

CEYLON CINCHONA.—The assortment of bark was, on the whole, very good. The bulk of the bark sold was Officinalis. Original, chippy and quill mixed, went for 2d. to  $2\frac{3}{4}d$ .; and Renewed mostly at  $4\frac{1}{4}d$ . to 5d. a small dark lot fetching only 4d Bold root-bark sold at  $5\frac{1}{2}d$ . and 6d. A large volume of Succirubra was also sold at the following rates:—Original chips and shavings, somewhat dusty, 2d. to  $2\frac{3}{4}d$ .; Renewed chips,  $2\frac{1}{4}d$ . to  $3\frac{3}{4}d$ . Several bales from the Lanka plantation sold at 4d., the highest figure obtained in this class. One lot of red root bark sold at 2d., but  $3\frac{1}{4}d$ . was the price generally obtained; while 5 bales of bark, said to be "half-rotten," brought  $\frac{1}{4}d$ . more. Hybrid stem shavings and chips took the honours of the day for lowness of price,  $\frac{1}{2}d$ . per lb. being accepted for 2 bales of somewhat twiggy bark; from  $2\frac{1}{4}d$ . to 3d was the common range of price for stem shavings. From stem chips, Original, sold at  $2\frac{1}{4}d$ , and Renewed at  $3\frac{1}{4}d$  and  $3\frac{1}{2}d$ .

EAST INDIAN.—Fair Travancore bark in bright chips sold at 2d. There were only 9 bales of it, and the other 734 sold was equally divided between grey, red, and Ledger barks. Original kinds of Succirubra sold as follows: Fair to good bold and clean chips, 1\(^3\)d. and 2\(^1\)d. to 3d.; bold flat quil, 2\(^1\)d.; fine druggists' quill, large and well formed, 7d. (one small parcel). Renewed fetched 1\(^3\)d. to 2\(^1\)d. for ordinary chips and shavings, and 5\(^1\)d. for a specially good lot. Several bales of mixed original and renewed, 2d and 3d. For Ledger bark the bidding was brisk and liberal, and the following were the values ultimately set upon the offerings:—Original branch chips and shavings, dull to fair bright, 2\(^3\)d. and 3d.; good bright and clean, 3\(^1\)d. to 4d.; and fine chips and shavings, 5d. to 6\(^1\)d. Renewed seem chios, 3\(^3\)d. and 4d.; fine ditto, 8d.; renewed broken quill, 6d; and root, 4d. One parcel of Crown, 1\(^3\)d.—a poor lot; Officinalis renewed, 3\(^1\)d. and 3\(^1\)d. and 3\(^1\)d. and sold; Condaminea, ordinary stem and branch chip, 2d; root bark, 3\(^3\)d.

JAVA.—Ledger: Branch chips, dull to fair bright dusty,  $2\frac{1}{4}d$ . to 3d.; stem chips,  $4\frac{3}{4}d$ . and 5d; and fine root, 6d.

SOUTH AMERICAN.—Of cultivated Bolivian in good quills, 156 bales sold at prices ranging from  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ , to 6d. The rest of the 206 bales that were sold were damaged more or less seriously, and sold at  $3\frac{1}{2}d$ , to  $5\frac{1}{2}d$ .

The cinchona auctions to be held in Amsterdam on July 14 will consist of 112 cases and 3,629 bales, about 305 tons, divided as follows:—From Government plantations 51 cases and 265 bales, about 28 tons; from private plantations 61 cases and 3,363 bales, about 277 tons. This quantity contains, of druggists' bark—Succirubra quills 81 cases, broken quills and chips 16 cases and 75 bales; manufacturing bark—Ledgeriana quills 15 cases, broken quills and chips 2 648 bales, root 646 bales; Officinalis broken quills and chips 23 bales, root 6 bales; Hybrid broken quills and chips 211 bales, root 20 bales. Further particulars will follow as soon as all the analyses have been published.

CINNAMON.—The market is decidedly firmer, and good business has been done this week at the following rates:—Seconds,  $6\frac{3}{4}d$ ; unworked thirds,  $6\frac{1}{4}d$ ; and fourths,  $5\frac{3}{4}d$ . Higher rates are at present rolling at Colombo.

CLOVES—The market is by no means brisk. In auction middling to fair Zanzibar,  $2\frac{5}{8}d$ . to  $2\frac{3}{4}d$ .; good, 3d.; good picked Penang,  $9\frac{1}{3}d$ . to  $9\frac{3}{4}d$ .

CREAM OF TARTAR—There is no difficulty in getting quantities of first white in crystals at 87s.

GINGER.—Jamaica, although in large supply, has met with less demand, and sales have been made at easier rates. Rhatoon, common dark, 49s. 6d to 5?s.; ordinary dull and lean, 55s to 58s.; dull washed, 59s 6d. to 62s.; middling to bright bleached, 68s. to 70s. Cochin flat: B cut, 68s.; fine bold A, 100s. These were the principal items of Wednesday's sales.

HENBANE EXTRACT.—For the BP. preparation made from English leaves we have heard that 6s per lo has been paid to the maters. Belladonna extract is also much firmer in price.

ISINGLASS.—The periodical sales were held on Tuesday, when 155,500 lbs. of the 183,150 lbs. offered were sold. Brazil was in good demand at steady prices, but excessive supplies of Bombay held to make those varieties go off flat; thus leaf was 1d. to 2d. lower, but purse 1d. dearer. Penang leaf was held for steady prices and little sold; purse dull. Saigon leaf 2d. to 3d. lower. Fine lump Brazil, 2s. 7d. to 2s. 9d.; good to fair, 2s. 2d. to 2s. 6d. West India lump, 1s. 9d. to 2s. 3d. Penang leaf pickings. 1s. 7d.; ordinary to good leaf, 3s. to 4s. 1d.; fine tongue, 3s. 10d. Saigon leaf, 5s. 11d.; fair, 4s 9d. to 5s. 3d. Bombay good old-style tongue, 1s. 6d.; fair bladder, 1s 10d.; fine, 2s. 8d. to 3s.

MAGNESIA.—Calcined is quoted at 10d. to 1s. 2d. per lb., according to the nature of the package, f.o.b. at works; carbonate, 32s. 6d. per cwt. on same terms.

OIL (COD-LIVER).—Our Norway correspondent writes under date of June 13:—"The Finmarken fishing is now over for this season, with a better result than last year. The total production of liver and cod-liver oil is 44.398 and 3,899 hectolitres respectively, against 29,172 and 772 hectolitres last year. Below I give you the total figures for the whole of Norway for 1892:—

-	Liver	Cod-liver Oil
Soendmoere Nordmoere Vesteraalen Tromsoe, Senjen, &c. Finmarken Lofoten	Hectolitres* 4,600 7,737 14,400 1,000 44,393 23,000	Hectolitres 1,200 5 300 2,827 1,440 3,899 8,100
Total	95,135	22,765

The quantity of medicinal cod-liver oil is thus fully 1,600 hectolitres below that of last year, and 2,800 below the average of the previous four years. The quantity of liver avail able for other oils is 31,000 hectolitres over that of last year, but 9,500 below the average of the previous four years. Last year the lowest prices touched were 65s. to 67s. 6d, but at the close of the Finmarken fishing prices went up to 70s. and 75s., and remained steady at about 75s. till the beginning of this year. Price is, therefore, unwarrantably low at present, and it must not be forgotten that a great deal of Finmarken oil is of au inferior quality this season, which makes the quantity of really good cod-liver oil considerably less than for many years past. No surprise must therefore be felt if the price should move up a little ere long. It cannot be avoided later in the summer or autumn, although at present there may be sellers who will accept rigiculously low prices, just to turn their small stocks into cash. lately been made at 65s, c.i.f., U.K. east coast." Sales have

OIL OF CLOVES.—English distilled oil now commands 2s. 3d. per lb. from the distillers.

OIL OF PEPPERMINT.—The H.G.H. brand is dearer, and is no longer procurable at 13s.  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ . per 1b, but 13s. 6d. can buy it.

OILS (FIXED)—Linseed easier; spot, 18s. 6d.; land, 18s. 6d.; barrels, 18s  $7\frac{1}{2}d$ .; July-August, 18s.  $10\frac{1}{2}d$ . Rape steady; refined, 24s. 6d. Cotton seed quiet; refined, 19s. 6d. Cocoanut, Ceylon, 22s.; Cochin, 24s. Palm, Lagos, 23s. Olive, Spanish, 34s. 6d; Messina, 34s. 6d.; Mogadore, 34s.

Otto of Rose—We have before us a letter from Constantinople confirming the statement made herein regarding the short supplies of otto of rose this year. Our correspondent states that "9 to 12 okkas of rose-leaves yield in a good season one metical of oil, whilst it was necessary this year to take 18 to 24 okkas. It is therefore believed that the result of the whole crop will probably not be more than about 250,000 meticals, against 450,000 in 1891; and when including the stock of last year, amounting to about 50,000 meticals, there will be only 300,000 meticals, against 500,000 in 1891. The stock in the hands of dealers cannot be very large, and no doubt there will be higher prices. Two hundred and fifty thousand meticals are equal to 37,500 Turkish ounces of

<sup>\* 100</sup> hectolitres are equal to 86 barrels, or about 9 tons.

10 Turkish drachms. Three hundred thousand meticals equal to 45,000." The following comparison of the crops of recent years shows the exact position:—

 Crop in 1892
 .. 280,000 meticals = about 42,000 oz.

 " " 1891
 .. 450,000
 " " 67,500 " 78,000 "

 " " 1890
 .. 520,000
 " " 78,000 "

 " " 1899
 .. 550,000
 " " 82,500 "

The finest qualities of otto have been sold in London at 30s. 6d. per oz. to wholesale buyers, and from 28s. to 28s. 6d. has been paid for the ordinary.

OPIUM.—A correspondent at Smyrna, writing on June 11, states that within the past fortnight the position of opium has remained almost the same. The sales for the fortnight amount to 30 chests, manufacturing sorts, with a slight fall of 1d. on the closing sales. Advices from the provinces state that the rains have caused slight damage, but it is quite certain that the harvest for the whole of Tarkey will reach a minimum of 8,000 chests. Arrivals from the new harvest amount to 40 chests, against 103 last year at same date. From another source, we have the following sanguine statement:—"The opium harvest of Sandikli, Kutahya, Bolvadin, and some other localities of the vilayet of Hudavendighiar, promises to be more abundant than last year; the total produce of the whole province, including the district of Broussa, Karissi, and Ertoghroul, is estimated at 15,000 cases." This is at least 30 per cent. more than the most liberal estimates which have yet been made. Our Smyrna correspondent writes on June 25:—"The only sale this week consisted of 5 cases Karahissar talequale at the equivalent of 6s. 6d. per lb. f.o.b. Hitherto only 101 baskets of new opium have come forward, as against 205 at the same last year, but the gathering in of the crop in the lower districts commenced ten days later than usual. Moreover, it will be about 30 days less than the last owing to the unfavourable weather which prevailed during the harvesting. This, however, is not the case in the northern districts, where the crop is now being collected, and should the present favourable weather continue there is no reason to doubt that the total outturn this year, including the Malatia and Salonica kinds, will not be less than 9,000 baskets."

PARAFFIN WAX.—Refined rules at  $3\frac{1}{2}d$ . to  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ . per lb., according to melting-point.

PEPPER—Business was done in auction on Wednesday at the following prices:—Blach: Singapore, grey,  $2\frac{1}{5}d$ .; fine bold washed, 3d. to  $3\frac{1}{5}d$ .; fine bo'd Mangalore,  $5\frac{1}{5}d$ . to  $5\frac{1}{2}d$ . White: Penang,  $3\frac{1}{5}d$ .; Singapore, dull brown to middling,  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ . and  $4\frac{1}{5}d$ .; fine,  $6\frac{1}{2}d$ .; and superior bold,  $8\frac{1}{2}d$ . Prices are easier.

PHOSPHORUS.—Dearer. Sticks are quoted at 2s. 1d., but an easier price could be obtained.

PIMENTO is steady at prices ranging from  $2\frac{3}{8}d$ . to  $2\frac{5}{8}d$ ., according to quality.

POTASH CHLORATE continues to hold its firm position at 7d. per lh., but a shade less (say  $6\frac{3}{4}d$ .) would be taken.

QUICKSILVER.—Second-hand holders are selling at 7*l*., but the official quotation remains at last week's rate—7*l*. 2*s*, 6*d*,

QUININE remains in a lifeless condition,  $8\frac{3}{4}i$ . being the price taken for German.

SEEDS—Canary: A firm tone has been prevailing during the last fortnight, and the demand is somewhat more active and prices are higher—viz, Turkish, 46s. to 50s.; Morocco, 48s. to 51s.; Spanish, 60s per 464 lbs. ex warehouse. Hemp—Russian, 33s. to 35s.; fine bold hemp-seed is scarce. The firmness of linseed continues and values are advancing. Sicilian seed, 54s. to 56s.; Russian, 39s. to 42s.; East Indian, 40s. to 42s.; River Plate, 39s. to 43s.; Calcutta, 39s. 6d.

SHELLAC —Sa'es were held on Tuesday, when three times more of the article was brought forward than was required. The supply consisted of nearly 1,200 cases, and of these 454 were sold. Orange sold at a decline of 4s. and 5s., the prices being, orange fine unworked pale, 9s. to 9ls.; dull broken, 88s. to 89s.; pale to good second, 82s. to 87s.; poor to medium flat, dull to red, 7ls. to 75s. Button, 79s.; fair 2's and thirds, 73s. and 77s. Garnet, good unworked AC, 69s. to 71s. To day there is a better feeling, and 200 cases of TN have changed hands at better prices.

SODA BICARBONATE is very firm, the price at the worksbeing 61.15s. per ton in 1-cwt. kegs, and 15s. more in-London.

SODA CRYSTALS easy, at the last quotations.

SODA PHOSPHATE quiet, at 14l. 10s. in Liverpool.

SUGAR OF LEAD.—White English can be bought at 283.

TEA.—The new Monings being now so close at hand, Congou buyers are waiting to see what the new cop will be like, though small lots of tine old teas at recent low prices have been sold here and there, and are now not very plentiful. Newmakes, 1892–93, are in excess of the demand, and really good tea is selling at 6d. per lb. Capers are quiet, and lower grades easy again. Fine capers are very scarce, but new teas will be here next week. Assams and Ceylons are qu'et, and a "sick" market. Terminal quotations for Assam are  $6\frac{1}{2}d$ . for spot, and as low as  $6\frac{2}{3}d$ . for the late months of the year. A light sale of Ceylon on Tuesday went slowly for common tea, but with a good demand for the very few really fine teas catalogued. N.S. Darjeeling are easier, though still too dear.

#### THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

ARSENIC.—The price is now fixed at 121. per ton.

CASTOR OIL.—Good seconds Calcutta firm at  $2\frac{5}{8}l$ .; first-pressure French is selling at  $2\frac{5}{8}l$ . to  $2\frac{11}{16}l$ .

CHILIAN BEESWAX —Sales of pale yellow at 7l. 15s.; grey to yellow, 7l. to 7l. 10s.

CREAM OF TARTAR.—Easier, and 89s. now asked for first white.

GRAINS OF PARADISE —A small parcel of 11 bags bright sold at 24s.; 27s. 6d. is generally asked by holders.

HONEY.—Californian and Chilian continue dull and uninquired for.

QUILLAIA.—The steady tendency upward continuss, and some ask 181. now.

TUBPENTINE — Demand being quieter, this has now touched 23s. 6d.

#### THE NEW YORK DRUG MARKET.

WRITING on June 22, our New York correspondent says that the trade in general is quiet, the excessively hot weather being apparently a factor in the dulness. Coca is very firm at 40c. for Huanoco, and as much as 60c in some quarters for Truxillo leaves. Opium is quiet, and both it and quinine are selling only in a jobbing way. Lycopodium is dull and slow of sale. HGH. peppermint oil is strong at 83, with sales of 25 cases at that figure, though some holders ask \$3.10, and the largest holder (Horner) wants \$325, but might shade a round lot; no transactions are reported, however, since last Thursday's noted above. Texas snake-root is offering rather more freely from the country at 20c., but 18c. is about the figure at which buyers would take it up. Senega is also offering more freely from out of town at 45c. for southern, 35c. for south-western, and 361c for Minnesota, but no business has been done, buyers holding aloof; stocks are fairly full both here and in the country. Some 36 bales of Mexican sarsaparilla have been taken up and mostly exported on private terms, and no more is in first hands at present. Golden-seal. has eased off, and there has been a sale made for export at 21½c. The indications are that the usual "bear" tactics are being inaugurated against the indigenous root in view of the approaching season for gathering. The absence of export demand is, however, a very forcible and legitimate "bear" argument.

#### THE SMYRNA OPIUM MARKET.

TELEGRAPHING on this date, our correspondent at Smyrna states that: "Fifteen cases have been sold this week at the last-quoted prices."

#### A VISIT TO THE HITCHIN DRUG-FARM.

PASSENGERS from Peterborough to King's Cross have now an opportunity of observing several acres of henbane and belladonna in flower, just before entering Hitchin Station. The field, which is some twelve or fifteen acres in extent, runs directly by the side of the line, and fully half of it is this year cropped with belladonna and henbane. It is one of six or seven fields owned and farmed by Messrs. Ransom, and which are distributed impartially around the little town. The plants are placed in symmetrical rows, about two feet apart, whilst in between the young seedlings have been planted this spring. The henbane, which is large and handsome, struck our visitor, however, as a trifle smaller than usual. This way of putting it was, indeed, a good way below the trnth, for Mr. F. Ransom informs us that the crop is under half the average. In this strip, where it is estimated about two tons of henbane is flonrishing, they would have expected, under ordinary conditions, to have had five tons. This depletion is due to the winter having destroyed a large number of the older roots. The plants are about  $3\frac{1}{3}$  feet high, and in spite of the generally delayed season, were flowering well, although it was but the second week in June. The seedlings were only about 10 inches high, but Ransom had a phenomenal crop of henbane, and it could neither be disposed of nor converted into extract fast This enough, so a large quantity of seed was obtained. supply of seed has not been exhansted yet, and the first year's biennial plants that we saw were from that same stock.

The belladonna appeared to have been still more retarded by the winter, only a small percentage being in flower, whilst the gaps in the rows were very frequent. The plants were only about  $2\frac{1}{3}$  to 3 feet in height. A few elaterium-plants were growing here also, but they, too, have snifered severely during the winter. The portion nearest the line has been planted this spring with peppermint, and the plants looked fairly well, although showers were much needed to bring them on. The flowering of both lavender and peppermint will be late this year, and cannot be expected before the end of July or beginning of Angust. A peculiar red or coppery colour that some of the peppermint-leaves were tinged with is due to a kind of blight, which, if the plant is strong and vigorons, will be thrown off after a time. Labourers are required through the spring and summer to hoe np weeds and break the soil between the rows. This is particularly necessary, or the young plants are rapidly choked by their rivals. It may here be mentioned that the soil all round Hitchin is admirably suited for plant-cultivation, consisting of good sandy loam on chalk.

Another field belonging to Messrs. Ransom, which we visited, contained last year a good quantity of elaterium, but is now nearly empty. We ventured to suggest that the demand for elaterium was getting small by degrees and beantifully less, but Mr. Ransom was not inclined to agree with us. Some reason for the demand not increasing may be due to the foreign article being used, as Mr. Ransom finds that the latter contains from 5 to 10 per cent. less elaterin. The English elaterium will insually yield about 30 per cent. of elaterin, and the foreign only about 20 per cent. Close by Messrs. Ransom's laboratory and factory, which are situated in another direction, is a bed of aconite, the plants so close together that, in spite of their tall and graceful racemes, the whole appearance is that of a bluish-purple tablecloth upon a green table.

The green extract of aconite is not so much used, the non-official alcoholic extract of the root having to some extent replaced it. Adjoining the aconite is a large plot devoted to hemlock, which, in this cool and shady spot, is growing luxuriously. It is already nearly 6 feet high, although there are no signs of flowering, and it will yet grow another 2 feet or 3 feet after flowering and before running to seed. This is the best time for conium, says Mr. Ransom, Pharmac specia notwithstanding. [The actual date when this was said was June 11] The average yield of jnice from 1 cwt, is from 35 lbs. to 40 lbs., or from  $3\frac{1}{2}$  gallons to 4 gallons. The application of heat to fresh juices is unnecessary, in Mr. Ransom's experience, if the liquid, after the addition of spirit, be

allowed to stand for some time before attempting to filter, A large quantity of hemlock as well as digitalis is collected in the neighbourhood of Hitchin and brought to Messrs. Ransom's laboratory.

Thrning towards the private residence of Mr. W. Ransom we pass a few more fields devoted to drugs and herbs. Some belladonna and a good deal of lavender is flatked with the sorry remains of rosemary. There is no doubt that the English rosemary crop is a failure this year, and this report is confirmed from Mitcham. We cannot help expressing our pleasure that, fortunately, English oil of rosemary is one of the few English essential oils that we can do without, as everything points to the price being very high indeed.

On the brow of the hill which overlooks the railwaycutting, only a quarter of a mile away, are the last of Messrs. Ransom's fields. The one nearest the house is full of lavender and peppermint, the latter being nearly all the black variety. The other contains, besides lavender and peppermint, another good sized plot of henbane. Although these fields are more exposed than the others, the henbane is the finest we have seen. Some of the troubles which drng-growers have to meet are here pointed out. A large plant of henbane was lying over in a very withered condition, its neighbours, however, looking healthy enough. On pulling up the root tiny holes are seen in it some 3 inches below the ground which have been caused by a wireworm. whole area which Messrs. Ransom & Son have under cultivation at Hitchin is a little over 50 acres. Of this amount practically one-third is devoted to medicinal plants and twothirds to lavender and peppermint. It is impossible to maintain the same crops in the same field for more than fonr years, as the soil is exhansted of the peculiar constituents required by that herb. It is usual to change the crops completely, from a medicinal plant to peppermint or vice versa, or again to give the soil a rest.

Amongst some of the interesting information given by Mr. F. Ransom we learn that succus digitalis is being preferred to extract, that salted elder-flowers are quite things of the past, and that extract of Scopola carniolica or Scopola atropoides meets with no inquiry. Mr. Ransom is naturally not a little disappointed at this, as, in conjunction with the work done in the research laboratory of the Pharmacentical Society on the subject, he worked out an assay method and produced stable standardised preparations of scopola.

#### HOW JUJUBES ARE MADE.

JUJUBE-MAKING may be divided into two branches, viz. ordinary jujubes-such as voice, delectable, and magnum bonums—which are cut from the sheet, and pastilles, which are moulded. The bases in both cases are practically the same, gum arabic being the principal constituent. The gum is made into a thick mucilage with cold water, both being placed in a large copper which has a mechanical arrangement for constantly stirring. Thereafter it is strained and boiled up with sugar and the other component parts of the basis. For jujubes the mass is poured into a tin, such as the jujubes are sent out in, to a depth of about one-third of an inch, which is then placed in the hot-chamber for at least a month. It takes this time before the basis comes to a condition of maturity in which it is fit to cut into jujubes. When it has reached this stage it is cut by a machine fitted with a double set of knives, so arranged that they cut both ways. Pastilles, we have said, are moulded. The method is as follows:-The workman fills a wooden tray with starch-powder, and smooths the surface; now, taking a mould with half-a-dozen figures of the pastilles on it, he presses this into the powder again and again with great rapidity, until the tray is full of moulds. workman takes a large ladle with six outlet tubes which exactly correspond in setting with the moulds in the tray, and with this ladle he quickly makes a trayful of pastilles. At this stage the top of the pastille is convex, but in the course of a month's drying it becomes concave. After they have matured the pastilles are glazed or crystallised according to their nature.



#### Memoranda for Correspondents.

Always send your proper name and address: we do not publish them unless you wish: if you do not, please use a distinctive nom-de-plume.

Write on one side of the paper only; and devote a separate piece of paper to each query if you ask more than one, or if you are writing about other matters at the same time.

If you send us newspapers, please mark what you wish us to read,

Ask us anything of pharmaceutical interest: we shall do our best to reply.

Before writing for formulæ consult the last volume, if you have it.

Letters, queries &c., will be attended to in the order received.

#### The Patent-medicine Men Speak.

SIR,—I am desired by the committee of the Association of Owners of Proprietary Medicines to explain, in reference to the remarks in your journal of June 18, that no case was stated by way of appeal by Mr. Davenport from the magistrate's decision, because the course taken by the advocate in closing the case without calling evidence precluded any real or satisfactory discussion; it was thought better to leave

all points open.

I am also desired to thank you for the offer to subscribe to a fund to obtain an authoritative decision on the subject, and am requested to point out very clearly that the late prosecution, or any arising out of it, if promoted or undertaken by the Pharmaceutical Council, was or will be a breach of faith of an engagement eutered iuto (as must be well known to some members of the Council) by which, in consideration of this Association, not objecting to the Pharmacy Act, 1868, they expressly, and as absolutely as possible, agreed that bona-fide stamped medicines, known then and now as "patent medicines," should be exempt from the operation of the Act, and this Association deeply deplores, in the interest of the trade, that no eudeavour has been made by the Council to settle the matter in an equitable manner. Under these circumstances, it is the intention of this Association to defend any member, as each occasion arises, who may be proceeded against under the Act, and to carry the matter to the High Court if the facts and evidence are such as may lead to a decision which all can accept as an authoritative exposition of the Act. Yours truly,

W. WHITAKER, Secretary. Association of Owners of Proprietary Medicines, 6 Great Winchester Street, Londor, E.C., June 29.

SIR,-Iu asking you to insert the enclosed, I wish to make it plain that, so far as I am concerned—and I hope it is also the feeling of every one of us-not the slightest antagonism to the chemists is intended, but, on the other hand, an earnest wish that some way could be found to benefit the

While we are year after year menaced by the Pharmaceutical Council, it would be suicidal for us even to attempt to restrict the sale of medicines absolutely to chemists, neither do I believe it would ever be legally so restricted. On the other hand, what is more natural than for the public to go to the chemist for their medicines, and he to expect a decent profit for supplying them? This he often utterly fails to get, as much from the dealings of cutting chemists as

stores, grocers, &c.

I have both directly and indirectly in the past approached the Council, believing that if they would only deal with the patent medicine proprietors, iustead of ignoring them on the one hand and fighting them on the other, then a benefit to the retail trade must ensue, but without result; indeed, I understand they consider themselves a purely scientific body, and hardly at all recognise what a help they could be to the trade. I venture now to ask every chemist who has to obtain his living, the same as each of us has to-viz, by the sale of his medicines—whether this is the way to treat such a question. The importance of the but the I.T.C. list prices are really too philanthropic. In

subject is measured by the fact that we pay the Government over a quarter of a million every year, and it will in the future be double that, for stamps alone. This is a good trade, and I say, squarely, I should like to see it in the chemist's hand.

I indicate what I believe to be a distinctly feasible remedy, and if the trade will only induce the Council to act on the lines indicated, I believe it would be the commencement of a new era; at any rate, it would be worth a

These lines are simple, and I believe the Government would be inclined to assist or pass a Bill on this basis-

(a) Let all patent medicines be registered, an annual registration fee to be paid for each medicine; if not paid the article to be erased from list.

(b) All existing patent medicines to be registered on application, but any new ones not to be registered, unless they satisfy a board that such medicines are not dangerous for human use.

(c) If danger to those using the medicine be alleged and proved in a court of law against any patent medicine, then the Board to order such label to be affixed as in their judgment shall be necessary, and without this label it shall be unlawful to sell such medicine.

(d) The Board to consist of a paid President nominated by the Government, and two medical men, two members of the Council, and two members of the Association of Patent-medi-

cine Proprietors.

I suggest that the Council should take this as a rough basis of agreement, on the understanding that a certain number of the proprietors, together with the wholesale houses, shall agree that steps be taken by which no retailer shall be supplied unless he covenants to, say, sell at not less

than 1s. for all 1s. or 1s.  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ . goods, and so on.

The absolute effect of this will be, not only will every chemist get a good profit on the quantity he now sells and be delivered from the wretched competition now going on, but practically the bulk, and perhaps the whole trade, would in time fall into the chemists hands. At present the sole object that appears to be aimed at by anyoue is to confine the sale of poisons to chemists, and even (which is most unlikely in the extreme to be realised) if this extends to all articles containing poison, still it would only result in giving the public the impression that chemists sold "dangerous and dear" medicines, grocers and stores "good and cheap" medicines, whilst if the above arrangement is carried out all will sell, say, at one uniform price, and it is inevitable that the public, if they can buy at the same price, will prefer to buy their medicines at their own chemist, whom they are sure to credit with more knowledge and experience than grocers.

The only point where the arrangement could fail would be as to whether a sufficient number of proprietors would come in. This is a matter within the discretion of those to be appointed by the Council (or, failing any action by them, if the chemists themselves would, under the leadership of THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, take up the question it could be doubtless dealt with in that way). My firm belief is that if the Council would only take the matter well in hand they would be surprised how easily a great change could be arrived at; for although many proprietors would stand out, yet success does not depend upon everyone joining, and when it was found that those who started were doing well, then the very success would bring in the others.

We are now at a crisis in the chemists' trade, for the proprietary question affects everyone, as there is hardly a chemist who does not put up one or more medicines, and according as the Council work with or against the large, so are they just as much for or against the interests of the small, proprietors—indeed, still more, for the large proprietors are more able to take care of themselves than the others.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully.

ONE OF THE LARGE PROPRIETORS. (61/58.)

SIR,—I enclose you a price-list of patent medicines issued by a branch of the International Tea Company, just started in this town, where you will see Eno's Salt (2s. 9d. size) quoted at 1s. 10d., Beecham's 1s.  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ . pills for 9d., Lamplough's Saline, 1s. 10d., &c.

As we have for years sold 1s.  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ . Beecham's, &c., for  $10\frac{1}{2}d$ ., I do not think the public have much to complain of;

fact, I think they ought to be prayed for in church even by all good citizens—i.e, if they supply all their teas and groceries at the same percentage of profit. I would respectfully snggest to Messrs. Beecham, Eno, Lamplough, Dinneford, Cockle, Scott, and other well-known manufacturers that they should adopt a plan similar to Messrs. Elliman—after a certain time refusing to supply any dealers who sold under a price to pay a small profit. Ten per cent, would satisfy me.

I think the manufacturers would find it to their advantage to meet the chemists in this way. You will also notice patent medicines containing scheduled poisons still listed. Another job for the Society, when ready for the fray.

I beg to remain, yours faithfully, EDWARD J. EATON, M.P.S.

The Pharmacy, Church Street, Woodbridge, June 28.

Mr. Harry Iron, Shrewsbnry, says he sent to the Pharmaceutical Society particulars of the sale of a poisonous proprietary medicine by an unregistered dealer, and he sends us the official reply he has received. It is to the effect that while no doubt the Council will take the necessary steps to enforce the Act in cases such as the one referred to, they consider it "undesirable that any local action should be taken which might embarrass the Connoil in the proceedings they are about to institute." What do they man?

#### The Insane Root.

SIR,—I shall be much obliged if you or any of your readers can tell me what plant it is that Clusius describes under the name of Pruna insana. I cannot find the name in any of the English herbals to which I have access here in Bœotia, but there is in William Ramsey's treatise "Of Poysons" (London, 1660), of which I happen to possess a copy, a very graphic and enrious account of the effect of its fruit upon a ship's crew, by which I am led to suspect that this plant (whatever it may be) is none other than Shakespeare's "insane root that takes the reason prisoner" ("Macbeth," i. 3). Had the plant been described by Lyte or Gerarde I should have cried "Enreka!" at once, but apparently it is not. Still, it is possible that Shakespeare may have read of it elsewhere. The effect of the fruit, says Ramsey, is to make men "extraordinary sleepy, Canse Laskes, seise on the Heart, spirits and Braine, exciting divers strange phansies and Chymeraes in their heads;" but his account of the case of certain Dutchmen who partook of it too freely, my modest pen refuses to transcribe.

June 28.

Yours, &c., C. C. Bell.

#### Improving the Opportunity.

SIR,—I give you below copy of two circulars I have written to-day, got signed by chemists here, and posted to each of the candidates for Bassetlaw parliamentary division.

The hint I took from one of your correspondents, and think, if you could stimulate others to similar action, good results might follow.

I will let you know candidates' decisions.

I remain, yours truly,

30 Castle Street. Worksop, June 27. J. A. Wood.

[COPY.]

SIR,—We, the undersigned chemists and druggists of Worksop, should like to know wbether or not you would give your support to a Bill—which in all probability may be placed before the next Parliament—baving the following object:—

That all medicines intended for internal administration shall be vended only by duly qualified medical men and chemists.

We are, Sir,

Yours faithfully,

(Signed)

TOM MORRIS, GEO. W. JONES, GEO. BANTER, THOMAS E. PASK, JAS. A. WOOD.

Mr. Arthnr Coke, of 339 Oxford Stree', has prepared some election handbills advocating voting for candidates favour-

able to leasehold enfranchisement, graduated income-tax, and the suppression of trading by public servants. Mr. Coke wants to supply these to chemists' associations, clubs, &c. Will secretaries and others please write to him?

#### Chemists' Assistants' Union,

SIR,—Ever since the decision in the Wheeldon case, the services of qualified men have been, properly, more valued.

The qualified assistants have for some time really had the power of stopping much of the store business, and so increasing the status of the trade. No better opportunity can occur than now. Let them, now that the demand for their services is so great, refuse to accept less than double what is offered elsewhere, as it must be pretty evident that, if employed long enough to have a reference from such a source, the likelihood of obtaining a really good berth would be very small indeed. Their career would be seriously jeopardised. So long as the public can have prescriptions dispensed for less than half the usual chemists' charge by qualified men will masters be unable to afford what should be a good remuneration for valuable services. When qualified men can be found who are foolish enough to work for 30s. a week at stores, simply because the hours (not the work) are "easy," how can unity be obtained?

No man who has been at so great expense to qualify, and undertakes such directly responsible work as dispensing and the sale of poisonous preparations, should, in my opinion, think of accepting less than an equivalent of 50s. a week at least, which, reckoned at 100 hours a week, is still only a

miserable pittance of 6d. per hour.

With reference to these long hours, I see no reason why they could not be considerably reduced in the great majority of cases, except that masters will not agree as to the hour of closing. What can be done by stores surely cannot be too much for chemists.

Assistants could do much to assist this end if they only valued their services more, and charged so much per hour.

Yours faithfully, MANAGER. (60/43)

SIB,—I have read with interest the letters from assistants for a union. If we could obtain one, we could blackmail all who would not give hearty support to it. For we could then have shorter hours, better pay, and chance of obtaining good situations.

Yours respectfully,

REGISTER. (58/46)

[We cannot congratulate the advocates of the scheme on this indiscreet declaration of an intention to "blackmail" the masters.]

SIR,—Your article on "Assistants' Grievances" seems to me to be pervaded by the spirit of how not to do it. Uadoubtedly, assistants show a want of delicacy in applying to you for aid in the matter of a union. They onght to bear is mind that but few of them help to snpport The Chemist and Druggist; and one cannot afford to offend one's patrons nowadays.

Still, I fancy a nnion might accomplish a lot of good, and that assistants might move in the matter now, as they will never have a better opportunity. Your discovery that there are only 2,000 qualified assistants is probably a true one; but the assumption that the most of those men are satisfied with their lot is not quite correct. No donbt those employed in large establishments and in the despised stores are so, but the men in those "comfortable homes" we read so much about in advertisements, and meet so few of afterwards, can hardly be said to be content. And the great army of the young unqualified, are they content? Chemists cannot do without them, and they will have to be reckoned with in some way in the next Pharmacy Bill. A recent writer in a French magazine, in commenting on the great stores, pointed ont that they were in perfect accord with the principles of political economy, and that they were come to stay. He showed how much better was the position of their employés than that of small tradesmen, and gave some advice which assistants might lay to heart. An Assistants' Union would scarcely exist to encourage stores; but it might

protect those benefits which the store-system bestows, and extend them to all its members.

I mean greater personal freedom, and the minimum of 72 hours' weekly work. The greatest difficulty it would have to contend with would be the indoor system, which is the assistants' greatest curse. Besides being made to feel how much a stranger he is in the house, an interloper on all occasions, he is never free from business "grind." Were a union only to abolish this iniquitous system, it would well earn its existence. Surely someone sufficiently disinterested can take the initial steps for organising such a work. He would bave a good cause to fight, and, I am persuaded, many willing helpers.

I am, yours obediently,

IVAN. (60/10)

SIR,-Chemists' assistants' grievances really and truly erist. Speak with whom you will in the drug trade, you will hear the same complaint—"The business is not so bad, but the hours taken to conduct the same are abominable." Even for qualified men in the best West-End houses, let us just see how they work simply to earn "bread and cheese," with not as much salary in the majority of cases as would be given to assistants in other businesses. These establishments employ three or four qualified men, and hours of business are from 9 A.M. to 7.30 or 8.30 P.M. In these places (where hours are considered short) there is a lot of work to be done in the time, and work requiring the utmost care and attention. Those whose position you speak of as a somewhat enviable one are engaged in their calling 80 hours per week. Of course I am reckoning night and Sunday duty, which one must do, as it is time employed in little else than business; and I am sure that this is a fair average. Is not this too long to be engaged in the duties of a pharmacist? The majority of us will say, "Yes, certainly." But we go on with pale faces, grumbling, discontented with our lot, and only satisfied by the thought that it will not be for long, as we hope soon to have a business of our own, when we can arrange our own time. But the principle is a wrong one, and should be "put down." A business that requires all this attention for a bare living must be a bad one.

In your article you point out that there are only 2,000 qualified assistants in Great Britain. Surely these ought to be able to form some sort of combination when they are nearly all "harping on the same string." It seems to me that the Chemists' Assistant's' Association is the body to take this in hand. These would then have the game in their own hands, as stores cannot be conducted but by their aid. Our employers must not stand still in the movement. They must give their employés more freedom. This is the first thing needed, and they will be better able to do their work to the satisfaction of the former and contentment of themselves. In my opinion chemists in business are largely responsible for the success of the stores; they have driven many a good assistant there by their excessive hours.

Your obedient servant, A BROTHER PILL. (61/9)

[We give a fair space to the letters of assistants on this subject, but we have been obliged to cut down unmercifully some of the inordinately lengthy communications we have received.]

#### A Curiosity in Dispensing.

SIR.—A customer of mine, through reading The Review of Reviews, was induced to get a supply of Count Mattei's nedicines, and, finding the directions somewhat intricate, asked me to prepare them. According to my calculation it will take him above eleven years before he gets the whole of one globule; there are 170 in the bottle. He appealed to the agent at my suggestion, pointing this out, who replied, "Strange as it may seem to you, the directions are correct." Briefly, these are as follows:—Put one globule in 8 cz. of water for No. 1 dilution; one teaspoonful of this in 8 cz more of water makes No. 2 dilution, and one teaspoonful of No. 2 in still 8 cz more of water makes No. 3, which take each day. No. 2 will at this rate, of course, last 64 days, and No. 1 will make 64 bottles of No. 2. Honco, a hy does not seem in the running at all. Yours,

GILGEN. (61'8.)

#### DISPENSING NOTES.

The opinions of practical readers are invited on subjects discussed under this heading.

#### Prescriber and Dispenser.

SIR,—Your comments on "Fyfe's" note regarding the iodide and ferric-chloride mixture (47/14) are not quite severe enough. Had he been a "Fifer," intead of a "Fyfe," he would have known better how to blow his horn. Druggists never gain anything by nursing bad feeling against doctors.

I have for years past been in the habit of dispensing prescriptions of a similar composition to that quoted by "Fyfe," and never had any hesitation in sending them out without a "poison" label. If "Fyfe" would consult good medical authorities, and learn a little physiology and medicine, he would have much more confidence in himself and in prescribers. Such knowledge would enable him to conjecture what takes place in the system of a patient who gets the following mixture:—

A tablespoonful every four hours in water.

Each dose of this mixture contains about 22.9 grains. How many "poison" labels would "Fyfe" put on the bottle in such a case?

For years past there has been much growling and grumbling among chemists, but it strikes me that if many had learnt their business a little better, not to say civility to doctors and customers, they would be more prosperous as shopkeepers.

DISCRETION. (59/57.)

#### Polypharmic Prescriptions.

SIR,—I recently observed in your columns a copy of a prescription containing eight ingredients, to which four more were afterwards ordered to be added. The subjoined is a benâ-fide copy of a prescription of a doctor of "the old school" (now deceased), who practised in N.S.W. I have also dispensed prescriptions by the same practitioner which contained as many as twenty-two ingredients, but the subjoined was about his average "shot-gun." It was the practice to set aside the bottle in a safe place for a time before corking to allow the incompatibles to "fight it out."

Warialda, N.S.W., I am. yours, &c., May 18. EX-PHARMACIST. (59/38.)

Decoct. seneg. ad	• •	••	••	••	It ss.
Bals, canadens		• •		• •	3ij.
Mucil. acac			••		3j.
Syr. hemedis			• •		Зij.
Carb, ammon	••		• •		3iss.
Liq. bismuth				• •	3sf.
Tinet. calumb					3ss.
Succ. taraxaci					3ss.
Tinct. scillæ					Ziij.
Tinet, camph. co.		••			Ziij.
11*	••				Siii.
// no no no				•••	5ij.
spt. eth. chlor					5ij.
Acid. hydrocy. dil.			•••	•••	5j⋅
	••	••	••		3j.
Tinet. bellador.		••	••	••	5j.
Lig. cinchon. cordif	OHE		• •	• •	J.

Sig.: 3ss. ex aq. 3j. 3ts horis. Agitat.

53/52. Dies asks:—"What length of day does the prescriber mean in writing the following directions?—' \(\frac{7}{5}\) is. in water every four hours until relieved, and then thrice daily.'"

[A twenty-four hours' day in the first instance, in the second a day of the waking hours. Patients who are asleep in the former instance should not be awakened when the dosage time arrives, but should get the dose when they awake naturally, then four hours after that, and so on.]

#### Who can Read it?

A Carmarthen chemist (55/39) has been asked to dispense the following prescription. It is believed to be of Spanish origin. Will one of our subscribers in the Peninsula give us a version of it in some human language?—

Our correspondent informs us that he is told the article supplied was about a pint of a port-wine colour, tasting bitter (like quinine), was taken as a blood-purifier for boils, &c. Dose: Two tablespoonfuls before meals, twice a day.

29/6. The prescription is for tincture of gossypium (Parke, Davis & Co.). Send 10 grammes (rather more than one-third of an onnce). Direct 20 drops to be taken every two hours until the required effect is produced.

 $57/70.\ Enquirer$  wants to know the best method of mixing the following:—

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M. Ft lotio.

Rub the zinc oxide with the clive oil, add the lime water gradually, and lastly the glycerine.

60/49. Perseverance.—Fifteen grains is supposed to be the size of bougie-moulds, but some are larger. Yours is apparently a 20-grain mould. When a new mould is got it is always wise to determine the weight of cocoa-butter which it holds. Usually no allowance need be made for quantities of salts under 2 grains in each bougie. (2) You will find particulars regarding the Apothecaries' Society's examinations in our Educational Number. The address of the company is Blackfriars, London, E.C. Enclose a stamped and addressed envelope.

#### LEGAL QUERIES.

Consult Alpe's "Handy-book of Medicine-stamp Duty" in regard to patentmedicine questions.

General information regarding the laws affecting chemists and druggists is printed in THE CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' DIARY, 1892, pp. 161-5. For stamp duties, licences, Customs regulations, &c., see the DIARY pp. 161-9.

58/37. Enquirer.—We have replied on the point you raise to a number of correspondents. You are required, when you sell a poison, to label the article with the name of the poison, as well as with the word "poison," and with your name and address. It is open to argue that in the case you suggest the name of your proprietary article is the name of the poison, but we cannot tell how that argument would be received by a Court.

59/17. H. J. I.—We cannot give you an opinion whether your fly-papers will infringe this or that "cr any other"

patent." Your order is too comprehensive. The two fly-paper patents that we know of are Mr. Wilson's (10,781, 1887) and Messrs. Tunbridge & Wright's (10,767, 1889). Get the specifications from the Sale of Patents Office, Cursitor Street, W.C., and judge for yourself. Have we not answered you before on this same subject?

60/14. Victory.—You are not justified in using a still for any purpose without being licensed, or without the permission of the Board of Inland Revenue. You had better apply for such permission.

60/33. Hair Restorer.—It is not necessary to attach a poison-label to a lotion because it contains a little cantharides. Only the cantharides themselves, and "the tincture and all vesicating liquid preparations" thereof are scheduled as poisons.

58/37. Enquirer.—Refer the inspector to section 45 of the Weights and Measures Act, 1878, which says: "A weight or measure duly stamped by an inspector under this Act shall be a legal weight or measure throughout the United Kingdom, unless found to be false or unjust, and shall not be liable to be re-stamped because used in any place other than that in which it was originally stamped." The inspector has a right to seize and detain any weight, measure, &c, found to be false or unstamped, but he has not the right to break up and destroy the same (unless you consent) until he has proved his case before a Court.

61/25. L. asks:—"May an unregistered person sell a cough-mixture into the composition of which tinct. opii camph. enters?" [No.]

61/63. Branch Shop says:—"I have noticed that firms having branches do not invariably have separate labels, address and otherwise, for each shop. How does this work under the poisons law? Will one label—that of the central shop, say—do for four or five others? It does not seem to be quite the thing even, as some do, to put all the addresses on one label."

[The Act requires that the name and address of the seller of the poison should appear on the label. We do not think the law is fulfilled when the address of the head shop is used for a branch shop, but we should think it would be when all the addresses are given. It is better to have distinct labels for each shop.]

82/26. Alpha.—Your label is an infringement of two persons' trade-marks. You are not entitled to use a registered trade-mark in this way.

#### MISCELLANEOUS INQUIRIES.

Inquirers will please read the "Memoranda for Correspondents."

A list of "Books for Chemists" is given in The Chemists' and Druggists' Diary, p. 317.

For all particulars regarding Educational and Examinational matters refer to our issue of September 19, 1891.

Replies to queries are inserted according to the space open in any week, and insertion on any specific date cannot be guaranteed.

Back numbers of our weekly issue, containing formulæ, &c., occasionally referred to in answers, can be obtained from the Publisher at 4d. each.

73/55. Queensland. — Paste Blacking. — Bone black, treacle, of each, 8 oz., powdered gum arabic,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  cz.; sperm oil and oil of vitriol, of cach, 1 oz., vinegar sufficient to work to a suitable consistency. Mix in the order given and allow all action to cease with the oil of vitriol before adding the vinegar, or some prefer sour ale.

41/14. Parazone.—We cannot occupy space in this section by quoting formulæ from the Pharmacopæia.

55/65. F. I. L.—Your sample of powder for Improving the Colour of Canaries is the usual mixture of Nepaul pepper, turmeric, rice, and sugar. See back numbers—about July or August of the past two years—for formulæ.

55/69. Carboy.—To Prevent Coloured Liquids in Show-carboys Freezing you may use glycerine instead of spirit—2 oz. to a pint.

50/67. Cymro.—The reason yonr Dr. Locock's Lotion for the Hair separated was using spt. rosmarini, B.P., which is made with S.V.R., instead of one made with weak alcohol. There is a well-known preparation in the trade which contains traces of other essential oils, generally lavender and cassia. By thus modifying the formula, we obtain a nice preparation:—

Dissolve oils with heat, put into a warm mortar; mix the ammonia and rose-water, add gradually, and then add spirit of rosemary.

57/31. Salop.—Beniseed is another name for til or sesame seed, which yields the well-known sweet oil. It is largely exported from Africa and India.

54/69. Cryolita.—Cryolite is obtained from mines situated in Greenland. Thirteen cargoes were exported in 1889—all, so far as we can trace, to the United States. We do not know where you could get it in this country.

59/22. Benzoin.—See note from our Australian correspondent last week. If you are qualified you might do fairly well in Australia; if not, do not go ont as a chemist. There is not such a demand for qualified men as to make it likely that you could make sure of a situation before you started.

30/30. Jean.—Take your master's or your parents' opinion on subscribing to the society. We cannot tell what opportunities you may have for making use of its resources. You can reduce the colour by filtering the spirit through animal charcoal.

41/60. Apprentice.—The postal course would be nseful to you. But if you know nothing of Latin you should study carefully Ince's Pharmaceutical Latin Grammar as well.

30/6. Guarana — For weed-killer see back numbers. A very good one is given June 11, 1892, page 852; see also March 12, page 388.

55/62. J. J. C.—Silvering solution, to be used without a bath.—Try this:—

					D	rams
Mercury	• •	••	••	0-0		2
Nitrate of silver	••	••	••			1
Nitric acid		••	••			4
Water						2

Mix in flask and dissolve; add water q.s. to 2 oz.

After applying bring up the polish with prepared chalk. To silver iron, you must first have the surface clean and bright, then dip in a solution of sulphate or nitrate of copper before applying the solution. Brass requires no other preparation than having the surface bright and free from grease. A very effective silvering paste was given about August of last year.

58/47. Ireland.—The Powder for a Debilitated Calf seems to consist simply of powdered nitre and Brezil wood (3. t) 31. We can find nothing elso in it.

55/13. Baffled Scot.—Liq. Ammon. Acet. Fort. (1 to 7).—See issue February 27, 1892, page 322. You say, "When in doubt ask THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST." Don't you think it might not, in many cases, be altered to, Consult the index of THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, and thus save time?

59/63. Antipyrin.—Bull Burnt is a form of gonorrhera, and is contagious. It is best treated with salines internally, as follows:—

M. Ft. haust. Bis terve die ex aqua.

A cooling diet should be observed, and an injection into the sheath of-

52/54. Derbyshire.—Essence for making Stone Gingerbeer.—

It is almost impossible to make a really fine stone gingerbeer from the essences. You must have in addition, I lb. of sugar and 4 oz. of honey to each gallon. Pour boiling water on the sugar and honey, allow to cool to blood-heat, add sufficient essence to flavour, and ferment with yeast floated on pieces of toasted bread for two days or so; then bottle, and keep in a cool place.

 $53/74.\ \ \, \textit{Statim}\ \, \text{sends}\ \, \text{a sample of Hair-wash with the following notes:} ---$ 

"Prepared from herbs,"

" Not greasy,"

"Does not irritate the scalp,"

"And seems to be a dilute form of

"Locock's Lotion."

"Being harmless it is therefore efficacious."

It is a form of Locock's lotion; you will find a formula given in this issue to another correspondent; you might try it diluted to about half strength.

58/64. J. Barlow.—Heading-powder for Ales.—Eqnal parts of alum and sulphate of iron form the old-fashioned and orthodox heading; but we have seen, a few years since, in your district, a lumpy brownish powder, which seemed a dried aqueous extract of quillaia-bark, and was sold at a fancy price. To Restore Sour or Tart Ale use either carbonate of soda or freshly slaked lime.

52/57. B. Purst.—It depends upon the dose of the mixture; say 1s. to 1s. 6d.

56/15.  $H_2O$ .—Warklyn's "Water Analysis" (Trübner, 5s.).

59/64. Country.—Your harness-blacking is soft, but it is none the worse for that. The additional lampblack would stiffen, but that should be done in preference with wax.

60/29. Mortar and Pestle.—Professor Charteris has recommended chlorobrom (a preparation of chloralamide and potassium bromide) for sea-sickness. His paper is printed in the last volume of the Lancet, page 517. The Professor gives 1 cz. of chlorobrom (chloralamide and bromide of potassium, of each 30 grs.), and he states that in ten cases where it was given, after the first stage of active vomiting bad ceased, it was not rejected. Sleep followed, and there was marked relief from the sickness.

60/69. Jap.—Barium-sulphide Depilatory acts by rotting the hair, and thus facilitating its removal. The roots are not affected. The skin may be inflamed if the depilatory remains too long on, and thus produce an eruption. It is as safe a depilatory as any.

#### 

Make a mass, and divide into 3-grain pills.

61/48. R. S. P.—The sample is gypsum.

57/26. Chemicus.—You say you are a subscriber for many years. Why not give us your name? If you think fit to do so, please repeat your question.

#### Information Supplied.

48/19. Hart's Solution.—See Hart & Barbour's "Gynecology," page 150, which says:—"Messrs. Duncan & Flockhart, chemists, Edinburgh, have made a special bottle containing 5 oz., with a cup glass stopper, of 1 drachm capacity. The solution is of strength that one cupful added to four tumblers of water (1 quart) gives a solution 1—2,000. This solution contains  $5^3_4$  grains of perchloride of mercury and 3 grains of sodium chloride in 1 drachm of water. It may be ordered thus:—

Lotio hydrarg. perchlor.  $5_1^{\circ}$  grains  $HgCl_2$  and 3 grains NaCl in 1 drachm of water. To be dispensed in a special bottle with cup stopper. Sig.: Poison; for external use."

The quantity of mercuric chloride given here is surely wrong. A quart equals 40 oz., or 17,500 grains, and 17,500 divided by 2,000 gives the required quantity of  $\mathrm{HgCl}_2$ —viz.,  $8_4^3$  grains—instead of  $5_4^3$  grains for 40 oz.

STUDENT. (59/57.)

#### Information Wanted.

Replies to the following are requested by subscribers of The Chemist and Druggist.

61/10. The pharmaceutical coat of arms in crystograph or gelatine for placing on shop-door to imitate stained glass: where obtainable?

57/4. Composition to take the place of indiarubber to render articles waterproof: where obtainable, or how made?

61/71. Makers of camphylene in square blocks, for urinals.

#### Personalities.

MR. HENRY P. CHANDLER, of the Theatre Drug Stores, Ramsgate, has disposed of his business to Messrs. Arden & Minnikin.

Mr. THOMAS SAMUEL HORROD, proprietor of the oldestablished business of Swire & Co., The Broadway, Brixton Hill, has recently opened a new and handsome shop at Streatham Hill.

MR. GEORGE R. THARRATT, pharmaceutical chemist, lately with Messrs. Clare & Hūūt, of Scarborough, has purchased the business of Mr. John Smith, 55 Myrtle Street, Liverpool. We understand that Mr. Smith is leaving the drug trade, and is about to commence business as a fruit-grower in British Columbia.

DR. A. P. LUFF, lecturer on medical jurisprudence, and physician to St. Mary's Hospital, has been appointed official analyst to the Home Office, in the place of the late Dr. Maymott Tidy.

#### Medical Gleanings.

#### CALCIUM SULPHIDE IN TONSILLITIS ..

DR. F. P. NORBURY recommends calcium sulphide for the acute parenchymatous inflammation of the tonsils in strumous patients, which has a tendercy towards rapid suppuration. Small doses ( $\frac{1}{8}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  grain), frequently repeated, best suit.

#### SEA-SICKNESS.

Professor Charteris, of Glasgow, has a favourable opinion of the value of chloralamide in the treatment of seasickness. Writing to the Lancet about a few ailments, he says that chloralamide, in combination with potassium bromide, gave him excellent results in the second stage of the sickness. He prescribes Burgoyne's chlorobrom, giving a tablespoonful to females and a tablespoonful and a half to males. It may be used for short voyages, and Professor Charteris advises these two rules to be observed:

—First, the passenger should prepare for the voyage by taking for two successive nights an antibilious pill containing mercury and podophyllin. Second, when on board, and if the passage be made by the night service, the passenger should avoid taking any food, but retire to the cabin, undress, lie down, and take an ounce dose of the solution.

#### SOME HIGHLAND CURES.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Lancet, who seems well acquainted with the Highlands of Scotland, writes about the medical folklore there, and mentions amongst rational cures that for whooping-cough some recommend that the child should be taken across a ferry; others that he should above all go to live in another property; others that he should go to a house where master and mistress have possessed the same surname. All these procedures involve change of air, which has in such cases no doubt been found beneficial. On the same general principle, coltsfoot is used in asthma, warts are washed in pig's blood, and a person with weak lungs takes with great advantage a preparation of twenty-four different herbs, which occupy several weeks to collect. An infusion of adders' heads is used as a dressing in snakebite, and, it is said, with excellent results. That is on the homoeopathic principle.

THE CATTLE SPICE TRADE.—The Crown Corn Feed Cake and Chemical Manure Company, of Hull, has sued the Star newspaper for damages for an alleged libel. The case came on before Mr. Justice Mathew and a jury in the Queen's Bench Division, on Wednesday and Thursday, but is not finished. The Star had published an article, which was summarised by the plaintiffs' counsel as imputing to John Henry Milestone, their manager, that he, under the false pretence of employing tradespeople as agents to sell the goods of the company, entrapped them into giving trade orders for the goods as if sold to them by the company, and compelled them to pay bills of exchange for goods they had never bought; that the plaintiff company and John Henry Milestone were cheats and swindlers, and systematically robbed the public; and that they sold worthless goods, injurious to animals fed on them; and that John Henry Milestone had brought himself within the criminal law. The defendants admitted the publication of the article, but maintained that the words, taken apart from the innuendoes put upon them by the plaintiffs, were true in substance and in fact. It was declared by Mr. Wi't, Q.C., that the company was a most respectable and substantial one, having a turnover of upwards of 40,000l. a year; tla; Mr. Milestone was chairman of the company, and very well known in Hull. The Star counsel declared that he did not shrink from the position of justifying the statement made by the Star. He should call witness after witness to show that their signatures to orders were obtained by a trick, by representing that they were to be sole agents for their districts. Certain tradesmen, who said they had been induced to sign orders in the belief that they were merely giving the traveller their names and addresses for the company to send them some of the spice on sale or return, were examined as witnesses for the defence.

# CONDY'S POWDER

The Only Dry Preparation which contains the Disinfecting, Purifying, Deodorising, and Antiseptic qualities of Condy's Fluid.

CONDY'S POWDER is intended for those persons who prefer a Disinfecting Powder to a Liquid.

CONDY'S POWDER is extensively advertised, and is in good demand.

Put up in Dredger Tins, only size 1 lb, 1/- each.

Trade Price, 9 |- per doz., less usual discounts.

Kept in Stock by all Wholesale Houses.

Imitations and Substitutes.

# CONDY'S FLUID

CONDY & MITCHELL, Limited, Proprietors of Condy's Fluid, have recently been compelled to take legal proceedings and have obtained Injunctions, with costs and damages, against several Chemists who had been selling a disinfecting fluid in bottles bearing labels imitating in colour and effect those used by Condy & Mitchell on bottles containing Condy's Fluid.

condy's Fluid, so that immediate steps may be taken to put a stop to such dishonest practices.

Chemists who are prepared to Purchase a £5 Parcel of CONDY'S FLUID

CONDY & MITCHELL, LIMITED, 67 & 68 TURNMILL STREET, E.C.

for <u>Special List</u> of best Wholesale terms, which are now allowed to Chemists ordering £5 worth.

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MAGNESIA GITRATE (1st Quality). We have reduced the price of our best Magnesia as follows:—In  $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and  $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. from 2/2 to 2/- per lb. In 7-lb. or  $4\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. per cwt. at 1/8 per lb., less usual discounts.

MAGNESIA CITRATE (2nd Quality). This is a first-rate article at a low price. It is made as carefully as our best, and will keep quite as well. Excellent for Chemists' own bottling. 1/3 per lb., less usual discount; per cwt. 1/- per lb. nett.

SALINE. Made either in powder or fine granules. This is an excellent preparation, made with the utmost care. Sold in bulk in 7 lbs. or  $4\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. at 1/3 per lb., less usual discount; per cwt. 1/- per lb. nett. Also in 8-cz. and 6-oz. capsuled stoppered bottles, plain or labelled, at 9/- per doz. and 7/3 per doz. nett; per gross 93/- and 80/- nett respectively. Special terms for large quantities.



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Price Lists Post Free on application. None genuine without this Trade Mark.

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KEPT IN LONDON, GLASGOW, AND DUBLIN.

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- GLASGOW: ", F. R. MUELLER & CO., 47 - DUBLIN: Mr. JOS. LECKY, 26 Eustace Street.

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A definite Chemical Compound, answering B.P. and all Official Tests.

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,, Rhæi Co., P.B	•••			,
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		-,-		
COUCH.				
164 Pulv. Ipecac. Co.; Pulv. Gum. Ammon. aa. gr. i	ss.;			- 1
Pulv Scillæ gr. i.; Saponis Hyspan. gr. ss	• • • •	Ta.	•••	ნ/⊸
167 Pulv. Ipecac.; Pulv. Scillæ aa. gr. 3; Pulv. Caps				
Pulv. Opii aa. gr. \(\frac{1}{4}\); Pulv. Gum. Ammon.; Ext. Co	ווטכ	8d.		5/6
	•••	ou.	•••	0/0
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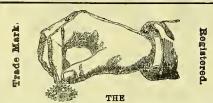
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Fig. 2.





Fig. 1.

Fig. 3.

Fig. 4.

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Liverpool, Dublin, Manchester, Glasgow, Hull, Cardiff, Bristol, Belfast, Barrow-in-Furness, Nottingham, Paris, Hamburg, &c.

#### Concerning Our Pills.

We beg to remind our agents that we sell two preparations-viz., Guy's Tonic and Guy's Fruit Pills. Nearly every Chemist now stocks and sells the Tonic, but we have found that many purchasers have experienced a difficulty in obtaining the Pills, as some Chemists only procure them to order. They are usually required in association with the Tonic to secure the best results, and instructions to this effect accompany each bottle of Guy's Tonic. It is quite evident, therefore, that wherever Guy's Tonic is in demand Guy's Fruit Pills will be inquired for. We ask you, then, in mutual interest, to hold a small stock to supply this certain need.

Guy's Tonic is sold Retail at 2/9 per Bottle, Guy's Fruit Pills at 1/11 and 2/9 per box.

For further information and trade terms, address Guy's Tonic Company,

4 Ludgate Circus,

London, E.C.

Retail Whelesale

### PATILIS

Certified as innocuous by eminent English and American Chemists.

C his now by the but he man		Ų	er doz.
Fer tinting Finger Tips, Face and Lips	2/6	••	18/-
POUDRE LUSTRALE.			
Gives a brilliant shell-like transparency to the Nails	2/6	-	18/-
ORÈME CAMÉLIA.			
Restores Rough and Chapped Skins to their original softness	9/4		10/-
	2/0	6-6	10/-
NAIL OLEATE.			
Preserves and gives a brilliant polish to the Nails, and prevents Hangnails, &c	1/6	**	10/6
CLEANSING FLUID.			
Instantly removes all stains from the surface and	0/0		701
naderneath the Nails	2/0	••	10/-
FACE AND HANDS LOTION.			
Softens the Skin and removes all discoloration	4/6	9-0	88/-

For bevelling the rough edges of the Nails after nse

ROARDS.

of the file ..... per box 1/-

#### ORANGE WOOD STICKS.

A valuable novelty introduced in Dr. Paul's system of Manioure to apply the "Cleansing Fluid" under the free margin of Nails, and thus avoid the danger of scratching with steel instruments, 7/- per dez. bundles.

CAUTION 1-Dr. Paul's Specialities can be obtained at all first-class Perfumers' and Chemists', but many imitations are offered at inferior Stores.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:

OSBORNE, CARRETT & CO., FRITH STREET, LONDON, W.C. 49

## SEASONABLE LINES FOR SUMMER & SEASIDE TRADE

CHECK SPONGE BAGS. BEST QUALITY.

Siz: 7×6 8×7 9×8 10×9 11×10 12×11 3 7/-8/6 10/-13/-Per doz. 4/6 56

SECOND OR THIN QUALITY. 6/3 5/6

INSECT-POWDER TINS

Fd. 7/9

FLESH GLOVES.

6d. In glass top boxes, per box.. 3/3 Per doz. 2/-• • 2/8 6d. No. 42, rough .. 2/3 .. 6d. Sahara 3/3 .. 6d. Eastbourue 3/3 ٠. 1/- Turco 4/6 1/- Super Turco .. 56 1/- Monte (arlo 5/6 1/- Victoria 6/-

SMELLING-SALT BOTTLES.



F. NEWBERY & SONS, Druggists' Sundriesmen, 1 & 3 King Edward St., London E.C.

We wish to draw the atteution of Ch great care and attention to this brancha
That our efforts in this direction bave been appreciated is proved by the number of unsolicited testimonials we have received from nearly every town in the country, of which the following is a specimen:—

GENTLEMEN,

The Pharmacy, Morecambe. Please send 5 gall. 56 op. as before. I have pleasure in saying I have always found your spirit answer all tests, which is more than I can say of all I have had from different places, and also to be practically tree from odour.

Messrs. Stephen Smith & Co.

Yours faithfully, JOSH. N. CUTTS, B.Sc., F.C.S.

#### SPECIALITY FOR PERFUMERY.

This pure grain spirit, which has been thrice rectified and filtered through charocal, is being largely used in making high-class Perfumes.

CO., BOW, æ LONDON,

0 <u>60</u>

PERFECTLY PURE. FIT FOR ANY PURPOSE.

ANDREW'S DISTRICTED BY ST ¥ 掛 49 CHERRENWELL SP

61 64

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Special Terms to Large Buyers.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

GLENALLAN SOLE PROPRIETORS THE FAMOUS PURE MALT Per doz. 42/= Per doz. Per doz. 42/- Per doz. THE CREAM OF SCOTCH BLENDS.

SPIRIT MERCHANTS, AND METHYLATORS, DISTILLERS, FOREIGN WINE AND ALLHALLOWS' LANE, & BARTHOLOMEW CLOSE, LONDON, E.C.

for S.V.R. Quotations Spirit Finish Methylated and FOR QUININE. ORANGE WINE

60 BURROUGH.

CALE ST., CHELSEA, S.W.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

## TOMBAREL FRERES

GRASSE

ALPES MARITIMES



FRANCE

## DISTILLERS OF ESSENTIAL OILS

Orange, Rose, and Elder Flower Waters,

MANUFACTURERS OF

#### FLOWIR POMADES, PERFUMED OILS, FLOWER EXTRACTS.

SPECIALITY OF THE HOUSE: CONCRETE FLOWER ESSENCES (ESSENTIAL OILS).

Special Products for Manufacturing Perfumers and Toilet Soap Makers.

## ALMOND AND OLIVE OILS.

PRICE

LIST O

ON APPLICATION.

Depot and Agency-BARLIN & FIELD, 16 MARK LANE, LONDON, E.C.

PURE FRENCH ESSENTIAL OILS

## SOZIO & ANDRIOLI,

(Alpes Maritimes) GRASSE (France).

[ESTABLISHED A.D. 1757.

**SPECIALITIES:** Neroly, Lavender, Geranium (twice rectified on Rose Flowers), Thyme (red and white), Spike Lavender, Rosemary, Patchouly, Sandal Wood, &c., &c.

ONLY MAKERS OF THE CELEBRATED ORRIS ROOT OIL, crystallizing at + 15° Reaumur.

Flowers Pomades at the highest possible Saturation. Best Brand for Orange Flowers and Rose Water.

Concentrated Essences, Sweet Almond Oil, &c. Stock kept in London.

London Agent—MR. FREDK. BOEHM, 4 CULLUM ST., E.C.

### Heinrich Haensel's TERPENELESS CONCENTRATED Non-Clouding

## OIL OF LEWON

Oleum Limonis sine terpeno (Heinrich Haensel).

Spec. gravity 0'9003 (vide Professor Dr. Geissler's report in 1881). Boiling point between 225° and 235° C. Absolutely soluble in diluted spirit. Purest and most powerful Aroma and Taste. Pre-eminently suitable for making Soluble Essence of Lemon, for which EVEN PROOF SPIRIT may be used. \(\frac{1}{4}\) drachm of Heinrich Haensel's Terpeneless Concentrated Non-Clouding Oil of 1 emon (dissolved in same quantity \(\frac{1}{4}\) drachm, alcohol 60 o.p. ) is more than sufficient to 1 gallon of Syrup of extra-superfine quality for making Lemonade of a remarkably pure and sweet Lemon bouquet.

CAUTION.—Beware of useless imitations which are being offered under similar names but are not completely free from terpene, and therefore of much less solubility and less value.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO

WILLIAM POPPELREUTER, 54 PORTLAND STREET, MANCHESTER.

51

## SPECIAL OFFERS.

## MARVELLOUS VALUE.

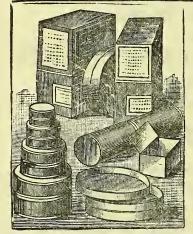
VANILLOES, 9s. and 12s. lb. TONQUIN BEANS, 2s. and 3s. 6d. lb. SENNA LEAVES, 1½d. lb. in 56-lb. bags. POWDERED ORRIS, 1s. 3d. lb., 120s. cwt. QUININE, 1s. oz., 100-oz. tins, 1ld. CAMPHOR (Refined), bells or flowers, 1s. 7½d. lb. GUM, good, strong, and thoroughly soluble, 6d. lb., 50s. cwt.

Above prices are Net Cash, ex our Warehouse, and subject to being Unsold. Other lines at proportionately low prices.

PRICE LIST FREE. SEND A TRIAL ORDER TO

G. VOGT & CO., WHOLESALE AND EXPORT DRUGGISTS, LONDON, E.C.

TELEGRAMS—"ALSACE LONDON."



## AUSTIN & CO.

Patentees and Manufacturers of FANCY CARD

## ROUND, OVAL, AND SQUARE SHAPED BOXES

FOR POSTAL AND GENERAL PURPOSES.

ALSO PATENT BARREL PACKAGES WITH METAL ENDS, FOR DRY GOODS,

Makers of best class of Violet Powder Boxes, and high-class goods of every description for Perfumery, &c.

8 GREVILLE ST., HATTON GARDEN, LONDON, E.C.

STEAM WORKS, 2 PRINTER'S BUILDINGS.

[2]

#### THE WANT OF THE DAY!

NO MORE SOFT LINEN WHEN STARCHED.

Used in the Royal Laundries.

Should be used in Every House.

The Greatest Boon ever offered to the Laundress for imparting an IVORY-FINISH to Starched Linen, Laces, &c. It does not stick to spider-web-like materials.

CRITCHLEYS STARCHCLOSS

Once Tried, Always Wanted.

Makes Old Linen like New.

From the Chief Laundress to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales:—West Newton, near Lynn, Norfolk, Aug. 29, 1879. Sirs,—Having tried your "Starch Gloss," I certainly think it a great improvement—far superior to any I have tried. Yours truly, To Mr. CRITCHLEY. E. ELDER.

Sold by Chemists and Druggists, Grocers, Oilmen, &c., in Packets at 1d., 3d., 6d., and 1s. each.

CRITCHLEY, CHEMIST AND WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, BLACKBURN.
LONDON DEPOT-2 BEECH STREET, E.C.

AS A POLISH THE CLEANEST, BRIGHTEST, AND BEST.

## PYN-KA

THE POLISHING TABLET (Unsurpassed). AWARDED GOLD MEDAL.

Cleans with a Brilliant Polish Brass, Copper, Silver, Gold, White and other Metal, Electroware, Glassware, and other domestic articles. For Restaurants, Hotels, Bars, and Bicyclists.

TESTIMONIAL FROM A LADY.—"Your 'PYN KA' Sample is the best I have tried, and we shall use no other cleaning preparation in our house. It will, I am convinced, supersede all other Polishing Pastes."

For Wholesale Terms apply to THE PYN-KA SYNDICATE, LIMITED, 41 LORD ST., LIVERPOOL. 52



PROVISIONAL PATENT, No. 1111.

The most sensible pattern yet brought out, as it won't break! 3/6 dozen carded.

The Chemist and Druggist says: - "Messrs. Shirley claim that it is so strong that if accidentally dropped it does not break—an assertion of which we have proved the correctness by repeatedly dropping the cone upon the floor from a height of 6 or 7 feet. The cone shape, in which Menthol is generally made, easily breaks, and much of it is therefore wasted, whereas the rolling-pin shape may be used right up to centre."

Above evidence is sufficient to show this is the best shape yet brought out.

WONDERFUL VALUE!

1 dozen on a Card, 2/ dozen.

The Tonic Cup is almost unknown to the bulk of the public. but would readily sell if produced at a reasonable price, and in a form "to catch the eye." We have endeavoured to do this, and to create a trade in what should be much more widely known.

Full directions as to its uses, &c., on card and cups.

## FTIFNNES PERFUMES.

1d. Tubes		•		•••	8/ gross.
2d. Bottles			• • •		14/ ,,
3d. Sprinklers				•••	2/ doz.
	(All a	oove car	ded)		
6d. Ring Bottles, s			•••	•••	4/ doz.
$6d. \frac{1}{2}$ oz. Essences,			•••	•••	3/9 ,,
$6d. \frac{1}{2}$ oz. ,,	capped	• • • •	•••	•••	3/6 ,,
6d. ½ oz. Lundborg			• • •	***	3/6 ,
1s. Lundborg's stop	ppered, 1	cz	•••	•••	8/ "
2 oz. "			•••	•••	13/ "
4 oz. ",			•••	• • •	24/ ,,
1 oz. Fancy Bottles			•••	•••	8/ "
1 oz. Heavy Esseno		opper		•••	8/ ,,
1d. Eau de Cologne	e			•••	8/ gross.
3d. Eau de Cologne	···	•••	•••	•••	$1/10 \mathrm{doz}$ .

### SMELLING BOTTLES, SPRAYS, AND

ODORATORS

AT FABULOUS PRICES.

SPECIALLY

ATTRACTIVE

SMELLING SALTS.

As we require the space our stock of these goods takes up for manufacturing purposes, we are selling off at extra-ordinary low prices.

For 20/- postal order, we send 23/- goods.

#### ALL CAPITAL GOOD SELLING PATTERNS

WATCHES, TOILETS, &c.

When ordering, mention selling prices, as a guide in choosing. SATISFACTION CERTAIN.

No. 328.—Flask shape, assorted colours, metal screw cap

16- gross empty, 21- filled. Ncs. 308-9, 324.—Assorted fancy stoppered watches, boxed charming goods—39/- gross empty, 48/- filled.

No. 1.—Watch shape, screw metal cap, I dozen in a box,

2/- doz., 20/- gross, 18/- cash with order, filled.

No. 186.—Flat china bottle, filled with Everfresh Salts, carded; empty 24/- gross, filled 30/- gross.

1d. Oval, carded, wonderful value, 8/- gross. Special price in quantity.

SHIRLEY'S SPRING LIST SENT POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

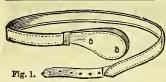
ARTHUR W. SHIRLEY, 55 Farringdon Road, LONDON, E.C.



YOU BUY TURNED WOOD GOO

BOX& CO., STEAM TURNERS, 84 GT. SUFFOLK ST., BLACKFRIARS, S.E.

Wholesale Houses and Large Buyers liberally treated.



ESTABLISHED 1830.





The Best and Cheapest Trusses of all kinds in the Wholesale and Export Market are manufactured by

## LINIDSJEY &

ELASTIC STOCKINGS, SUSPENDERS, AND SURGICAL BANDAGES OF ALL KINDS.

WHOLESALE AND EXPORT. THE LARGEST SHIPPERS ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST POST FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

STREET. LUDGATE GRACECHURCH HILL, and 40

ABSORBENT COTTON LINTS. FLAX LINTS, ROLL BANDAGES. COTTON WOOLS.



**GAMGEE TISSUE**"

(Patent Absorbent Gauze and Cotton Wool) AND

All kinds of antiseptic

DRESSINGS.

TRADE MARK (REGISTERED). MANUFACTURED

BY Wheat Bridge Mills, CHESTERFIELD. ROBINSON & SONS, COTTON SPINNERS, WEAVERS. And BLEACHERS,

And 55 Fann Street, Aldersgate Street. I.ONDON, E.C.

#### VINCENT WOOD.

Bonâ-fide Makers of High-class

Trusses, Abdominal Belts, Chest - expanding Braces, Riding Belts, Suspensory Bandages, Galvano-Electric Belts, Corsets, & Appliances, Magnetic ditto, Chest Protectors, & Surgical Appliances.

THE CHEAPEST, BEST, & LARGEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE. Circu ars, Statuettes, &c , supplied Free.

3 St. Andrew's St., Holborn Circus

(Adjoins Church),

LONDON, E.C. Estab. 1840. Telegrams—"Acme London." New Brace and Belt com-bined, for Youths & Gents.

7 Mark Lane, London, E.C.

FOSSI OR

INFUSORIAL

(KIESELGUHR).

RAW, CALCINATED, AND WASHED, the PUREST OFFERED, as every parcel is analysed by an Analytical Chemist.

Samples and Quotations on application.

in London or direct from the Works.

GOOD AND CHEAP.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN THE PRICES

THE NEW SHAPE FLATS, WITH ROUNDED EDGES. OR THE

ORDINARY SHAPE.

3 & 4 oz. 6 & 8 oz. Plain or Graduated 8s. 6d. " CRYSTAL BLUE TINTED-HANDSOME COLOUR.

3 & 4 oz. 6 & 8 oz. Plain or Graduated 9s. 0d. per Gross.

WHITE MOULDED PHIALS.

1 oz., 3s. 9d.; 1\( \) oz., 4s. 6d.; 2 oz., 5s. 3d. per Gross.
PLAIN OR GRADUATED TEA SPOONS.

MINERAL WATER BOTTLES,
Plain or Stoppered, at Lowest Market Prices.

I. ISAACS & CO., Glass Bottle Manufacturers, 25 Francis St., Tottenham Court Rd., LONDON.

\*\*Rstablished 50 Years.\*\* Bankers\_London and Westminster Bank



## GLASS BOTTLES.

TO WHOLESALE AND EXPORT BUYERS.

DISPENSING BOTTLES of best quality, in White Flint or all the best and newest tints. VIALS.—White Flint or Coloured, in all shapes and sizes.

FEEDING BOTTLES.—Plain mouths or Screw Stoppers, in White or Green Flint. LIME CREAMS AND KALIS of all sizes. ESSENCE

BOTTLES of every description, Plain or Stoppered. MALT EXTRACT BOTTLES, in Actinic Green, Amber, Dark Blue, or White Flint.

TO FOREIGN AND COLONIAL BUYERS.

Having recently erected spacious Warehouses, we are enabled to give special attention to packing Goods for Export. Only experienced Packers employed.

E. A. HEARN & CO., WHOLESALE & EXPORT CLASS BOTTLE MANUFACTURERS, LONDON, E.

R. H. BARRETT,
Flint Glass Bottle Works,

99 THE OVAL, CAMBRIDGE HEATH, LONDON, E.

For Beauty, Cheapness, and Efficiency R. H. BARRETT'S

## WATCH SMELLING-SALT BOTTLES

EXCEL ALL OTHERS IN THE MARKET.

The Caps are all fitted with INDESTRUCTIBLE WASHERS, to resist the action of Ammonia and retain the strength of the Salts.

Price, assorted white and coloured, 10/6 per gross (in 5-gross lots).

Chemists' and Perfumers' Bottles in great variety, Plain or Stoppered

Telegraphic Address-"FOREFRONT LONDON." [1]

Registered Trade Mark.

BEST FLINT DISPENSING BOTTLES, WHITE, BLUE, OR GREEN TINT, AMBER AND ALL OTHER COLOURS.



Number 26866.

HAND MADE SHOP-ROUNDS.

OPAL, FLINT, AND
TURQUOISE BOXES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN
TO PROPRIETARY
BOTTLES.

Owing to the steady and continuous increase in their business, and especially the enormous influx of trade they have experienced from Home and Colonial buyers during the last two or three years, the Proprietors of the above Brand of all shaped Dispensing and other Bottles have just completed an enlargement of their Works, which are now doubled in size, and capable of turning out very large quantities of Bottles at shortest notice.

The "W" Brand productions can be obtained only through Wholesale London Houses.

Write for revised Price List of Dispensing Bottles, &c.

SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.

Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

### E. YOULDON,

EAST LONDON GLASS BOTTLE WAREHOUSE,

36, 38, & 40 Great Garden Street.

WHITECHAPEL, LONDON, E.

55

## STICKY FLY PAPERS.

## WARNING.

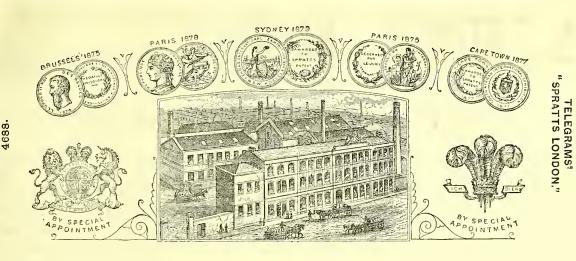
MESSRS. TUNBRIDGE & WRIGHT, READING, desire to warn Chemists and Dealers against persons who may represent and offer to print and sell Sticky Fly Papers with names of purchasers to be spread by Tunbridge & Wright. £5 REWARD will be paid to any person giving information which will lead to the detection and punishment by process of law of such misrepresentations. Messrs. Tunbridge & Wright are the originators of the process and machinery, and are the sole vendors of the "FLY CEMETERY," duly protected by Letters Patent. All Infringers will be at once proceeded against. Buy only the "FLY CEMETERY."

Information as to Infringements may be given to

Messrs. MANN & TAYLOR, Solicitors, 109 New Oxford Street, London.



TELEPHONE NUMBER



MEMO FROM

## SPRATT'S PATENT LIMITED

MANUFACTURERS %

Henry Street, BERMONDSEY STONDON, July 2nd, 1892.

#### POULTRY AND GAME REARING.

Gentlemen,

Kindly draw your customers' attention to the fact that we now manufacture our Game Meal of three different Grades—

Fine, Medium, and Coarse.

We have also introduced a

CHICKEN MEAL,

specially for rearing Chicks from the Shell.

It is on the same successful lines as our Poultry Meal, being, like it, a Cooked Food.

Write for Samples of all our articles, so much in demand just now for Rearing.

Yours faithfully,

### SPRATTS PATENT LIMITED.

## A "STORES" CAUGHT!

Mr. JUSTICE STIRLING.—October 30, 1891.

### KEATING v. KIBBLE & CO.

THE Defendants are Proprietors of large Stores at Deptford, and when asked for "Keating's Powder," sold by their shopmen an article not made by me. The Defendants denied that this was done with their knowledge, and this may be conceded, but it cost them over £40, although in this instance I pressed my Solicitors to be as considerate to them as possible. The Court ordered the Defendants to pay the whole costs of the action, and issued an injunction restraining them from offering for sale any preparation other than that prepared by Thomas Keating under the name of "Keating's Insect Powder."

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

12 Bride Lane, London, E.C., March 15, 1892.

WHEREAS I have reason to believe that certain persons have sold to Customers Packets of what they represent to be KEATING'S INSECT POWDER, which Powder has not been manufactured by me, I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I shall institute Legal Proceedings against persons found to be improperly selling any but Keating's Insect Powder to customers asking for it, which action renders them liable to very heavy penalties.

THOMAS KEATING.

## A CHEMIST.—HEAVY DAMAGES.

In the Migh Court of Justice—Chancery Division. Mr. JUSTICE NORTH—October 26, 1886.

### KEATING v. POLL.

#### IT WAS ORDERED-

That the Defendant be perpetually restrained from stating or causing to be stated that Keating's Persian Insect Destroying Powder contains any substance poisonous to animals or human beings, or from making any statement to the effect that such Powder is dangerous to animals or human beings.

#### IT WAS FURTHER ORDERED-

That the Defendant, William Sheppard Poll, do pay to the Plaintiffs their costs of this action.

#### PRICES. REDUCTION

## THE DURAPLASTIC COATED HORSE BA

Elegant Veterinary Pharmacy.



Elegant Veterinary Pharmacy.

#### FLETCHER'S PATENT.

No. 4.—Alterative	Balls, 2/ per doz.
R Aloes Barb. Antim. Tart. Saponis	Per gross 1½ dram 20/ 1 dram 2 drams
Mass. Commun. Q.S	•
No. 22.—Anodyne	Balls, 4/6 per doz.
R. Pulv. Opii	1 dram 45/

Chloral. Hydrat. Ammon. Carb. Mass. Commun. Q.S.	1 dram 2 drams
No. 5.—Astringent	Balls, 2/ per doz.

No. 5.—Astringent	Balls, 2/ per doz.
R Ext. Catechu	1 dram 20/
Pulv. Cinnamomi	1 dram
Mass. Commun. Q.S.	

No. 12.—Condition	Balls, 2/ per doz.
R. Aloes Barb	1½ dram 20
Antim. Tart	½ dram
Potass. Nit	dram
Antim. Snlph	1 dram
Puly. Resinæ	l dram
" Pip. Cayenne	1 scruple
" Gentian	1 dram
Sapo. Mollis	1 dram
Therisoes OS.	

No. 23.—Condition Balls, 2/ per doz Formula as No. 12. Aloes omitted. 20/

No. 6.—Cordial	Balls, 2,	per doz	5.
R. Pulv. Zingib	3	drams	20/
", Gentian	3	drams	
Theriacea, Q S.			

No. 7.—Cough	Balls, 2/ per doz.	
R. Aloes Barb	1 dram 20	/
Pulv. Digitalis	½ dram	
Potass. Nit	2 drams	
Mass. Commun. O.	S.	

No. 16Coug	h	Balls,	2/	per doz.	
Ext. Belladon.				dram	20
Aloes Barb.	٠.		1	dram	

Aloes Barb. Potass, Nit.	••	••		dram drams	
Mass. Commun.	Q.S.	••	-		
No. 17 Com	-b T	0 - 11.	,	/ man 3 a a	

R Ext. Belladon	••	½ dram	20/
Camphoræ		½ dram	
Pulv. Digitalis		dram d	
Potass. Nit.		2 drams	
Mass. Commun. Q.S.			

#### No. 21.-Cough Balls (Chlorodyne)

3/3 per doz	Z.	
R Chlorodynum		
Ext. Belladonnæ		
Oamphore	½ dram	

Daar Sirs,-I beg to say that the Duraplastic Ball-supplied to me by your firm answer all the advantages claimed for

I am, yours faithfully, J. F. SIMPSON, F.R.C.V.S.

#### Grantham Veterinary Infirmary.

I have much pleasure in certifying that I have used Wyleys & Co.'s Patent Duraplastic Horse Balls for some considerable time. I have found them universally efficacious, pleasant to administer, quick in action, and in every way preferable to the old-fashioned paper-covered bolus of our forefathers

BEN. H. RUSSELL, F.R.O.V.S.

#### Stratford-on-Avon.

Sirs,—I can testify to the thorough therapeutic action of your patent Duraplastic Balls, and I prefer them to the old-fashioned balls on account of their easiness to deliver to the patient, and also of their remaining of the proper consistency, which I consider most beneficial.

I am, Sirs, yours truly,

JNO. JAS. CROWHURST, M.R.C.V.S.L.

#### Hertford Street, Coventry.

Dear Sirs,—I think the Duraplastic Horse Balls a very good invention. They save no end of trouble, and are always clean, keep well, and act satisfactorily. The Pbysic Balls I find very reliable. You asked me some time ago about some Pbysic Balls, and as I have not had occasion to blame any I have nsed for non-acting, I thought I would just mention the fact.

Yours faithfully, WM. DALE, M.R.C.V.S.

#### From T. Blakeway & Son,

Veterinary Surgeons, Stourbridge.

Dear Sirs,-We should be obliged if you would kindly forward us at your earliest converience five gross of your Patent Dura-plastic Physic Balls. The coating of these balls we consider a passing rayser balls. The costing of these balls we consider a very elegant preparation, and from its smoothness, coupled with the shape in which the balls themselves are made up, we find them particularly easy of administration, and the chances of their being coughed back are reduced to a minimum.

Faithfully yours,

JAMES BLAKEWAY.

#### West Bromwich.

Gentlemen.—I have been using your Duraplastic Horse Balls for several months, and am very pleased with them. I find that to a single-handed practitioner they are invaluable.

Yours truly,
HARVEY COLLETT, M.R.C.V.S.

No. 8. – Diureti	e Balls	. 1/9 doz. Per gross.
Pulv. Resin		drams 18/
Sapo. Q.S.		2

9.—Fever Ball	ls.	2/ doz.	
		- ½ dram	20/
Campboræ Potass, Nit.	::	dram 2 drams	
Mass. Commun. O.S.			

Aloes Barb	4	drams	20/
No. 2.—Physic	Balls.	2/6 doz.	
Aloes Barb	5	drams	25/
No. 3.—Physic	Balls.	2/9 doz.	
Aloes Barb	6	drams	27
No. 18.—Physic	Balls.	3/ doz.	
Aloes Barb	7	drams	30/

No. 1.-Physic Balls. 2/doz.

No. 19-Phys	ie	Ba	118	١.	3/6	doz.	
Aloes Barb.				8	dra	ms	36/
No. 15.—Stimul	ati:	ng	В	a11	ls.	2/ d	oz.

R Ammon. Carb.			drams	20/
Aloes Barb.			dram	
Pulv. Gentian.			drams	
" Zingib. Camphoræ	 • •		dram	
Camphoræ	 • •	1/2	dram	
Theriaceæ, Q.S.				

#### No. 24.—Stimulating Balls. 2/doz. Formula as No. 15. Aloes omitted 20/

No. 10.—Tonic B	али	3. Z/ doz.	
R. Ferri Snlph. Pur.	••	1½ dram	20/
Pulv. Zingib		l} dram	
Ext. Gentian	• •	2 drams	
Mass. Commun. O.S.			

No. 11Ton	ie	Balls	١.	1/9 doz.	
Cupri Sulph				dram	18/
Puly. Zingib.			1	dram	

#### No. 20.-Tonic Balls (Quinine).

R Quininæ Sulph			27
Ferri Sulph. Pur.	••	1½ dram	
Pulv. Zingib		1½ dram	
Ext. Gentian	• •	2 drams	
Mass. Commun. Q.S.			

No.	13. – <b>W</b>	orm	Ball	в.	2/6 doz	
Calor					scr	25/
	Barb.			3	árams	
Mass.	Commu	n.O.S.				

No. 14Worm	Balls.	5/ doz.	
R Aloes Barb		drams	50/
Ferri Sulph		drams	
Antim. Tart		drams	
Ol. Filicis Maris	1	dram	
Syrup. Q.S.			

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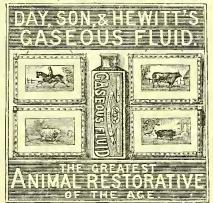
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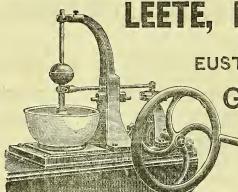
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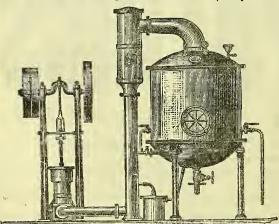
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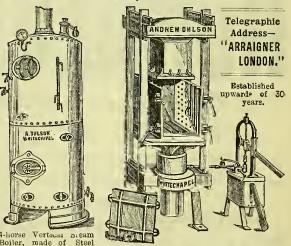
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